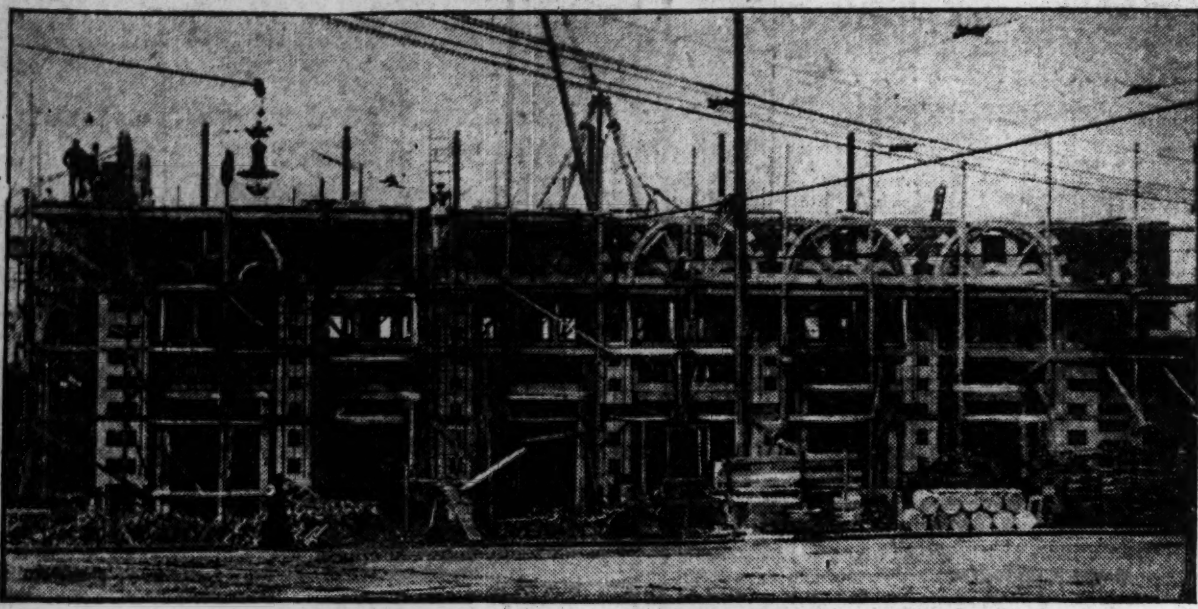


## CAMBRIDGE FIRE STATION DONE JAN. 1



Headquarters in Inman square now up to the third story

INTERNAL HOME  
RULE PROPOSED  
FOR ULSTERMEN

Sir Edward Grey Says Government Is Prepared to Give Province Control of Education, Police and Appointments

## SPEAKS AT BERWICK

Special Cable to the  
Monitor from its  
European Bureau

LONDON—Speaking yesterday at Berwick, Sir Edward Grey made a notable contribution toward the home rule controversy. After declaring that the government would insist on the principle of the bill and that if violence was exerted against it, it would be met by violence, he explained that it was a part of the inevitable great devolution scheme for giving home rule in turn to Scotland and England. At the same time he declared that short of sacrificing the absolute principle of the bill the government were prepared to go to almost any length to secure settlement by consent.

If, he explained, Ulster was seriously afraid of what would happen under the new bill, the government was prepared to give her local autonomy: in other words a sort of home rule within home rule by permitting her to have control within the province of education, police and administrative appointments.

Sir Edward spoke with the greatest earnestness and declared that the government was absolutely serious in its offer, that if their opponents in Ulster were equally serious arrangements might be hoped for, only each must give the other credit for the same seriousness.

The phrase "home rule within home rule" is capable, of course, of extraordinary latitude, and it is possible that it has fallen to Sir Edward Grey to make the first proposal on lines advocated by the prime minister on which settlement may be found possible. In any case it is the first attempt at a constructive policy by a leading minister since the publication of Lord Loreburn's famous letter, and probably the proposal will play a great part in the negotiations of the next few months.

SPAIN'S PREMIER  
SELECTS MINISTRY  
WITH DIFFICULTY

Special Cable to the  
Monitor from its  
European Bureau

LONDON—Senor Dato has succeeded in forming a Conservative ministry in Madrid. The refusal of Senor Mañá to assist him and his departure from the capital made the task of the new premier particularly difficult. It is understood that the new cabinet will carry on the policy of the Liberals respecting the French entente.

GIOLITTI VICTORY  
OUTLOOK IN ITALY

Special Cable to the  
Monitor from its  
European Bureau

LONDON—Reports of the Italian elections are as yet only fragmentary, but they portend a large majority for Signor Giolitti.

GREATER PARIS PLANS GOING  
BEFORE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Extending Boundaries to Cover Territory Six Times Larger Is Proposition of Prefect Delanney, Who Would Demolish Fortifications, Give Broad Avenues

Special Cable to the  
Monitor from its  
European Bureau

LONDON—A scheme originated by M. Delanney, prefect of the Seine, is to be submitted to the Paris municipal council.

This proposal is to form a greater Paris some six times larger than the present city. The inner fortifications are to be removed and arrangements made to extend the municipal boundaries so

Now that the construction work on the new \$50,000 central fire station at Inman square, Cambridge, has advanced to about the third story some definite idea of what the appearance of the building will be may be obtained. White squares running at intervals up the high columns and round the arches above serve to relieve the dark red background of the facade. Until nearly three weeks ago work on the structure continued practically without interruption, but the unfavorable conditions that set in prevented the builders from continuing operations. In a few weeks the exterior will be far enough forward to allow of the interior work being done and it is expected that the building will be completed by Jan. 1, 1914.

LONDON P. & O.  
SERVICE OFFICERS  
QUIT THEIR WORK

About Thirty Men Make Demand for Better Pay and Ask Other Concessions

Special Cable to the  
Monitor from its  
European Bureau

LONDON—Some 30 officers of the P. & O. service have ceased work, demanding better pay and other concessions. The officers are members of the merchant service guild and the secretary of the steamship company declares that the directors at present intend to take no further steps unless the officers discharge themselves.

Owing to the demand for berths on the large liners it is considered that the company will find no difficulty in replacing the officers should they resign.

JAPANESE SEEKS  
SCHOOLING HERE

From a young Japanese, George Furnya, living at Thirty-sixth and L streets, South Omaha, Neb., the superintendent of Boston's public schools has received a letter asking for work in or near Boston that will help support the youth so that he can attend high school.

SUPREME COURT PROMISES  
EARLY NEW HAVEN HEARING

Judge Loring Sets Date for Road's Answer to Appeal of Former Governor Bulkeley Against Right of Public Service Board to Approve Bond Issue

So soon as the answers of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company are filed on or before Friday of next week the date for a hearing will be set, said Judge Loring of the supreme court today, when former Mayor Nathan Matthews and James F. Jackson, representing former Gov. Morgan G. Bulkeley of Connecticut and others, made a motion for an order of notice to the defendant to show cause why the prayer of their petition should not be granted.

The petition asked for a review of the action of the public service commission in approving an issue of convertible bonds to the amount of \$67,532,000 and 675,520 additional shares of capital stock.

Mr. Matthews said he desired to have the case determined speedily.

Charles F. Choate, Jr., counsel for the

GEN. FELIX DIAZ  
TAKES REFUGE  
ON U. S. GUNBOAT

Mexican Police Arrest American Companion of Presidential Candidate Whereupon Latter at Once Seeks Protection

## OTHERS GO ON BOARD

VERACRUZ—Gen. Felix Diaz today was under American protection on the United States gunboat Wheeling. General Diaz applied for protection to Consul Canada during the night, following the arrest by Mexican police of L. Blum, an American, who accompanied General Diaz from Havana and has been with him since he arrived in Veracruz.

Cecilia Ocon and Jose Sandoval, friends of General Diaz, and Alexander Willis, a newspaper man, also asked for protection and were put on the Wheeling.

John Lind, President Wilson's special envoy in Mexico, today was making an investigation of Sunday's election and will make a report to Washington.

WASHINGTON—Gen. Felix Diaz, a refugee on an American warship in Veracruz harbor, will never be surrendered to the Mexican authorities. This was made certain this afternoon when Secretary of State Bryan through the navy department requested Admiral Fletcher to find out from General Diaz where he desired to go. He will be taken to some neutral point on an American warship so that he can seek permanent asylum without molestation.

A long cipher message was received by Secretary Bryan from Special Envoy John Lind at Veracruz. Its contents were not made public. It is known, however, that it recited in detail all of (Continued on page nine, column seven)

WASHINGTON—Gen. Felix Diaz, a refugee on an American warship in Veracruz harbor, will never be surrendered to the Mexican authorities. This was made certain this afternoon when Secretary of State Bryan through the navy department requested Admiral Fletcher to find out from General Diaz where he desired to go. He will be taken to some neutral point on an American warship so that he can seek permanent asylum without molestation.

SUPREME COURT PROMISES  
EARLY NEW HAVEN HEARING

Judge Loring Sets Date for Road's Answer to Appeal of Former Governor Bulkeley Against Right of Public Service Board to Approve Bond Issue

So soon as the answers of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company are filed on or before Friday of next week the date for a hearing will be set, said Judge Loring of the supreme court today, when former Mayor Nathan Matthews and James F. Jackson, representing former Gov. Morgan G. Bulkeley of Connecticut and others, made a motion for an order of notice to the defendant to show cause why the prayer of their petition should not be granted.

The petition asked for a review of the action of the public service commission in approving an issue of convertible bonds to the amount of \$67,532,000 and 675,520 additional shares of capital stock.

Mr. Matthews said he desired to have the case determined speedily.

Charles F. Choate, Jr., counsel for the

company, said he was ready to expedite everything and would file an answer for the company on or before Friday of next week.

Attorney-General Swift entered an appearance for the public service commission, whose members are named as defendants to the petition. He said he was willing to abide by anything agreeable to the other parties.

Charles S. Ensign and Angelina Ensign, stockholders of the company, join in the petition with Mr. Bulkeley. They contend that the commission could not legally approve the bond issue, in view of the outstanding and contingent liabilities of the corporation which was not taken into consideration in fixing the amount of the issue. They objected to the approval of the stock issue on the ground that no sufficient notice of the application for the same was given and that no public hearings were had on it.

Under the law creating the commission the supreme court is vested with power to review, modify or amend any of its orders, so far as the same may be found to be unlawful.

BRITAIN'S POSTAL  
HEAD PROFITED BY  
TRIP TO AMERICA

Special Cable to the  
Monitor from its  
European Bureau

LONDON—Herbert Samuel, postmaster general, has returned from Canada and the United States.

In the course of an interview he declared that he had gained valuable information regarding telephone systems.

EXPRESS MANAGER  
SAYS PARCEL POST  
HAS CUT BUSINESS

At Hearing Before Public Service Board Official Declares 40 Per Cent of Trade Is Taken

Claiming that the new parcel post had cut into the express business to such an extent that there was hardly sufficient trade to warrant the present service, Edward B. Reynolds, manager of the Byam Express Company, today objected before the public service commission to the petition of the Canton Auto-Express Company for the use of cars on the passenger trains between Boston and Canton daily at 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. The petitioners sought this privilege because they claim auto service is unsatisfactory in the winter.

There were but two commissioners present, George W. Bishop, who presided, and Everett E. Stone, the other three being in Washington, where they are attending the annual convention of the National Association of Railroad Commissioners.

Mr. Reynolds, in continuing his testimony, said that 40 per cent of the express business had been taken away by the parcel post and that what remained was gradually dwindling. If the services of another company were enlisted in this traffic some of the firms would necessarily have to be closed.

Ralph J. McKay also represented the Byam Company and expressed similar views.

Four Adams Express Company officials with their attorney, Frank W. Milton, appeared against the petition. J. W. Ayer, superintendent of the New England district for the Adams Express, maintained that any addition to the number of firms doing business would be detrimental to both passenger and freight service.

Henry McChord of the Dennis Express Company, also objected to the granting of the petition on the ground that there was hardly a train that left the depot which did not contain some express goods. The service was adequate, he said, and there was no need to extend it.

NEED OF NEW FISH  
PIER SHOWN BY  
CROWDING CRAFT

Never has the need of the new fish pier been felt more keenly than it is today. Monday there were 24 fishing vessels at T. wharf and adjacent piers. Today a fleet of 18 more arrived with a few additional stragglers. All these vessels were clustered about T. wharf, the Eastern Packet pier and Commercial wharf.

When the Plant line steamer A. W. Perry, Captain Hawes, neared her berth at Commercial wharf from Charlotte town, Hawkesbury and Halifax, N. S., at 6 a. m. the fishing vessels prevented her from pushing into her proper place. It was nearly two hours later that she finally tied up and a gang plank was lowered. The Perry brought 69 passengers and one of the largest cargoes brought here this season from Halifax. Most of the freight was fish, and mackerel predominated.

The Perry was held at Halifax until late Sunday. She was expected to berth at 10 Monday night.

SUPREME COURT  
UPHOLDS ACTION  
OF HOLYOKE HEAD

A petition filed by Hugh McLean of Holyoke against Mayor John J. White of that city for a writ of mandamus to compel the latter to approve a contract awarded by the school committee to McLean Bros. to furnish furniture for the Highland grammar school was dismissed by the full bench of the supreme court today.

The price of the contract was \$3000. The mayor refused to approve the action of the committee in giving the contract to the petitioner's firm on the ground that it was in violation of the city charter.

The full court holds that the object of the petition is to control the conduct of the respondent touching a matter resting in substantial measure on sound judgment as to administration of city affairs, so a writ of mandamus does not lie.

STEAMER HAMBURG  
SAILS TAKING 12,000  
BARRELS APPLES

The Hamburg-American line steamship Hamburg, for Hamburg and English channel ports, making her first sailing from Boston today, was more than one hour late, taking in her holds from Commonwealth pier, South Boston, 12,000 barrels of apples. The liner was completely filled, other shipments including 64,000 bushels of wheat, 200 tons asbestos, 300 tons flour and 600 tons provisions.

ARTICULATED CAR  
SERVICE ENLARGED

About a dozen articulated cars, which have but recently been introduced on the lines of the Boston Elevated railway, have just started a new spare-time service in the business districts of the city. During rush hours these articulated electric cars operate over two routes, starting from the Ashmont-Milton car barns.

LEADERS VARY  
ON MAGENIS'  
MAYORAL PLAN

Officers Discuss Proposal of Citizen Who Withdrew His Name From Consideration by Municipal League Nominators

CARDS  
CONSIDERED

While the name of James P. Magenis of the Boston finance commission has been officially withdrawn as he requested from the list of prospective mayoralty candidates who are being considered by the advisory committee of the Citizens Municipal League, and his proposed change in procedure referred to the executive committee, the opinions of (Continued on page nine, column one)

CHAS. LARNED GIVES \$68,000  
TO PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

Town of Oxford Receives \$10,000 to Provide Entertainment for the People—Tuskegee Normal and Congregational Church Receive as Much More From Will

A gift of \$10,000 to the town of Oxford for public entertainment on interesting, useful and instructive subjects, which are to be non-sectarian, is made by Charles Larned in his will filed in the probate office today.

In addition to this bequest he makes others, in all aggregating \$68,000, to public institutions. He leaves \$10,000 each to the trustees of the Tuskegee Normal and Agricultural Institute at Tuskegee, Ala., the trustees of the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute of Hampton, Va., and the First Congregational church at Oxford.

He gave \$5000 each to the Home for Little Wanderers, Home for Aged Couples, Perkins Institution, Boston Y.

HOLLIS GODFREY  
IS MADE HEAD OF  
DREXEL INSTITUTE

Boston Expert on Municipal Engineering Is Appointed President of Philadelphia School

Hollis Godfrey of Boston has been appointed to the presidency of the Drexel Institute of Art, Science and Industry at Philadelphia. In recent years he has been giving his attention to municipal engineering and industrial cleanliness and about a year ago was selected by Mayor Blankenburg of Philadelphia for chief of the bureau of lighting.

Mr. Godfrey had his primary education in Lynn and received his preparatory education at the Lynn classical high school. He entered Tufts College and obtained the degree of Ph. B. in 1895. He did post-graduate work at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology from 1896 to 1898. He accepted the position of principal of the high school in Needham



HOLLIS GODFREY  
New president Drexel Institute, Philadelphia

and was for a time head of the natural science work in the Boston School of Practical Arts.

Mr. Godfrey is a member of Phi Beta Kappa, Theta Delta Chi and of Tufts College board of visitors, the Technology Club in Boston and the Winchester Country Club.

In 1908 Mr. Godfrey wrote a novel entitled "The Man Who Ended War," a text-book on "The New Chemistry," and has written many articles to newspapers and magazines on cleanliness of cities.

BROOKLINE LIGHT  
JUBILEE TO HAVE  
STREETS RESERVED

White Way to Be Kept Free of Cars During Illumination—Pictures and Music Arranged

The Business Men's Association of Brookline announces completed plans for the celebration to be held at the turning on of the lights in Harvard square, Nov. 3, at 8 o'clock.

There will be uniform decoration along the entire "white way," a motion picture screen will be placed on the Kenrick Brothers building, the band will be placed at the corner of Washington street, by the Rhodes Brothers building, after having led the parade down the line of lights; the Business Men's Association will have its headquarters on Davis avenue, at the rear of Paine's new store; the selectmen have agreed to rope off the lighted space and street cars will not run over the roped off streets during the time of the celebration.

JAMES LARKIN  
IS SENTENCED  
FOR SEDITION

Dublin Strike Leader Found Not Guilty of Inciting to Riot or of Larceny. Makes James Connolly Director Temporarily

## DUE TO IMPRISONMENT

Temporary Transfer of His Authority Announced Before Trial, When Priests' Charge of Proselytizing Is Denied

Special Cable to the  
Monitor from its  
European Bureau

LONDON—The Monitor's correspondent in Dublin telegraphs that the trial of James Larkin before Justice Madden was begun and completed yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of guilty on the first charge of sedition; not guilty on the second and third charges of inciting to riot and larceny.

The accused, addressing the court, declared that the evidence was based on that of one witness in a crowd of 8000 people and that the shorthand writer's notes were entirely incorrect.

The judge, in passing sentence, declared that the prisoner had brought terrible responsibility upon himself and that he must go to prison for seven months.

The Monitor correspondent, describing the scene in court, declares that the statements in the papers that Larkin lounged into court late are entirely incorrect. He arrived very hurriedly barely a moment after the court had assembled and had evidently no intention of keeping it waiting. He was evidently perfectly prepared for sentence and had already made arrangements for handing over the temporary leadership of the movement to James Connolly.

On the eve of the trial there was a great meeting of some 5000 to 6000 people in Phoenix park, where Larkin was greeted with immense applause. It was here he announced that from the following day Connolly would temporarily succeed to leadership, and defended his position regarding the deportation of children, declaring that he had never said a word against archbishops, or allowed a child to be proselytized, and that priests who had made statements to the contrary knew they were saying what was not true.

His remarks about children being taken to other homes, and about the action of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in opposing this were received with loud applause.

Another speaker at the meeting was Mr. Williams, London representative of the Railway Transport Federation. He contradicted the statement made in the Freeman's Journal that Mr. Sedden had been sent into Dublin to settle the dispute over the heads of Larkin and his colleagues. The statement represented, he insisted, a deliberate attempt to drive a wedge between the men and their leaders, and he called on them to resist an attack which was being made upon the very essence of trades unionism.

The remaining speakers were emphatic in their condemnation of those who had opposed the removal of the children to homes where they could be properly cared for, and denounced the mob which, in some instances, actually attacked parents and took away their children from them. Yesterday evening two bombs were exploded inside a street near the quays by a couple of boys who were seen to place them and light matches.

U. S. SENDS INQUIRY  
ABOUT MRS. RAND

WASHINGTON—Former Gov. Henry T. Gage of California has telegraphed to the state department asking that the government use its good offices in behalf of his daughter, Mrs. Lucille Rand, who has been arrested at Kingstown, Ire., on a charge of kidnapping. Mr. Gage said his daughter was a humanitarian worker, and had drawn herself into difficulty while seeking homes for starving children of Dublin strikers.

His request was transmitted to Ambassador Page at London.

## COMMISSIONERS AT CONVENTION

WASHINGTON—Three members of the Massachusetts public service commission, F. J. Macleod, George W. Anderson and Everett E. Stone, are attending the twenty-fifth annual convention of the National Association of Railway Commissioners here today.

To students, teachers and those in public and private life as well, each issue of the Monitor represents a fund of useful, needed information of a kind that is inspiring and constructive as well. To pass your copy along to another reflects credit upon the giver and the paper alike.



Send your "Want" ad to

THE  
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE  
MONITOR

If you are looking for employment, or for an employee, the Monitor offers you an opportunity to supply your need without the expense of advertising.

THIS OFFER DOES NOT APPLY TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE.

## THE MONITOR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF ADVERTISER MUST BE FURNISHED FOR PUBLICATION OR ADVERTISEMENT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED

Name.....

Street.....

City..... State.....

THIS OFFER DOES NOT APPLY TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR WORK TO BE DONE AT HOME

State your "want" in 20 words and attach the above coupon, properly filled out.

The above coupon must be attached to insure insertion.

It will be run FREE  
ONE WEEK  
ON THE  
CLASSIFIED AD PAGE

Write your advertisement, attach blank and mail direct to The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass. The Monitor is read in every city in America.

## British Workers Told to Oppose Official Labor Party

LONDON HEARS  
DUBLIN STRIKE  
LEADER SPEAK

James Larkin Says There Are 100,000 Persons in Irish Capital in Need of Money and Means Will Be Found to Get It

## LABOR MEN CRITICIZED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—James Larkin, the leader of the Dublin strikers, addressed a crowded meeting at the Memorial hall recently. He declared that it was the official Labor party which the workers must fight, because it was they who were keeping the proletariat down. They told them that they must not have a sympathetic strike, because they were going to discommode the public, but they all knew that the public in this connection meant the official Labor party.

As to the strike in Dublin, Mr. Larkin declared that Mr. Murphy had said that as the men, women, and children would starve if they refused to go back to work, therefore they would have to submit.

"They have not submitted yet," declared Mr. Larkin amidst cheers, "thanks to the men in the rank and file in this country." He had been told by a trade union leader that he ought to be careful to remember that though the rank and file might be with him in the course of action he proposed, nevertheless they, the leaders, controlled the executive, and the executive controlled the money, and they might make it very difficult for him, Larkin, to get money.

He did not, however, care a straw for them. There were 100,000 men, women, and children in Dublin who wanted money, who stood in sore need of it, and who would get it. Trade union leaders had declared that trained men were needed to face the employers.

"I have met employers," Mr. Larkin said, "in all countries, from the Argentine republic right away to Liverpool, and I have never yet found any man, public school man, or whatever he was, who was too big to tackle across a table."

"What about Tim Healy," he went on, "with all his training? What about Murphy? What about Jacob? I tell you we have got as good men among the rank and file as ever the capitalist class can produce."

At the conclusion of the meeting a large crowd escorted Mr. Larkin to Clerkenwell green, where he addressed a gathering of several hundreds of people, who could not obtain admission to the hall.

## QUEENSLAND BRIDGE COMPLETED

(Special to the Monitor)

BRISBANE, Queensland—The bridge over the Burdekin river having been completed, a train service between Bowen and Townsville has now been commenced.

## AT THE THEATERS

## BOSTON

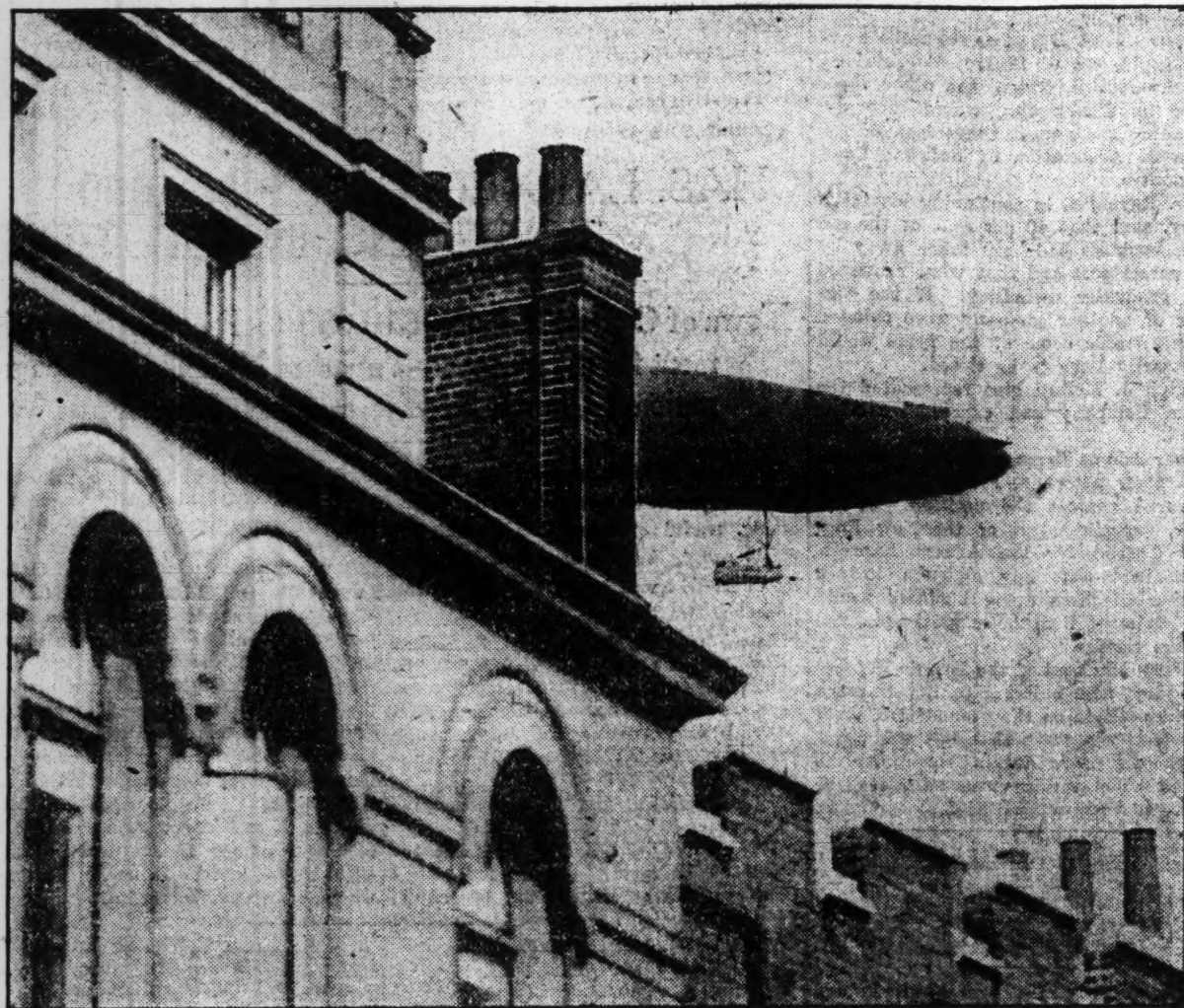
BOSTON—"Joseph and His Brethren," 8.  
CASTLE—"Held by the Enemy," 2:30, 8:30.  
COLONIAL—"Madcap Dicks," 8.  
GOLDS—"Miss Julia Sanderson," 8.  
KEITH'S—"Vandeville," 2, 8.  
MAJESTIC—"Bought and Paid For," 8:10.  
PARK—"Miss Elsie Ferguson," 8:10.  
PLYMOUTH—"Let's Go A-Gardening," 8:10.  
SHUBERT—"The Blue Bird," 8.

## NEW YORK

ASTOR—"Seven Keys to Baldpate,"  
ELKAP—"David Warfield,"  
BOOTH—"The Great Adventurer,"  
COHAN—"Potash and Perlmutter,"  
COMEDY—"The Marriage Game,"  
CORT—"Peg o' My Heart,"  
CRITERION—"Indian Summer,"  
EMPIRE—"John Drew,"  
ELTING—"Within the Law,"  
GRAND—"Miss May Irwin,"  
HARRIS—"The Love Lease,"  
HIPPODROME—"America,"  
KNICKERBOCKER—"Donald Brian,"  
LYRIC—"The Girl and the Pennant,"  
LITTLE—"Prunella,"  
LUXEM—"Miss Grace George and 'The Younger Generation,'"  
MANHATTAN—"Southern and Marlowe,"  
NEW AMSTERDAM—"Sweethearts,"  
REPUBLIC—"Temperamental Journey,"  
SHUBERT—"Forbes-Robertson,"  
THIRTY-NINTH—"At Bay,"  
WEST END—"Her Own Money."

## CHICAGO

BLACKSTONE—"Ole Skinner,"  
CORT—"Adams and McIntyre,"  
GARRICK—"William Dodge,"  
LASKY—"A Trip to Washington,"  
OLYMPIC—"Chauncy Olcott,"  
POWERS—"The Governor's Lady."



British army dirigible airship Delta flying over St. James palace and Connaught house, London

BARCELONA PRESS  
DISCUSSES FRENCH  
ALLIANCE PROJECT

Spanish City Divided on Proposition, Though Welcoming the Visit of President Poincare

(Special to the Monitor)

BARCELONA, Spain—Although the visit of the President of the French Republic has been welcomed with as much enthusiasm in Barcelona as throughout the rest of Spain, there have been no festivities in honor of a Franco-Spanish entente.

This omission is not altogether due to disapproval of the friendliness between the two countries. Barcelona considers that it should have been chosen rather than Cartagena as the port of departure of the President, and for this reason has abstained from any official manifestations of rejoicing.

The Barcelona press, with some exceptions, has, in unison with the rest of the Spanish newspapers, referred enthusiastically to the presidential visit. They have also spoken with sympathy of the formation of an entente between Spain and France.

The notable exceptions are the Radical Progreso and the ultra-Catholic organ, the Correo Catalan. The Progreso, though affirming sentiments of friendliness and admiration towards France, deprecates any political alliance based on a program saving of imperialism and of military action in Morocco.

The Correo Catalan is entirely hostile to France and in one of its recent issues advised open protest against France and M. Poincare, and manifestations of sympathy towards Germany. This advice led to a rowdy meeting in front of the German consulate which was dispersed by the police. The crowd reassembled in front of the German club Germania, and was again dispersed by the police. Five arrests were made. The following day the Barcelona press contained indignant references to the incident.

BAVARIANS SEEK  
TO CROWN PRINCE

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN—The Bavarian government has asked for an increase in the civil list and this fact has strengthened the movement in Bavaria for raising the Prince Regent to the throne. Shortly after the appointment of Prince Ludwig the government proposed to crown the regent but the opposition of the center in the Bavarian Diet prevented the proposal being carried into effect.

The attitude of the center, however, has apparently changed if press utterances are to be trusted. Several journals openly favor a change by means of a simple proclamation without an alteration in the constitution or the cooperation of Parliament.

BRITISH ARMY  
AIRSHIP TEST IS  
SUCCESSFUL ONE

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The Delta has now successfully passed the tests laid down by the royal flying corps, so that the airship has now been officially accepted as an addition to the fleet of army dirigibles.

The previous trials of the Delta were not entirely successful, but after the necessary alterations and adjustments had been made, the final test, which entailed an eight-hours non-stop flight, was successfully carried out.

The airship started from Farnborough at 6:30 a. m., proceeding to the flying ground at Eastchurch, Isle of Sheppey. She was welcomed here by a monoplane from the naval aerodrome, which accompanied her to Sheerness.

The Delta subsequently cruised up the valley of the Medway, eventually arriving at London about midday, where she was watched with the utmost interest by a large number of people. Owing to the low altitude at which the vessel was piloted, it was possible to see all the details of the dirigible as well as the occupants of the car.

The trial was most successful in every way, and those who watched the behavior of the airship remarked with what ease the pilot was apparently able to steer.

ULSTER QUAKERS  
PREPARE FOR HOME  
RULE BILL CRISIS

(Special to the Monitor)

BELFAST, Ireland—The Ulster Society of Friends has just issued a letter of advice to members regarding the home rule question.

After declaring that in common with other churches in Ulster they recognize the need for earnest prayer, the letter goes on to point out that warlike preparations are proceeding in Ulster in all directions and that the Society of Friends has always held that war and the taking of human life are irreconcilable with the spirit and teaching of the gospel.

It urges the necessity for giving the whole matter deep consideration, "so that the moment of choice may not find any one unprepared." If we are true to our principles as Friends, the letter declares, we shall not assist in taking human life, however great our desire to defend our rights as citizens of the United Kingdom.

This non-militant attitude will undoubtedly lead to misunderstanding, but members must be ready to face this. Some of them may be placed in circumstances of extreme difficulty, if not in actual danger. They should not, however, neglect to take such precautions, consistent with their principles, as prudence may dictate.

NEW BARRACKS  
FOR FRENCH ARMY  
ARE PROGRESSING

Greatest Difficulty Encountered in Developing Quarters Is Said to Be Lack of Workmen

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS, France—The time having arrived for the putting into force of the new military law, interest is felt throughout the country as to how in so short a space of time it will have proved possible to provide adequate housing accommodation for the new recruits.

The barracks are in course of construction, but since it is only in June that the order for them was given by the war office, it seems incredible that they should be even nearing completion. To give its readers some idea of the progress made, the Matin sent a correspondent to the eastern frontier where the new troops are to be massed. He reports that, however incredible it may appear, half the barracks are already completed and the other half advancing rapidly. It is the resolve, he states, of the three governors of Verdun, Toul and Epinal, that every soldier shall be provided with a lodging.

Ever since the war office order was received, work at high pressure has been the rule in all the departments concerned. The greatest difficulty which had to be encountered was the lack of labor, and though workmen left the factories for the higher wages of the building yards, it was found necessary to import labor from Limousin and Brittany, as well as from Belgium and Italy.

The engineer officers assured the Matin correspondent that they had nothing but praise for the manner in which the contractors had entered into the work. Scarcely of labor had compelled them to raise their prices from original estimates by as much as 25 or 30 per cent, but this had been unavoidable, and did not alter the fact that a spirit of patriotism had been displayed by them throughout the operations which had taxed their resources to the utmost.

The Matin does not fail to point out that the difficulty of the task laid on the engineer corps and on all those connected with the building of the barracks might have been greatly lessened, if the war office had been less dilatory in signing some of the contracts, and if preparation for the work had been allowed to be taken in hand in spite of parliamentary dilatoriness and ministerial hesitation.

LORD MILNER TELLS OF CAUSES  
OF THE SCRAMBLE FOR CAPITAL

Production of Wealth Enormous Throughout World, Says Speaker, But Proportion Devoted to Encouragement of Further Production Not Increasing in Same Degree

(Special to the Monitor)

BIRMINGHAM, Eng.—Viscount Milner recently delivered his inaugural address as president of the Birmingham and Midland Institute at the town hall, Birmingham.

Lord Milner dealt with the "scramble for capital" which had caused a general rise in the average rate of interest. One effect had been a fall in consols which simply meant that capital was no longer prepared to serve on the terms which it was willing to accept when these securities were created.

It had, so to speak, struck for higher wages and it was, for the time being at any rate, in a position to obtain them. With the free movement of capital from one country to another a greatly heightened demand in any part of the world made itself felt in every other part. It was to be observed that it was only the fresh capital coming forward which could be of any use assisting the expansion of old or the inception of new enterprises. It was the amount of this fresh capital relatively to the demand for it which dominated the situation.

While it was true that the production of wealth throughout the world at the present time was enormous and constantly increasing, it did not follow that the proportion of wealth devoted to the encouragement of further production increased in the same degree. New methods, materials, instruments of production, were constantly being introduced and they all clamored for capital. Was it surprising that they should send up the price of that for which they were all competing?

Another factor increasing the demand

for capital was the rapid development of new countries such as Canada and South America, and the awakening into great industrial activity of certain old countries which before had been mainly agricultural countries.

The long sustained boom in trade, Lord Milner went on, might be followed by a depression during which much capital was idle and apparently unwanted. Sooner or later somebody had to go to the wall. The weaker enterprises had to be abandoned, and the capital sunk in them wasted. A period of trade depression, if prolonged and widespread, might thus produce an amount of ruin, misery, and confusion only comparable to the disastrous effects of a great and destructive war.

The fury of speculation, the reckless promotion of worthless enterprises, and even of sound enterprises in excessive number and in too rapid succession, were probably answerable for more misery than the sum total of punishable crime. Great indeed was the responsibility of the modern kings of finance who had it largely in their power to decide into what channels the stream of capital should flow.

After all, however, they were not demigods but men and they could not escape from the influence of the atmosphere in which they were surrounded. It was the temper of the whole community which was the most decisive factor in the case. Where the old-fashioned virtues of thrift, prudence, and concentration succumbed to restlessness and haste, to the feverish desire to do too many things at once, and to grow rich too quickly, it was beyond the power of individuals to avert economic disaster.

INDIA COTTON MILLS DIRECTED  
BY MEN WITHOUT TRAINING

(Special to the Monitor)

CALCUTTA, India—A somewhat interesting analysis has been made on behalf of a paper representative of the Indian textile industry, of the constitution, as regards directors, of the Bombay cotton mills.

Incidentally, it is noted that just one half of the total number of mills pay on profit, and the other half on production, and that, even with payment on production there are mills which have done well, though the inequality of the arrangement has at times been sufficiently obvious to compel agents to give up the whole or a part of their commission.

Instances are on record, even in the case of modern mills, where the annual income of the agent has far exceeded the amount paid to shareholders, without the former having any financial stake or any special qualification to earn it.

The industry throughout its history has been mainly in the hands of merchants with scarcely any practical knowledge of the machinery and processes of manufacture. "Indeed, in no other country in the world," says the analysis, "do we come across industrial concerns which are under the direct control of men who have had no previous training in the work they superintend. Yet, judging from the results achieved by the cotton mills in Bombay, it would seem that with commercial and financial resources on the part of the agents, a concern may show profits even without a single technical or professional man on the board."

Coming to figures, it is noted that associated with 59 joint stock mills in Bombay are 180 directors, inclusive of those ex-officio. Scarcely a dozen of these, however, have had any technical training, or possess much knowledge of the mechanism and working of cotton machinery.

Exactly half, or 80, are partners or paid assistants in the agents' firm, or have otherwise a share in the commission; while among the outsiders 48 are described as merchants, brokers, or insurance agents, 10 belong to the legal profession, five are mill managers and engineers, one is a bank manager and the remaining 17 are "gentlemen and retired," all Paris with a single exception.

Classified as members of the different communities, it is found that there are five Jewish agency directors and one Jewish outside director, 12 Muhammadan directors of whom one is an out-

side director, 29 Europeans, 15 agency, and the remainder outside directors; 59 Hindus 23 agency and the others outside directors, and 58 Parsis, of whom 26 are members of the agency firms.

WAR AND PEACE,  
NEW MONTHLY, IS  
BEFORE PUBLIC

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The first number of a new monthly paper, entitled War and Peace, the appearance of which has been awaited with great interest, was recently issued. The new periodical, which is described as a Norman Angell monthly and is sold for threepence, is published to promote the aims of the Garton Foundation and allied societies, which may comprehensively be described as the spreading of saner views with regard to international relations.

The scrappiness of the articles is somewhat disappointing, and about nine of the 17 pages are filled with notes of no particular importance dealing with current events, extracts from contemporaries with comments; lists of the literature of Norman Angellism, and so forth. The first number, however, is full of promise and most people will wish it a successful career.

The articles include an explanation of the aims of the paper by the editor which, unlike most such explanations, is something more than an excuse; "Prospects of Peace" by Lord Loreburn, who believes that peace will make great strides in the near future; an article on the Krupp revelations, a criticism of the Hague peace conference, and an article on the "illusions" of Norman Angell.

Most readers will turn with interest to a characteristic article by Norman Angell entitled "Man v. The Statesman," in which he makes great play with the contradictions so easily found in the theories of militarists and pacifists alike. The new paper, it is clear, will not attempt to attack the facile militarist philosophy of the man in the street with hazy appeals to his finer feelings but will endeavor to replace it with an equally clear philosophy which it will endeavor to show is more in accordance with facts.

BRITISH WOMEN  
SEEK ENTRANCE TO  
LEGAL PROFESSION

Vote Passed by National Council at Hull Meeting Urges Parliament to Enact Legislation

(Special to the Monitor)

HULL, England—A unanimous vote in favor of women being admitted to the legal profession was passed by the National Council of Women of Great Britain and Ireland, a body forming an integral part of the National Union of Women Workers, which held its meeting in Hull this year.

Miss Macmillan of the legislation sectional committee brought forward a resolution urging Parliament to pass a bill opening the legal profession to women. She said that unless women were allowed to be lawyers it would be impossible for women to find out exactly how certain results followed decisions of the courts or how regulations under acts of Parliament worked out.

The admission of women to the legal profession would bring about reforms in the same way as their admission to the medical profession had brought reforms to that profession. The United Kingdom, concluded Miss Macmillan, should not be so far behind the rest of the world.

Miss Nettleford, delegate from the Federation of University Women, speaking to the resolution, said that it was doubtful even if they got an act through Parliament that it would have the desired effect, because the Inns of Court could refuse admission at their good pleasure and need give no reasons for their action. The position was different, when it was asked why should women not be solicitors.

An appeal in that matter was, she hoped, coming on before Christmas, and there was a great chance, should the decision go against them, of a favorable verdict being given when the case was taken before the House of Lords.

It was resolved to forward the resolution in favor of women being admitted to the legal profession to the prime minister and the lord chancellor.



THE FARM IN WINTER

For tomorrow's breakfast—Jones Dairy Farm Sausage. For any good breakfast—Jones Dairy Farm Sausage.

For that luncheon or meal which you want "a little better than ordinary" you'll want a better-than-ordinary sausage—Jones Dairy Farm Sausage.

Made from a Vermont Jones-family recipe; by farmers on the farm shown above; of only the choicest meat of young pig pork and home-ground spices; shipped the day it is made and made the day it is ordered. This is the promise of Jones Dairy Farm Sausage. Wouldn't you like a Jones Dairy Farm Sausage Breakfast tomorrow?

Ask your grocer today for Jones Dairy Farm Sausage. Ask him what our "Standing Order" plan is. Or write us direct.

MILO C. JONES  
Jones Dairy Farm  
Box 637, Fort Atkinson, Wis.

Your Engraved Card

Will help you get an interview. See samples at 57-59 Franklin St.

WARD'S



# Peace Delegates Urge Unity of European Nations

## FRANCO-GERMAN RAPPROCHEMENT PLAN INDORSED

International Peace Congress  
Regards Subject Within Focus  
of National Contemplation If  
Not of Immediate Action

### URGED BY SPEAKERS

(Special to the Monitor)  
PARIS, France.—The two speeches made at the closing of the international peace congress just held at Nuremberg, in which a Franco-German rapprochement was strongly urged, have met with a very mixed reception in the German press, and much criticism in official circles generally, but the fact remains that the advocates of the cause of universal peace have every right to consider that their tone and trend indicate in a way that cannot be lightly discounted, the nearer approach of the realization of their ideals.

It is entirely owing to the peace campaign that a change in the mutual feelings of France and Germany, which for over 40 years has been regarded as a subject idle to discuss, is now actually coming within the focus of national contemplation. This change of sentiment, which is undoubtedly spreading both in France and Germany, cannot but ultimately compel the governments of both countries to abandon traditional policy and give practical expression to the real demands of the people.

The fact that a man of such prominence in France as M. d'Estournelles de Constant should speak as he did at the international congress with such frankness will, in itself alone, do much to prepare the way by removing some of the obstacles hitherto regarded as an impossible barrier to any French and German understanding and thus enable the public of both countries to get a new point of departure with regard to their mutual relations.

M. d'Estournelles de Constant appealed to every German and Frenchman to realize that they were actors and not merely spectators in the drama that was being played in Europe and urged them not to remain passive in the denouement which was being brought about by their mutual inertia. If they intended to follow a do-nothing course they had better frankly declare their abdication, which was in itself fatal, but if not let them decide one way or the other what they really wanted and then make no delay in acting.

Both countries were, he said, at present living in an atmosphere of suspense, mutually accusing and exciting each other and at the mercy of any one who might think it worth while to create an irretrievable situation. The business of both countries was arrested by the prevalent insecurity, so that their competitors in both hemispheres were profiting at their expense.

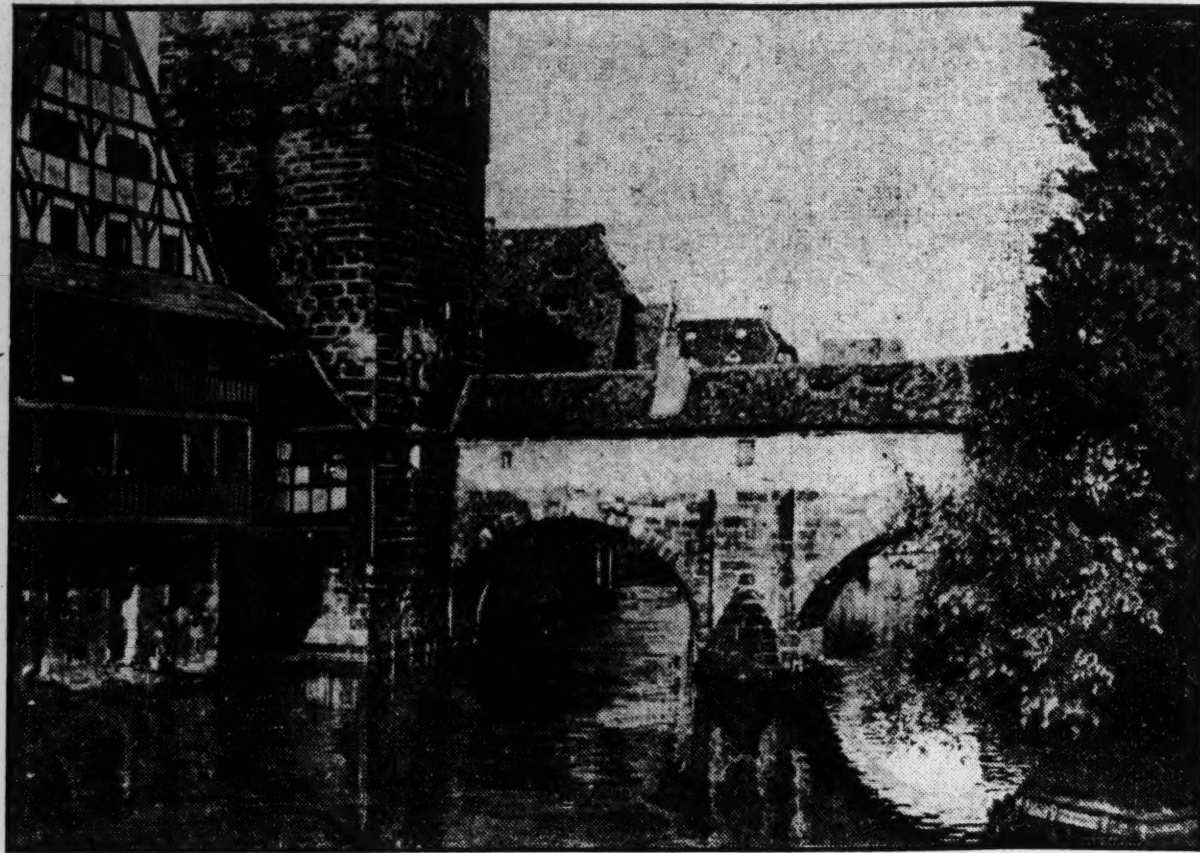
Thus their national resources were threatened at a moment when they ought to be increasing them so as to meet the new expenditure necessitated by their economic, educational, social and colonial development. They were at last beginning to agree that this state of things must be put to an end, to come what might. The important thing, however, was how was it to be done? War would only aggravate a situation which they had themselves brought about by lacking the wisdom to seek in time a peaceful solution. They were deliberately walking with their eyes closed, and those who saw the danger, and kept silence, placed themselves beyond the pale of pardon.

The two countries could not possibly, he said, declare war upon each other unless the people really desired war, and they ought not to despair of peace after 40 years' proof of its possibility. Neither should they despair of a Franco-German "rapprochement" without having done, on both sides, everything possible to bring this about. The experience of the latter years was far from discouraging, for it proved that a Franco-German agreement had more than once been possible.

In 1905, at a time when Russia was exhausted by her war with Japan as well as with her internal troubles, Germany had proved her desire for peace by not taking advantage of the situation. She had later come to an arrangement with France after the Agadir incident, and he pointed out that since such understandings had from time to time proved possible between the two countries, a general entente ought not to be regarded as an impossibility. The main point was whether both countries desired it. If they did they should each be ready to make the requisite concessions.

He felt sure and, in fact, actually knew that France was ready to do this, and if Germany saw her way to use the same spirit of conciliation, that fact would go further towards peace than all the armaments of the world. France was not willing either to submit to the imposition of peace or to herself impose it, but she would joyfully meet goodwill with goodwill. In Germany they ought, on their part, to look well into their interests and duty as freemen and patriots with a view to finding out what concessions they felt they could make to France.

No time, however, was to be lost, for in a few years it might be too late. The present regime could not be permitted to continue. The time was ripe for a choice between revolution and anarchy



(Reproduced by permission)

The Regnitz in Nuremberg, Bavaria, where the international peace congress was held recently

on the one hand, and order, prosperity and progress on the other; in other words between a European war and the "United States of Europe." The speaker said that his greatest hope was that the two great countries might both fulfill their destiny, which lay in opening, instead of closing, the road to salvation.

In reply to this outspoken speech, Dr. Conrad Haussman, a member of the Reichstag, said that Germany also desired peace and to be in accord with France. They wished, moreover, to make ready for such peace before it should be too late, and earnestly desired to cooperate with France. They would also meet goodwill in the same spirit, and he sincerely hoped that Germany would take her part in those concessions which both sides must surely make.

## FEW AUSTRALIAN CADETS FAIL TO RESPOND TO CALL

(Special to the Monitor)  
MELBOURNE, Vic., Aus.—Figures made available by the military authorities show that of 17,194 senior cadets who, on July 1, had reached the age of 18 and so were due to join the ranks as citizen soldiers, 16,849 responded to the call. In New South Wales, only 43 failed to answer out of 6282 liable to serve, while 79 young Victorians in a total of 5349 did not respond.

In Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia, the proportion of defaulters was greater, but in Tasmania every one of the 596 youths due for transference took his place in the fighting line. Of 144,536 boys between 14 and 17 years of age who registered their names for service in the senior cadets, exemptions were granted to 52,610, and out of 90,924 liable for service only 2937 failed to respond.

## NEW SOUTH WALES ENLARGES EXPORTS IN FROZEN MEATS

(Special to the Monitor)  
SYDNEY, New South Wales.—There has been a considerable advance in the export trade of New South Wales meat during the present year, particularly to America. As a result of this expansion of trade the Union Steamship Company has found it necessary to place extra vessels in commission for its Sydney-San Francisco service.

For the present a fine new passenger vessel and a large cargo steamer will supplement the existing fleet. The new departure will make available the necessary space for frozen meat. The Union and Oceanic Steamship companies have hitherto found great difficulty in coping with the New South Wales frozen meat trade, which is assuming very large proportions.

## SHIPMENTS OF NEW ZEALAND PRODUCE TO LONDON INCREASE

(Special to the Monitor)  
WELLINGTON, N. Z.—The following shipments of New Zealand produce to London were recently made:

By the Indralma which left on Sept. 25, and is due in London on Nov. 5, 60,000 carcasses of mutton, 19,500 carcasses of lamb, 2975 quarters of beef, 80 tons of hemp, 2150 bales of wool, 2075 boxes of gum.

By the Ionic which sailed on Oct. 2, and is due on Nov. 3, 7625 carcasses of mutton, 17,250 carcasses of lamb, 19,200 boxes of butter, 8200 crates of cheese, 923 tons of hemp, 1700 bales of wool, 408 boxes of gum.

By the Westmeath, which sailed on Sept. 25, and is due on Dec. 10, 4250 carcasses of mutton.

The following figures give the quantity and value of the principal products passed through the customs for export from New Zealand from Aug. 1 to 15, 1913: 689 cwt of butter, value £4419; 108 cwt of cheese, value £430; 26,588 cwt of frozen beef, value £37,000; 117,587 carcasses of frozen beef, weighing

## WALES AND SCOTLAND CONTROL OF OWN AFFAIRS IS PREDICTED

Winston Churchill Says Settlement of Irish Question in Present Parliament Will Clear Ground for Consideration of Self-Government Claims Elsewhere in Land

(Special to the Monitor)  
DUNDEE, Scotland.—Winston Churchill continued his campaign in Dundee by addressing a large meeting at Locher. Referring to his first speech, delivered some days previously, Mr. Churchill, as already reported by cable, said that he had tried to make it quite clear that while the government were determined to go forward in their path, they were not unprepared to consider any fair or sincere proposal, which would make the solution they offered to the Irish problem more generally acceptable to the masses of the people in both islands of the United Kingdom.

Lord Hugh Cecil, he continued, demanded a general election before home rule was carried. But they were all agreed that a general election would settle nothing, and would leave the question of home rule still in an undecided state. All the talk of violence of the Unionist leaders was the measure of the want of confidence which they felt in the temper and intention of the country as a whole.

"We shall not," Mr. Churchill went on amidst cheers, "be influenced in the slightest degree by their talk. When we appeal to the people, as we shall do punctually and in due season, I trust we shall be able to put before them, in a complete form, the settlement of the Irish question."

Meanwhile the door was open. No fair proposition designed to promote a truly national settlement of the Irish question was barred out. The hand of friendship and cooperation would not be refused to any who sought an enduring peace and the welfare of Ireland and her people. This was no time for maneuvering. "We are speaking earnestly," he said, "to men who are in earnest, and on behalf of men who are in deadly earnest."

Proceeding, Mr. Churchill said that another great reason for the settlement of the Irish question in the present Parliament, and for disposing of the home rule controversy, was that the ground would be thereby cleared for the consideration of claims of self-government for other parts of the United Kingdom besides Ireland. A year ago he had outlined such a proposition in Dundee; it had raised something like a commotion in the country, but he was absolutely unrepentant of having made that speech. "I prophesy," Mr. Churchill went on,

"that the day will most certainly come when a federal system will be established in these islands, which will give Wales and Scotland the control, within proper limits, of their own affairs. I tell you further," he added, "that that system, when established, will be the forerunner of imperial federation, which will gather together in one indissoluble circle the British people here and beyond the seas."

## NORWAY STEAMER LINE TO AMERICA CALLED SUCCESS

(Special to the Monitor)  
CHRISTIANIA, Norway.—The promoters of the new line of steamers between Norway and America have every reason to be satisfied with the enterprise. The Kristianiafjord, which sailed on June 4 from Christiania, inaugurated the service. Up to the present moment this vessel has sailed to America and back three times, each trip lasting about six weeks.

On these journeys the Kristiania carried about 11,400 tons of cargo, which represents over double the quantity that the promoters of the undertaking calculated would be available. The passenger traffic also has been considerably in excess of what was anticipated.

On the three trips the boat carried about 3700 passengers, 1823 of which came from America, most of them being third class passengers. The Bergensfjord, the second steamer, has now started on her first trip, and it is hoped that she will prove as successful as the Kristianiafjord.

## ITINERARY NAMED FOR PARIS FLIGHT TO PERSIAN GULF

(Special correspondence of the Monitor)  
PARIS, France.—Further details have been published of the routes to be taken in the daring flights which have been proposed between Paris and Cairo and Paris and Bagdad.

The Paris-Cairo itinerary is as follows: Paris-Constantinople-Konieh-Aleppo-Jerusalem-Gaza-Port Said; that to Bagdad is Paris-Constantinople-Aleppo-Meskene-Der-Anah-Hit-Feluja-Bagdad-Basra.

Measures have been taken to inform the inhabitants of these districts of the proposed flights in order that they may be ready to furnish the aviators with any assistance they may require. Arrangements have also been made with regard to halts, supplies and communications.

One competitor has already entered his name for the undertaking of an enterprise which is described as the boldest ever yet attempted in an aeroplane. The name of the aviator is M. Dancourt, and he will be accompanied by M. Roux as passenger.

## TWO STATUES OF VERDI UNVEILED

(Special to the Monitor)  
ROME, Italy.—To commemorate the centenary of Giuseppe Verdi two statues of the composer were recently unveiled. One at Milan and the other at Busseto, near Parma, where Verdi was born. At both ceremonies the Count of Turin was present representing Queen Margherita at Milan and the King at Busseto. At Busseto Signor Fradiletto, a Venetian deputy, delivered an address, and Signor Credaro, minister of education, spoke at Milan.

## MILLIONS OF TONS OF SAND REMOVED FROM THE MERSEY

Docks Board Engineer Tells of Difficulty Encountered in Keeping Stream Open for Traffic

(Special to the Monitor)  
LIVERPOOL, Eng.—Thomas Newell, dock engineer to the Mersey docks board, in his annual report gives an interesting account of the work done by the dredgers, which shows the great difficulties encountered by the Mersey docks board in keeping the river clear for traffic.

The Liverpool dredgers, which are larger than any others, are employed night and day in dredging the river, and without constant dredging it would be impossible for any of the liners to come within 12 miles of Liverpool.

Mr. Newell says that the Leviathan, the largest dredger in the world, during the year ending July 1, took up 11,043,000 tons of sand from the bar and shoals in the Queens and Crosby channels. Another very large dredger, the Coronation, removed 754,950 tons from the two channels, whilst the Brancor took up 3,544,100 tons.

During one year five dredgers have succeeded in removing the enormous amount of 16,496,850 tons of sand from the Mersey channels, and in the last 13 years 203,928,500 tons have been taken up from the Mersey and emptied out at sea.

The Leviathan embodies all the most modern improvements. This dredger cost £150,000 to build, and can pump up sand at the rate of 10,000 tons in 50 minutes. The Coronation, which cost £75,000, can take up 3500 tons in 50 minutes. Mr. Newell states that from soundings taken in the channels, the condition of the Mersey has improved since last year, the depths of water right up to the Forthly lightship being about 33 feet for a width of between 600 and 700 feet.

The reversion in the Mersey, which is a sort of submerged stone wall used to protect the underlying sand from erosion, has been examined recently, when it was considered advisable to place an additional 15,000 tons of stone at the edge of the bank. In all 289,400 tons have been placed in this spot, since the reversion was commenced in 1900.

The dock board has also undertaken the task of forming a training bank at Dingle, the southern end of the line of docks, by means of clay deposits, and other material, faced with sandstone, and since the work was begun 1,300,000 tons of material have been deposited.

## FRESH CANADIAN SERVICE PLANNED BY CUNARD LINE

New Boat to Join Andania and Ivernia on Jan. 1, When Fortnightly Trips Will Begin

(Special to the Monitor)  
LIVERPOOL, England.—It was always foreseen that the Cunard line which commenced to run boats from Southampton to Canada last year, would, as time went on, endeavor to obtain a large share of the ever increasing traffic between the mother country and the Dominion, and that this line is fulfilling expectations is proved by the fact that the Andania, one of their boats, now calls at Queens-town, and that a service is to be started by the Cunard in January, between Liverpool and Canada.

This company has at present three steamers running from Southampton to Canada, these are the Andania, the Andania and the Andania. Until the end of the year these boats will be continued, and will call at Queenstown for Irish traffic.

When the service from Liverpool is inaugurated, a fresh arrangement will be necessary, and the Cunard propose to transfer the Andania to the Mersey, leaving the Andania and Andania to maintain the Southampton service. A new boat, the Andania, which is now being built, will join the Andania, as well as the Ivernia, which formerly ran between Liverpool and Boston.

The fortnightly service which will be maintained by these liners between Liverpool and Halifax, Nova Scotia, will commence on Jan. 1, 1914, and the Andania will leave Liverpool for Halifax on that date. After leaving Halifax the boats will proceed to Boston. It is not certain at present whether this Liverpool Canadian service will be continued through the summer months, but as arrangements now stand, sailings have been fixed up to the beginning of March, when the Andania, Andania, Andania and Andania will return to Southampton and will resume sailings from that port.

## BEDFORD HEARS UNIONISTS' LAND REFORM PLANS

Government Methods of Dealing With Situation Criticized by Mr. Cave, Who Says Repeal of Tax Should Be First Action

### FARMERS' AID URGED

(Special to the Monitor)  
BEDFORD, England.—As already reported in the Monitor cable despatches, the long expected land campaign was inaugurated at Bedford recently. Some time ago, in the House of Commons, Mr. Lloyd-George made an earnest appeal for cooperation on the land question. But it very quickly became evident that the proposals of the two parties, in regard to this fundamental matter were at almost all points so opposed as to render cooperation practically impossible.

The result has been that the land question promises to become one of the most exclusively party questions in modern political history. It has been, of course, known for a considerable time that some drastic legislative proposals, in regard to the land, would be the next move of the Liberal party, and as a consequence of this the Unionists have lost no time in bringing forward their own proposals, and in laying them, on all occasions, before the country.

Mr. Lloyd-George was to be the government spokesman, and Bedford was to be the platform from which the government proposals were to be made. With a daring which speaks eloquently of the importance which is attached by the Unionists to the question, the war was carried right into the enemies' camp, and two days before Mr. Lloyd-George's epoch-making meeting in the skating rink, Mr. Cave opened the campaign for the Unionists in the Corn exchange, Bedford, and in the course of a speech which was enthusiastically received, outlined the Unionists' land proposals.

Mr. Cave said he looked upon the land campaign as a sign that the Liberal party were hunting for new vote catching devices. In spite of all statements to the contrary, made recently by ministers, he felt sure that it was but a forerunner to a general election. The government felt more keenly every day the necessity for appealing to the country on something more attractive than home rule, or Welsh disestablishment.

The land taxes, he declared, had already involved a loss of £1,169,000, and the very first land reform of any value would have to be the repeal of these taxes. What was needed was some serious plan by which the whole industry of agriculture could be assisted, and by which the man engaged in it could do much better than he was doing now.

Proceeding, Mr. Cave said that it ought to be quite obvious to every one that neither the farmer nor the laborer could be helped by adding to the burdens which were now laid on the land. The Unionists' land proposals involved none of these things. According to their idea the state would assist the farmer to become the owner of the land he tilled. The laborers would be benefited by the increased prosperity of agriculture, and they would be helped by public money to get better cottages in the village, free from any tie, and with a small piece of land attached to each dwelling.

While this was taking place in the Unionist camp the advocates of the government policy were making preparations for the reception of the chancellor of the exchequer. The most elaborate precautions were taken against suffragettes, tickets had been issued to not more than 300 women, all of whom could be personally identified.

The skating rink, in which the meeting was to be held, was protected by a series of barricades, which stretched across either end to the embankment, and thus protected the rink to within at least 100 yards of its approach. To prevent any attack from the riverside arrangements had been made for the presence of water police boats, and boats manned by stewards. Fifty additional policemen had been drafted into the town, and the services of an unusually large number of stewards had been requisitioned.

## BANK OF SCOTLAND DIVIDEND ISSUED

(Special to the Monitor)  
EDINBURGH, Scotland.—At the half-yearly meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of Scotland, held in Edinburgh, the Governor, Lord Balfour of Burleigh presiding, a dividend for the half year ending Aug. 30, 1913, was declared at the rate of 20 per cent per annum, free of income tax.

## TASMANIA SHOWS CURIOUS GLASSY ROCK FRAGMENTS

(Special to the Monitor)  
HOBART, Tasmania.—Considerable interest is being aroused in the natural scientific world by the curious glassy rock fragments which have been discovered around Mt. Darwin and Mt. Sorrell on the west coast.

Loftus Hills, assistant government geologist, in investigating the geology of Mt. Darwin, found these fragments occur in considerable quantity on the eastern slope of the mountain, and they are also to be found at the head of Flannagans creek, between Mts. Darwin and Sorrell.

The fragments are very high in silica, carrying up to 85 per cent, and they are full of small bubbles or vesicles. Some pieces are semi-transparent, while others are of a dark green hue. In external appearance they resemble closely a piece of bottle glass which has been fused in an open fire, but their mode of occurrence and minute structure renders this explanation impossible.

W. H. Twelvrees, the government geologist, has taken steps to investigate their nature very thoroughly, and specimens have been sent to the chief natural scientists, who are interested in this branch of petrology, both in Germany and America.

The occurrence promises to be almost unique and to be classed with that of the so-called obsidian bombs, the presence of which in the alluvial of Australia and other parts of the world still remains one of the mysteries unsolved by natural science.

## A persistent purpose to produce perfect biscuit

National Biscuit Company is inspired by a persistent purpose to produce perfect biscuit and to deliver them in perfect condition.

The accomplishment of this purpose has resulted in the building of modern bakeries, in the invention of new machinery, in the exercise of unceasing care, in the selection of finest ingredients.

The perfect products of the National Biscuit Company are delivered to you in perfect condition—some in packages with the famous In-er-seal Trade Mark, some in attractive small tins and some from the familiar glass-front cans.

Buy biscuit baked by

## NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Always look for that name

Franklin Mills Flour  
Entire Wheat. Most wholesome flour made. Order of your grocer and enjoy the good things it makes. Write for Cook Book and recipe for Baked Bread free. Franklin Mills Co., 131 State St., Boston

The Largest and Best Equipped  
Dye Works in the World,  
**PULLARS**  
Cleaners & Dyers  
PERTH

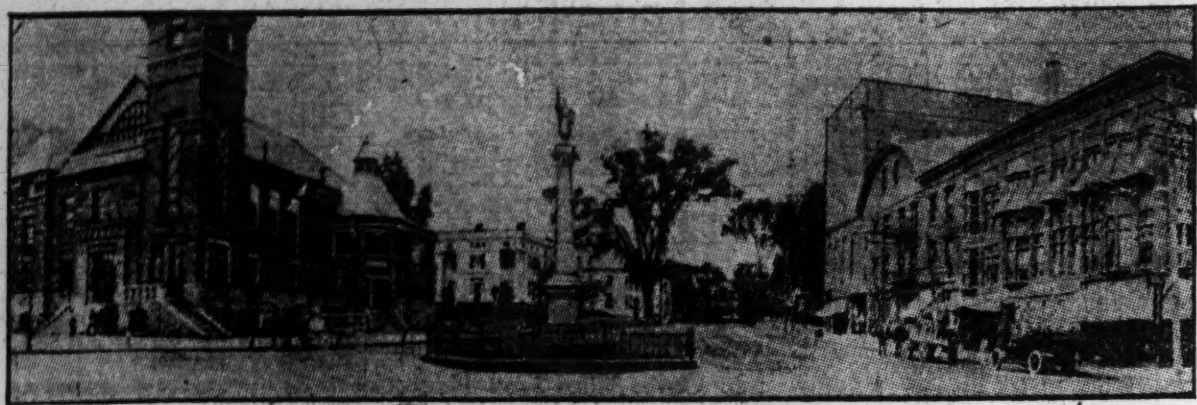
Dainty Evening Gowns and Cloaks, valuable Laces, Furs, etc., can be sent to us with every confidence that our work will give entire satisfaction. Our patrons include many of the elite of British Society, who send us their most expensive costumes; and precious silks, embroideries, carpets etc., are received from far India and other Countries for our Process.

Our illustrated booklet P. "The Dyer's Art," is full of useful information and will be sent free on application to Pullars' Dyeworks, Perth.

MONITOR READERS TRAVEL  
IN  
WAYS PROPOSED  
BY  
MONITOR ADVERTISERS



## DANBURY'S GROWTH IS STEADY



Panorama of Danbury, Conn., business, civic and social center

City hall at left, Soldiers' monument near center, F. S. Wildman's residence, Odd Fellows building and Danbury club showing beyond, opera house at right.

## Early Settled Connecticut Industrial Center Holds Many Points of Interest and Places of Beauty for the Visitor

## PRODUCTS VALUABLE

DANBURY, Conn. — The state which Talleyrand described as a little red spot on the map could, in the year 1684, boast of 26 towns. Of course Norwalk lay close to the fair waters of Long Island sound. On the east were Fairfield and Stratford, on the west Stamford. To the north lay the undiscovered country.

It was in the spring of that year that the "original eight," Thomas Taylor, Francis Bushnell, Thomas Barnard, John Hoyt, James Benedict, Samuel Benedict and Judah Gregory of Norwalk, and James Beebe of Stratford, imbued with the desire to possess, to found and to settle, as had their fathers a half century before, journeyed 23 miles northward and purchased of the Indians six square miles of their "Pleasant Plain" or, in the Indian tongue, "Pahquique."

## Beginning Made

Carefully they considered whether their settlement should be on Town hill, Deer hill or four miles to the east on Stony hill. Between the first two nature had outlined a street, and at its southern extremity building was begun. Four substantial houses were erected on either side, near enough for mutual protection and standing in colonial dignity, their hospitable doors squarely facing each other. The following spring found the families in their new homes, and Danbury, although yet unnamed, embraced about 70 people.

Ninety years later, when the first cannon boomed in the war of the revolution, the population had increased to nearly 2500.

Danbury, today a thriving manufacturing city of 25,000, received its name in 1687, being officially constituted a town in that year. In 1692 a survey was made and the length of the town increased from six to eight miles. In 1702 the "patent" was granted by the General Assembly of the state.

From the ashes of British invasion sprang the larger town, the nucleus of the city of today, and education went forward with rapid strides. Of the earliest schools there remains no record, but a bequest made in 1763 whereby Comfort Starr left £800 for the support of a perpetual school in the center of the town, to be under the direction of the selectmen and civil government, stipulated that this "Public school should be constantly kept by a Learned and Skillful Schoolmaster well able to instruct children and youth in the various branches of Good Literature in English, Greek and Latin Languages and in vulgar arithmetic."

Thus higher education here had its foundation. Many excellent private schools and academies followed and flourished for varying periods, while a public school today is the pride of every section of the city from New street school, with its eighteen rooms devoted to instruction in the eight grammar grades, to those more recently erected on Balmouth and Locust avenues and Morris street, all preparatory to the high school, which has an attractive and up-to-date edifice occupying the site of the home of the late state treasurer, D. P. Nichols, on Main street. Barren Plain road, which in early days was not a misnomer, today as White street is known to all entering the city by the twenty-seven trains which enter the Union station. An eighth of a mile distant is the commodious new state normal school, which trains for teachers many students of western Connecticut.

The first library was opened in 1771 through the efforts of the Rev. Ebenezer

Baldwin. This having been destroyed, a library company was formed in 1793, and known as the Franklin Library, which later was merged into the Mechanics Library Association. The present Danbury library building was erected and endowed by the heirs of E. Moss White. It stands on the site of the White family home, and with its foundation of 25,000 well selected volumes reaches every man, woman and child of the community as a lasting memorial.

## Landmarks Remain

Among the early industries which flourished along with the hat factories were comb and saddle factories, the grinding of sumac for coloring matter, fulling mills and flour and saw mills. News was brought to town from New York by stage once a week, and the Poughkeepsie mail also was a weekly event. The rumble of the stage coach, the crack of the whip and the notes of the bugle must indeed have been a welcome sound while the tavern built by Major Whiting, now the Meeker homestead, with its commodious barns for stage horses, where at least one of the stages "put up," must have been the very center of this small universe.

In 1812 mail stages from Hartford to New York ran through Danbury. This must have been a through route for traffic much earlier, for in 1787 Major Taylor erected in front of his residence a milestone bearing this inscription:

"67 Miles to H.  
68 to N. Y."

This stone erected by Mr. M. Taylor, 1787.

This marker is standing today in its original place, protected by a setting erected by Mary Woosler chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. Between Norwalk and Litchfield the stage ran twice a week.

New York was then, as now, the great market for Danbury products. These were taken by "goods wagons" to Norwalk and thence by sloop to the metropolis. The center of the town was marked by a giant black walnut tree which stood on the E. Moss White lawn. This is now the site of the City National Bank and the center of the city's banking business, the Danbury National, the Danbury Savings and the Union Savings, each in its own handsome structure, being in close proximity. The apple orchard and old fashioned garden around the home of Mrs. Hulda Starr have been known to this generation only as the opera house corner.

Danbury was made a shire town in 1784, dividing the honor with Bridgeport. Three court houses have since seen justice meted out. The present handsome building replaced one that had been in use three quarters of a century. The site of the city hall was occupied a century ago by a comb shop and later by a fur cutting factory. This in turn gave place to a beautiful garden with rows of stately white lilies bordering the path which led through a summer house up to the square white mansion, long the home of F. S. Wildman, whose name in banking stood with those of the foremost financiers of the state.

The recently erected Danbury Club and Odd Fellows hall nearby stand on the West street and Foster street corner of this estate. In early days the postoffice was in a little store next south of the present Masonic hall. A government building is soon to be its permanent abode.

Union lodge, F. & A. M., was instituted in 1780, 11 years before Danbury had its first newspaper. A children's home founded 75 years ago is under the supervision and loving care of a board of managers who have the cooperation of the majority of the citizens.

Among the foot-hills of the Berkshires, Danbury is guarded by a circle of heights, Moses mountain, Thomas mountain, Town mountain, Clapboard ridge

and Shelter rock, where four brigades of the Continental army encamped in the winter of 1778.

## Industries Grow

The daily output of Danbury's first hat maker was but three hats. Now 30 great plants produce each day thousands of dozens of hats which go to all parts of the world.

While that manufacturing and allied interests account for practically 80 per cent of the city's industrial strength, Danbury has metal ware and silver plating factories, shirt factories, wire mills, underwear shops, foundries, machine shops, commercial printing concerns and paper box factories. There are nearly 125 manufacturing plants in the city with invested capital of approximately \$5,000,000, paying annual wages of \$3,000,000. Danbury's manufactured product has a total annual value of close to \$10,000,000.

Danbury also is a city of beautiful homes. The New York business man locates here because the city is convenient to New York and because it has good train service and good roads for automobile travel. Homes of retired business men, beautiful country seats crown the nearby hills.

The city's clubs and social activities are representative, and the beautiful scenery for which Danbury is famous invariably appeals to visitors. Danbury offers many beautiful drives close at hand, and its churches and public buildings bespeak moral responsibility and civic pride.

## LOS ANGELES MAN IS SECRETARY OF BIG OIL EXCHANGE

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Hooper Cameron Dunbar attended the public schools in Salt Lake City. Later he entered Mercersburg Academy at Mercersburg, Pa., from which he was graduated in 1903, entering Princeton University in the class of 1907.

After leaving college he came to Los Angeles, where he engaged in the brokerage business. For five years he has been



HOOPER CAMERON DUNBAR

a member of the Los Angeles stock exchange, of which institution he is the secretary. This is probably the largest oil exchange in the world.

Mr. Dunbar is a member of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce and the Municipal League. In the latter organization he is chairman of the public utilities committee, which has given considerable attention to the investigation of the best means to insure efficiency in municipal government.

## OREGON'S CREW TO BE ON BATTLESHIP

WASHINGTON—The desire of the 50 San Francisco members of the crew of the battleship Oregon to be on her decks when she leads the international fleet through the Panama canal in 1915 will be gratified.

As Congress stipulates the term of enlistment shall be four years, it hardly would be possible to allow the sailors to reenlist for a shorter period, but Secretary Daniels is considering a plan to invite as many of the old officers and men of the Oregon as he can assemble to make the trip.

DRESSMAKING CLASS PLANNED  
CLEVELAND, O.—A class in practical dressmaking will probably be started in the continuation school about Nov. 1, says the Free Press.

## MONITORIALS

By NIXON WATERMAN

## THE GOAL

And east and west, adown the mountain  
Glad streams flow, far and free,  
To reach, at last—each high-born fountain—  
The selfsame sea.

All spheres wherein brave ones have striven  
For goodness are divine:  
You in your path may find the heaven,  
And I in mine.

## WHY NOT?

"I wonder why Blixton came to buy an automobile?"  
"He tells me he got it with the hope that it will help him to keep up with his running expenses."

## PAPA'S PART

"Bread and cheese and kisses,"  
The engaged young pair  
Planned, once they were wedded,  
That should be their fare.  
Said she to her sire:  
"Papa, if you please,  
All that you need buy us  
Is the bread and cheese."

If the motion to dispense with breakfast is successfully carried out, why cannot the high cost of living problem be fully solved by dispensing with dinner and supper likewise?

## PERHAPS

"What is your opinion of the new income tax law?"  
"I think it is going to prove to be very unpopular. Those whose incomes are so large that they have to be taxed won't like it, while those whose incomes are too small to be taxed will feel that they aren't being given a fair chance."

## ENTERTAINED

"This world is all a fleeting show,"  
Say some, in tones of gloom,  
While the optimist is glad, you know,  
To find there's "standing room."

## EDITORIAL COMMENT

CEPAR RAPIDS GAZETTE.—Business Manager Field of the Chicago Tribune, addressing the Iowa Ad Club convention at Davenport declared people read the papers as much for the

store news as for other news. That is a fact which every up-to-date merchant appreciates. He knows that if he does not tell the people what he has in his store, and do the telling through the medium of the newspaper, he might as well go out of business. The very large percentage of people are readers of the newspapers. And almost as large a percentage read the store news and do their buying after consulting the advertising pages.

HONOLULU STAR-BULLETIN.—The recently-organized extension department of the College of Hawaii has sent out a statement on the aims and ideals and developments of the institution that deserves wide publicity.

The point is made that the College of Hawaii is the culmination of the free educational system of the territory. In the educational policy of the territory, the college sustains a similar relation to the high schools that the high schools sustain to the primary and grammar schools. As those who have passed through the grammar grades may freely avail themselves of the high schools, so those who have completed with credit a high school course may advance to the opportunities offered by the college. It is not expected that all pupils who complete the grammar grades will advance to the high school, nor is it expected that all who complete a high school course will go forward to the college. But the school system of the territory has been so arranged as to make the passage from one grade to another as easy and natural as possible, in order to afford every encouragement to higher education. The territory through the college undertakes to furnish instruction in the various branches requisite for a liberal education, in the technical branches of engineering, agriculture, sugar technology and home economics. It also aims to encourage research work in all departments, to produce scholars, and so do its part in the enlargement of the domain of knowledge.

Thus it is the general policy of the institution to foster the educational interests of the territory. By prescribing a large number of studies during the first two years of undergraduate work, and by leaving a large part of the work of the last two years to the free selection of the student, under a definite system, the college endeavors to give a wise measure of direction, leaving at the same time sufficient room for choice to encourage individual adaptation and special development. The graduate work is, of course, wholly elective.

NEW YORK.—Delegates to the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union convention which closed on Monday elected Congressman Richard Pearson Hobson of Alabama to membership in the organization. This was done in recognition of Mr. Hobson's having introduced a resolution in Congress to prohibit throughout the United States the sale of alcoholic liquors.

Mrs. Annie K. Wiesel, head of the Alabama delegation, who made the motion announced that the W. C. T. U. of that state would contribute his \$100 membership fee.

The closing session of the ninth triennial convention was devoted to one-minute addresses, of which 100 were made by members of the convention, representing 30 countries.

Delegates of each country went to the platform and sang their national anthem. It was announced that \$1000 had been raised during the convention by collections.

The next world's convention, in 1916, probably will be held in Australia.

Mrs. Sarah L. Oberholzer of Philadelphia, in charge of the department of school savings and thrift, announced that more than \$5,428,013 had been saved by school children in the United States the last 20 years in the school savings banks organized by the W. C. T. U.

Rosalind, Countess of Carlisle, was on Monday reelected president of the organization and Mrs. Lillian M. Stevens of Portland, Me., vice-president. Miss Anna A. Gordon of Evanston, Ill., was reelected secretary and Miss Mary E. Sanderson of Canada treasurer.

## The Topakyan Collection of Oriental Rugs is Now on Sale at Wanamaker's

H AIGAZOUN H. TOPAKYAN (Imperial Commissioner of the Shah of Persia and Persian Consul-General at New York) has a world-wide reputation as a man whose judgment in Oriental rugs is next to infallible.

Most of the great rug collectors of the world have at one time or another turned to Mr. Topakyan for guidance. His decisions in Oriental Rugs are like J. P. Morgan's in the world of finance—final.

A purchaser in choosing from this collection is assured, therefore, of the choicest examples of the rug weavers' art of the Orient.

Choicest as to weaves, textures, designs and all those aesthetic qualities which go into the making of Oriental rugs of the finest grades.

Mr. Topakyan paid \$57,000 (as his books show) for this collection of rugs, and we are offering them in this sale for \$45,000—for less than so wise a buyer as Mr. Topakyan paid for them.

It is certainly not an exaggeration to say that not once in a lifetime does such a remarkable opportunity as this present itself to the collector of Orientals. To see them alone is a feast to the eye—they are so beautiful.

In addition to the Topakyan collection there are four other lots of both rugs and carpets amounting to \$175,000 worth, making in all

\$340,000 Worth of Oriental Rugs and Carpets  
Selling for \$220,000

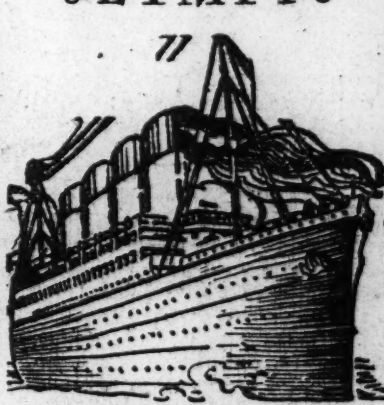
Fourth Gallery, New Building.

John Wanamaker

Broadway at Ninth Street, New York

## THE WHITE STAR LINE'S

## "OLYMPIC"



LONDON—PARIS  
VIA PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG  
and SOUTHAMPTON

Nov. 15<sup>th</sup> AM Dec. 13<sup>th</sup>

## WHITE STAR LINE

Boston Queenstown Liverpool  
ONE CLASS CABIN (11) SERVICE  
\$52.50 AND UP, according to steamer

ARABIC, Nov. 18, noon; Dec. 15  
CYMBRIG, Nov. 20, noon; Dec. 18  
Cymric sails from New York City.

Boston Azores Mediterranean  
Credit, Nov. 3, noon; Caspico, Nov. 27 11 A.M.

## LEYLAND LINE

Boston—Liverpool (Direct)  
One Class Cabin Service (11) \$50

Wini, Nov. 1, 11:30 A.M.; Canadian, Nov. 22  
Devonia, Nov. 29, 6 A.M.; Hamman, Nov. 29

OFFICE, 84 STATE ST., BOSTON  
Telephone Main 4930

## NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Nov. 6  
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Nov. 11  
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Nov. 18

Fast Mail Sailings  
Friedrich der Grosse, Oct. 30  
George Washington, Nov. 1  
Bremen, Nov. 8

London—Paris—Bremen  
Baltimore—Bremen direct: one  
cabin (11); Wednesdays.

Sailings on SATURDAY for  
The Mediterranean  
Berlin, Nov. 1  
Princess Irene, Nov. 15

Through rates from Egypt, India  
and PAKISTAN  
New York to  
and PAKISTAN

South America Via Europe  
Independent  
Trips, starting  
any time or place  
\$26.50

WEST INDIES & PANAMA  
CANAL  
Cruises during Jan., Feb. & Mar.

OELECHES & CO., Gen. Agents  
55-57 State St., Boston

to New York \$2.65  
Via Rail and Boat. Daily and Sunday.  
THE ONLY INDEPENDENT LINE  
OPERATING BETWEEN  
NEW ENGLAND AND NEW YORK

COLONIAL LINE  
822 Wash. St.  
Phone F. 11, 278

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE  
Regular Sailings to  
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG  
607 Boylston Street, Boston

## CUNARD

LIVERPOOL—LONDON—PARIS  
Calling at Queenstown

From Boston  
SAXONIA, Sails Nov. 14, 9 a.m.

ALAUNIA (Built 1913)  
Carrying only one Cabin (11)

SPECIAL CHRISTMAS SAILING  
Sails Dec. 9, 6 a.m. (Maiden Trip)  
Calling at Portland same day.

From New York  
CARMANIA, Nov. 1, 10 a.m.  
LUSITANIA, Nov. 5, 1 a.m.

\*Does not call at Queenstown.

New York—Mediterranean  
SPECIAL WINTER CRUISES

FRANCONIA,  
Nov. 15, Jan. 8, Feb. 24

LACONIA, Dec. 2, Jan. 22

CARONIA, Jan. 31, March 17  
Send for Booklet, CUNARD TOURS.

126 State St. Tel. F. H. 4000

## SAIL by the new

## Boston Service

—OF THE—  
Hamburg-American Line

—TO—  
LONDON (Plymouth)

PARIS (Boulogne)  
and HAMBURG

Assuring Arrival in Paris by Day  
PALATIAL STEAMERS

S. S. Moltke, Nov. 22, 10 A.M.  
S. S. Hamburg, Dec. 6

From Commonwealth Pier,  
South Boston.

607 Boylston Street  
Telephone B. B. 4468,  
BOSTON, MASS.

## Great White Fleet

Delightful Autumn and Winter  
cruises from 18 to 24 days to  
JAMAICA, PANAMA CANAL,  
CENTRAL & SOUTH AMERICA

in snow-white steamships, built  
with every device for comfort  
in Southern waters. From New  
York every Wed. and Sat.

From New Orleans every Thurs.  
and Sat.

NEW BOSTON SERVICE  
Beginning Jan. 1st, the new  
Steamers "Sizala," "Triton,"  
"Garrigue" will sail every Thurs-  
day from Boston for Jamaica,  
Panama Canal and Costa Rica.

UNITED FRUIT CO. Steamship Service  
Large Fruit, Eastern—17 Battery Pl. N. Y.  
or Any Authorized Tourist  
or Ticket Agent

The Hotel and Travel  
Department of The  
Christian Science Monitor

is always at your service and  
is fully equipped to supply any  
information desired about  
steamship lines, sailing dates,  
train connections, hotel accom-  
modations, and will make res-  
ervations, and purchase tickets  
to any point in the world de-  
sired. The Hotel and Travel  
Department is always ready to  
give the traveling public the  
full benefit of its complete  
facilities.

Address  
HOTEL AND TRAVEL  
DEPARTMENT  
Falmouth and St. Paul Streets  
Boston

## WHERE OLD MILESTONE STANDS



(Copyright by L. F. Ising, Danbury, Conn.)

Major Taylor's homestead, Danbury, a Revolutionary house



## MR. BIRD TAKES STAND ON THE R. R. QUESTION

In Answer to Foss' Charge That He Did Not Consider It an Issue Progressive Leader Makes Legislative Recommendations

### CANDIDATES ARE BUSY

On his campaign tour from Fall River to Boston today Charles S. Bird, Progressive candidate for Governor, took a definite position on the railroad problem. His remarks are in answer to Governor Foss' recent statement that apparently Mr. Bird did not consider the railroad problem an issue in the campaign.

Here are his recommendations:

First; That the New Haven should be managed for the safety and service of the people.

Second; That the New Haven should give up all merger rights which it obtained from the Legislature.

Third; That the New Haven should prepare to turn over the Boston & Maine to the commonwealth in case the policy of the Progressive party, of referring the question to the vote of the people, results in a vote to take over the Boston & Maine.

Fourth; That the New Haven should make a full disclosure of its past manipulations of the Massachusetts Legislature.

Mr. Bird is to have out-door rallies in East Boston, Charlestown and the North and West Ends of Boston tonight and probably several afternoon rallies in the business district following his regularly scheduled speeches at the following places earlier in the day: East Bridge-water, Whitman, Abington, Rockland, South Weymouth, East Weymouth, Weymouth, South Braintree, Braintree.

Gov. Hiram Johnson of California arrives in Boston today to help Mr. Bird. Tonight Governor Johnson will speak in Whittier hall, Everett, and in Bloomfield hall, Dorchester. Tomorrow noon he will speak at the factory gates of the Waltham Watch Company, the Howard Watch Company and the Metz Automobile Company in Waltham. Tomorrow evening he will speak in town hall, Hudson.

Speaking at a rally in front of the Lowell city hall last night, Governor Foss asked Congressman Gardner and Mr. Bird to withdraw as candidates for Governor or he would charge them with being parties to a conspiracy to turn the state over to the Boston Democratic leaders, Thomas P. Riley, Martin Lomasney and John F. Fitzgerald, through the election of David I. Walsh.

In reply to the Governor's request to withdraw, Mr. Bird said that he has been into nearly every city and town of the state and finds but few Foss supporters. He said that he doubted if the Governor could get more than 10,000 votes.

Lieutenant-Governor Walsh said that he may reply to the Governor's statements at a later time.

Governor Foss goes to western Massachusetts today to begin a three-day speaking engagement there and in central Massachusetts. His schedule calls for a speech tonight at Holyoke, and Wednesday night at Worcester.

Congressman A. P. Gardner goes to Bridgewater and Taunton tonight to speak at rallies there. He is to be accompanied by United States Senator Albert B. Cummins of Iowa, who has come to Massachusetts expressly to help the Essex county congressman.

Senator Cummins' schedule has been rearranged so that he does not go to Springfield tonight, as originally planned. President Alexander McGregor of the Republican Club of Massachusetts is to preside at the Tremont Temple meeting Saturday night, at which all the candidates on the state ticket, Senators Borah and Weeks and former Governor Guild are to be present.

Referring again to his position on the New Haven railroad situation, Congressman Gardner said in part at a rally in Lawrence last night: "Mr. Foss says that if I am elected Governor there will be a friend of the New Haven railroad in the chair. I think that statement is probably true, because I believe that Howard Elliott means to give the people of New England fair play and means to shake off the control of outside interests. If he does not do so, he will not find a friend of the New Haven railroad in the Governor's chair if I am there."

Lieutenant-Governor Walsh and other candidates of the Democratic state ticket are touring Cape Cod today with scheduled speeches at the following places: West Barnstable, Hyannis, Centerville, Cotuit, Falmouth, Woods Hole, Buzzards Bay, Onset and Wareham.

The Democratic state-ticket tour tonight, with Lieutenant-Governor Walsh as the chief speaker, is scheduled to include rallies at Taunton, Fall River, New Bedford, Norwood, Walpole and Norfolk.

## EVENING SCHOOLS SHOW GROWTH

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Attendance at the common evening schools this fall, which have just closed their third week, shows an increase of 250 over the figures for the corresponding time last year, according to statistics received from the various schools by Superintendent Isaac O. Winslow. The average attendance per evening last week was 1825, compared with 1576 for the third week last year.

## CONGREGATIONALISTS HEAR OF MISSION CONDITIONS FROM MANY PARTS OF THE FIELD

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—The Rev. Charles T. Erickson, a missionary from Albania, in an address Monday night in connection with the National Council of Congregational churches, declared it to be the duty of the churches, especially the Congregational church in America to lead Albania to a peaceful future.

Miss Ellen M. Stone of Boston, who attained international notice 12 years ago when she was captured by Bulgarian bandits and held for \$65,000 ransom, also described conditions in the Balkans.

Most of Monday's sessions were given over to the missionaries of the church, who told of conditions in their districts abroad.

The national council Monday appealed to President Wilson to use his influence to prevent separation of negro and white clerks in government offices throughout the country, when it adopted unanimously a resolution proposed jointly by the Rev. A. C. Griner of Washington and the Rev. H. H. Proctor of Augusta, Ga., negroes.

Indorsement of the Protestant Episcopal church's plan to send a commission to Great Britain to create interest in a world conference on religion, looking to the unity of all churches, was given by the council when it adopted a favorable resolution.

The Rev. John Howland, a veteran missionary of the American board in Mexico, made an address in which he outlined the work in Mexico.

The Rev. Charles E. Ewing who has spent 19 years in Tientsin, China, where he has been in close touch with all the modern movements that have brought the missionary work in that republic into prominence, delivers his address this morning. Lyman P. Peet, recently returned from China where he has worked

for 25 years as the head of Foochow College, also speaks today.

Dr. Thomas B. Scott who has spent 20 years in the island of Ceylon where he is in charge of the American board hospital, reports on medical missions in Ceylon.

William C. Bell, who has just returned from his work on the west coast of Africa, makes an appeal for schools and churches in his district.

The Rev. Merlin W. Ennis reports on conditions in Portuguese West Africa; Dr. Charles T. Sibley, medical missionary from Davao, where the Philippine station of the American board is located, spoke Monday afternoon on "Foreign Missions Under the Flag."

The Rev. Charles H. Maxwell, who is located at Esidumbini, Natal, was another speaker at the Monday afternoon session.

Dr. Cornelius H. Patton, the home secretary of the American board of missions, in his triennial report, brings out in a striking way the steady increase of interest that is being shown in the missionary enterprise. For the first time in its history, in the present triennium, the board's income has passed the \$1,000,000 mark in each of the three years, the total for that period reaching \$3,100,500, as compared with \$2,668,190 for the preceding three years. This gain of over \$440,000 is one of the chief causes of satisfaction in the present report of the board. It reveals an average gain per year of \$147,033.33. Almost an even \$100,000 of this increase for the three years was given by the churches and individuals, with practically \$90,000 from the young people in the Sunday schools and Christian Endeavor societies. Gains of more than \$100,000 are made by the income from permanent funds, from the gifts of the woman's boards and from the gifts for special objects not included in the board's general treasury.

## TEMPORARY FORM ANNOUNCED FOR INCOME TAX COLLECTION

WASHINGTON—Commissioner of Internal Revenue Osborn issued at 11 o'clock Monday night revised regulations for the collection of the income tax as provided for by the Underwood-Simmons tariff law.

These include a form of temporary certificate which may be used only prior to Nov. 16, 1913, subject to substitution. In commenting on this form the commissioner says:

"In view of the fact that the time required for the interpretation of the law and preparation and issuance of these regulations brings the date so near Nov. 1, and that many coupons payable upon that date are already in transit without the prescribed certificates attached, with a desire to cause as small an amount of inconvenience as possible to bondholders and general business as may be compatible with the provisions of the law and of these regulations, the following temporary provision is made: 'On Nov. 1, 1913, and for 15 days thereafter, coupons presented to a deb-

tor need not be accompanied by certificates in any of the forms hereinbefore described, provided that such coupons are accompanied by a certificate substantially in following form:

"I (we) hereby certify that I am (we are) lawfully entitled to present for payment the accompanying coupons of interest orders amounting to \$— (giving amount) representing interest matured on the following bonds— (giving name of debtor and designating the description, style and number of the bonds); that said coupons or interest orders came into my (our) possession unaccompanied by a certificate of ownership of said bonds, in any of the forms required by the regulations of the United States treasury department; and that the name and address of the owner of such bonds are as follows:— (giving name and address of owner; if impossible to do this, so state)."

"Name of person, firm or corporation presenting coupons:—"

"Address:—"

## SPRINGFIELD GETS \$6000 FOR ITS GROUP DEDICATION FUND

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—City council last night voted to provide \$6000 to help carry out the dedicatory exercises of the municipal group on Dec. 8 and 9. Councilman Grady objected to the employment of out-of-town musicians.

Councilman Broadhurst, speaking from the chair, said that some of the \$6000 would go into a dinner for heads of city departments and for councilmen, and that other sums would probably be spent for an elaborate illumination of Court square during the two evenings of the dedication.

## HUMANE SOCIETY ELECTS PRESIDENT

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Judge Charles Matteson was elected president of the Rhode Island Humane Educational Society to succeed Judge John H. Stines at the quarterly meeting of the board of directors of the society held Monday afternoon at the state house.

Edward C. Parker was elected as auditor in place of Albert C. Day.

## NATIONAL COMMITTEE OUT TO RAISE FUND TO HELP FILIPINO

NEW YORK—A national committee has been formed to help the work of Bishop Charles H. Brent in the Philippines. Bishop Brent will return to the Philippine Islands on Nov. 8, to continue his work among the Moro tribes. His friends in the United States have just organized a National Committee for Up-building the Wards of the Nation. This committee is working under the auspices of the Harmony Club of America, which has a membership of several thousand men and women throughout the United States.

On the committee are Dr. Francis E. Clark, president United Society of Christian Endeavor; Admiral George Dewey, Mrs. Adam Denmead, national president Daughters of the King; Mrs. Henry M. Flagler, Ralph M. Grant, Maj. Henry L. Higginson of Boston, Congressman Richmond Pearson Hobson, Mrs. Donald McLean, William R. Moody, president of the Northfield schools; John R. Mott,

## ROCKLAND CHURCH HOLDS CENTENARY

ROCKLAND, Mass.—There was a large attendance last night at the centenary of the First Congregational church, when historical exercises were held. The Rev. John C. Prince, the pastor, presided.

An historical paper was read by Miss Gertrude Bigelow of Boston, a former Rockland girl. Interesting letters were read from Mrs. Horace D. Walker, the wife of a former pastor, and others.

Frank A. Arnold of New York city gave reminiscences of the early nineties, and the Rev. Fred Hovey Allen of New York told of his pastorate here. Miss Marion Herbert Studley read an original anniversary poem.

## WORK STARTS ON HOTEL

Work will be started this week by the Boston & Maine railroad on a new hotel building on the summit of Mt. Washington, to take the place of the old summit house, destroyed by fire in 1908.

## TECH SHOW MANAGER CHOSEN

Charles R. Lord '16 has been chosen to act as business manager of the Tech show this year. Mr. Lord's home is in Newton. He is a member of Delta Kappa Epsilon.

# A Most Complete Showing of American-Made Floor Coverings

Designs and Colorings to Harmonize With the Modern Furnishings

Representing all the well-known  
makers of RUGS in this country

**Royal Wilton Rugs**—Best quality, in Oriental designs and colorings. . . . . Size 18x36 in., 2.50—to—11.3x15 ft., 75.00

**Axminster Rugs**—Oriental designs and desirable colorings, from a leading manufacturer. . . . . Size 22½x36 in., 1.50—to—11.3x15 ft., 38.50

**Whittall's New Imperial Persian Rug**—A seamless, high pile rug exclusive with us. Shown in Serebend designs. . . . . Size 6x9 ft., at 55.00

**Cotton Bath Room Rugs**—Light blue, pink, light and dark green and dark blue. Size 18x36 in., 1.25—to—3x6 ft., 5.00

**Heather Art Rugs**—Very durable and inexpensive; colors—green, brown, tan and rose, in plain and all-over designs. Exclusive with us. . . . . Size 3x6 ft., 2.85—to—9x12 ft., 15.75

**One of the Rugs** now very much in favor. Reversible, with band borders. Solid colors—tan, green, rose, blue and brown. . . . . Size 18x36 in., 1.75—to—9x12 ft., 35.00

**British Art Rugs**—Light and dark colorings, many in exclusive designs. . . . . Size 3x6 ft., 7.50—to—9x12 ft., 40.00

**English Mohair Rugs**—For living rooms, chambers, etc. Colors—blue, red, pink, green, gray, tan and others. . . . . Size 18x36 in., 3.00—to—4x7 ft., 16.50

**Sundour Rugs**—Washable English cotton rugs in artistic designs and light colorings. Exclusive with us. . . . . Size 2x4 ft., 3.25—to—2.9x5 ft., 6.50

**Whittall's Anglo-Persian Rugs**—The finest of American-made Wilton rugs. Designs are reproductions of the choice Persian weaves. . . . . Size 22½x36 in., 4.25—to—11.3x15 ft., 102.00

**Body Brussels Rugs**—Best quality, very desirable designs and colorings. Suitable for Dining Rooms, Chambers and Living Rooms.

**Seamless, High Pile Axminster Rugs**—Oriental designs. . . . . Size 36x70 in., 4.00—to—9x12 ft., 28.50

**Hartford Saxony Rugs**—Very durable, in a wide range of sizes and choice colorings. . . . . Size 27x36 in., 3.50—to—11.3x15 ft., 87.50

Solid Colored Chenille Rugs Made to Order

Chamber Rugs—*Shaiki Noir, Palatine Shaiki, English Garden, Cambridge and Kenberma* in light colorings.

New England's Greatest Floor Covering Store—Fifth Floor, New Building

# Jordan Marsh Company

## COMMITTEE AT WORK ON MONEY BILL'S DETAILS

Members Do Not Expect Consideration of Measure's Forms to Be Further Delayed by Hearings Except of Experts

### PROF. JENKS IS HEARD

WASHINGTON—The first day's session for executive consideration of the administration currency bill by the Senate banking committee resolved itself into a hearing behind closed doors. The committee spent the day in secret session with Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks of the University of the City of New York on the stand.

Professor Jenks, in response to requests made when he was on the stand last week, returned to Washington to present a plan he had drawn for the establishment of a government-controlled central bank to dominate the financial system. He indorsed the central bank plan proposed by Frank A. Vanderlip and declared that in many of its details said plan was more nearly an ideal currency scheme than his own proposal.

Professor Jenks' plan contemplates the establishment of a federal central bank under the control and management of government officials with branches in various places. With this organization to take the place of the 12 regional reserve banks proposed in the administration bill, the Jenks plan follows closely the Owen-Glass measure in the working out of details.

The committee discussed informally the opening of the stock of the regional banks to public subscription, or providing for capitalization of the banks by the government in order to obviate forcing the banks to subscribe.

Members of the committee said that they expected executive consideration of the bill would not be further delayed by hearing witnesses except as experts are called in to pass on proposed amendments.

## MR. VANDERLIP HAS NO INTENTION OF CONFUSING ISSUE

NEW YORK—Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the National City Bank, issued a statement Monday in reply to one issued in Washington by Carter Glass, chairman of the House banking and currency committee.

"I regret," says the statement, "that the chairman of the House committee feels that I have drawn a red herring across the path of currency legislation. If a plan for a government controlled central bank is a confusing factor in the

political situation, the men who are responsible for it are members of the Senate committee on banking and currency. I have been merely acting at their request to draft a plan which would embody principles which they firmly held."

"The principle of a government controlled bank, giving to all borrowers the same rate, originated with members of the Senate committee, not with me. Nothing can be further from my purpose than to confuse the legislative situation."

## EDITOR BOWLES URGES ETHICS IN JOURNALISM

NEW YORK—No occupation in which men engage demands a higher standard of ethics than journalism, according to Samuel Bowles, of the Springfield Republican, who spoke to the students at the Columbia University School of Journalism Monday on "Art and Conscience in Newspaper Making." Careless or dishonest discharge of his duties may easily make an editor an enemy of society instead of its natural protector and champion, Mr. Bowles said.

"The newspaper should be a work of art," he declared. "Why not? The newspaper pretends to be a public educator. As such it is accorded by the people, through their government, a special low rate for its transmission through the mails. Should it not then in common honesty refrain from exercising a degrading influence upon the public taste by its physical appearance?"

## STORE NEWS

E. J. Frost, vice-president of the William Filene Sons Company, in company with Mrs. Frost, sailed on the Canopic for the Mediterranean and Naples. This is a trip for rest and recreation, and Mr. Frost expects to be away from the store but a few weeks.

George J. G. Jackson who has been a salesman in the imported colored goods department of the Jordan Marsh Company for 26 years, has retired from active work and is given a pension by the firm. He has refused higher positions because of his love of work connected with the selling of goods. He is called an expert on colors.

A. Bettinson is a new employee of C. F. Hovey & Co., having joined the elevator force.

Miss Coral Baird, who has acted as timekeeper for the Magrane Houston Company during the absence of Miss Mary Daly, has been transferred to the receiving room.

**MISS ELKINS IS MARRIED**  
ELKINS, W. Va.—Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of the late United States Senator Stephen B. Elkins, was married here on Monday to William F. R. Hitt, son of the late Representative Hitt of Illinois.

## \$18,000 PAIR OF RARE STAMPS IS EXHIBIT FEATURE

These Are Only Few of \$2,000-000 International Display Which Opens in New York

NEW YORK—At the opening exercises Monday night of what is said to be the most elaborate exhibition of postage stamps ever held, addresses were delivered by Thomas W. Churchill, president of the board of education; Joseph E. Ralph, director of the bureau of engraving and printing, at Washington; Brigadier General Charles A. Coolidge, U. S. A., retired, president of the American Philatelic Association, and Frederick R. Cornwall, once president of the association. The exhibition is being held in the Engineering Societies building, 25 West Thirty-ninth street, under the auspices of the Association for Stamp Exhibitions. It is the first international exhibition ever held in this country and the exhibits are said to be worth more than \$2,000,000.

The exhibition occupies three floors of the building, and according to John A. Klemann, secretary of the association, the stamps being shown are the most valuable in the world. The prizes offered have attracted 300 exhibitors, who are showing about 275,000 stamps. In the lot there are two considered the most precious in the world, that were issued to cost three pennies, but are now called the "18,000 pair." These are unused copies of the one and two penny stamps of Mauritius, exhibited by H. J. Duveen, of London, who is said to have a stamp collection valued at \$1,000,000.

Next in interest are three "Alexandrias" shown by George H. Worthington, of Cleveland, Ohio, who is said to have the most valuable collection of stamps in the world, with the single exception of that of La Renotiere of Paris.

## METHODISTS NAME DATES FOR THEIR SPRING MEETINGS

ST. LOUIS—Semi-annual sessions of the bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church ended Monday and delegates departed for Indianapolis, where they will attend the Methodist Men's convention. Assignments were made for the annual conferences in the spring. Bishop Luther B. Wilson will have the New York conferences—that of eastern New York March 3; New York, April 1; East German at Brooklyn, April 15, and Newark, N. J., March 18.

Bishop William A. Quayle of St. Paul is sent East to the Delaware conference, April 1. He will conduct the East Swedish conference in his own district March 25.

Bishop Earl Cranston of Washington begins presiding on New Year's day at the Washington conference.

## HARVARD DEAN IS SILENT OVER COUNCIL DEMAND

Dean Byron S. Hurlbut of Harvard College would make no comment today concerning the action of the Boston city council in directing the finance commission to invite him to explain to them in person specifically what he referred to in his article in the Harvard Illustrated Magazine charging corruption in Boston politics. He would not say what his next step would be.

Councilor Earnest E. Smith, a Harvard graduate, contended that a proper course would be for the council to interrogate the dean directly if at all about the matter.

James A. Watson, after introducing his order, which was passed, wanted Dean Hurlbut to support his charges by appearing before Chairman Sullivan of the finance commission, who had received from Harvard an honorary degree for services rendered in investigating political conditions in Boston.

## AMUSEMENTS Boston Opera House

## EXTRA MATINEE

## PAVLOVA

TOMORROW AT 2 SHARP

## Farewell Performance WEDNESDAY NIGHT AT 8 SHARP

## ORIENTALE

The Sensational Ballet will be given at both performances.  
Tickets at Box Office and at Steiner's, 162 Boylston St. Prices \$1 to \$3.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS USED

## ELMENDORF

SYMPHONY HALL  
5 FRIDAY EVENINGS, 8:15  
5 SATURDAY MATINEES, 2:15  
TWO COURSES EXACTLY ALIKE

The Other Side of the World  
Nov. 7 and 8. . . . . CZECH  
Nov. 14 and 15. . . . . SOUTHERN INDIA  
Nov. 21 and 22. . . . . WESTERN INDIA  
Nov. 28 and 29. . . . . EASTERN INDIA  
Dec. 5 and 6. . . . . JAVA  
COURSE TICKETS, \$4, \$3, \$2.50, NOW

SYMPHONY HALL  
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 2, AT 3:30  
Philharmonic Society  
OF N. Y.  
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor  
KREISLER SOLOIST  
Prices \$2, \$1.50, \$1 and 50c



# FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

## DRAWN UP TO FORM DRAPERY

Two-piece skirt with high or natural waist line

THE newest skirts are drawn up at the front to form drapery. This one also shows graceful folds at the back. The overlapping edges are slightly curved and the little opening that these curved edges make is extremely pretty. The skirt will be found a good one for the street costume and for the indoor gown, for the greater number of suitings are so soft that they can be draped with perfect success.

Silks will be extensively worn and the soft silks are beautiful made in this way. Among new materials is a Canton crepe, which is heavier than crepe de chine, and which takes wonderfully beautiful lines and folds.

There are only two pieces of the skirt, the edges being lapped at the front and back. The top is gathered whether the skirt is finished at the high or the natural waist line.

For the medium size, the skirt will require 4 1/2 yards of material 27, three yards 38 or 44 inches wide. The width at the lower edge is one yard and 12 inches.

The pattern of the skirt (8006), is cut in sizes from 22 to 30 inches waist measure. It can be bought at any Manton agency, or will be sent by mail. Address 102 West Thirty-second street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.



## CURTAINS WHICH ARE REVERSIBLE

WASHABLE window curtains may be made to wear nearly twice as long if both ends are of the same width, so that it is not always the same end of the curtain that is exposed to sun, wind and dust.

When the lower end becomes soiled, while the top is still spotless, the curtains may be taken from the rod, dusted and aired, and after pressing out the wrinkles, be reversed and placed upon rod and used until again soiled at the bottom. This saves nearly half of the laundering and consequently wear and tear of the curtains.—Los Angeles Express.

## OLD GREEK STYLE

The fad of placing several fabrics in various shades one above the other is adapted from the fashions of Greek women of about a century ago, says the New York Press. In those days one trailing transparent gown was worn over another, embroidery over embroidery and fringe over fringe.

## THINGS THE HANDY MAN CAN DO

Home kept up and money saved

THERE is hardly any branch of simple carpentry that a man cannot master by experience and self-teaching, says the New York Sun. If you are thinking of having bookshelves built in that front upstairs bedroom, if you will figure the amount of lumber necessary, carefully plan on paper its construction and go ahead with it in your odd moments, it is quite likely that afterwards in figuring your time at union rates, you will find that you have done a wise thing; you have enjoyed the work, saved half the price, gained in experience and secured a set of very interesting shelves.

There are window seats you could build in the ideal house, flower boxes, settles and garden benches for out of doors. You can seal with "compo board" that unfinished attic space over the kitchen making a second maid's room, or enclose with slats a little workshop for yourself in the cellar near an area light.

There is the dove-cote you might erect in the hedges in yard beyond the garage. Hot frames for seed starting, trellises for vegetables and planing for celery,

all will give the handy man something to do.

A wood box for the living room, plant stands, porch furniture and even the putting up of curtain poles in the closets for dress and coat hangers will be interesting enough work and give endless satisfaction when in use. From the roughest of this work to the finest carving of a wood block for printing on curtain stuffs—all is absorbing to the handy man.

The refinishing of furniture, repolishing and repairing and the restoration of old pieces, is an art not at all out of the reach of every man and woman and fascinating enough. Walls and floors can be done by home talent at a great saving.

The handy man should be his own plumber to a very small extent. He should at least familiarize himself with the different pipe lines in the house that he may know just where the cut-off valves are located, for in the ideal home the water supply to each fixture may be separately shut off without stopping service on the rest of the system. To be able to put in new washers is an accomplishment little thought of, but quite a saving in the plumbing account. The water closet tank is of simple enough construction and easily adjusted by the layman.

As an electrician, the field is interesting and expensive. A working knowledge and observation of the underwriters' rules and requirements and the willingness to have your work inspected by them is all that is necessary to the average man of some constructive ability.

To be able to attach the necessary plugs and sockets and extend cords from electric fixtures over to lamps or electric fans, irons, cooking utensils, is a distinctly useful accomplishment and not difficult to acquire.

It would be well to keep on hand a supply of paint and stain used on the trim of the ideal home so that the handy man can touch up here and there, keeping the appearance of the place with little effort. Learn to be your own handy man and know the great satisfaction that comes of manual labor and personal care of one's possessions.

## SAVING MONEY TO PAY FOR HOME

Chicago wife tells how she faced the problem

WHEN we were married my husband's salary was \$150 a month, writes a contributor to the Ladies Home Journal. We lived in a \$50 apartment on the South Side of Chicago, and at the end of five years our bank book showed a balance of \$700.

About that time my husband's salary was increased to \$200 a month. But we now had two little boys; and many additional expenses to meet. So as we thought all things over my husband and I made a resolution: that we would practise the most rigid economy until we owned a home and possessed an income sufficient to provide the bare necessities of life at least, independent of his salary.

There are many suburban villages around Chicago where comfortable homes may be purchased for a modest sum of money, but a wise buyer realizes that he should consider various things before making a purchase. Is the transportation good to and from town? What is the future of the village, the neighborhood, the street where the house is located? What are the moral, religious, social and educational advantages of the village? All these and other points were considered before we found a house that answered all requirements. We agreed to pay \$7000 for this place. Some building loan stock, which my husband held, matured at this time, and this, together with our savings, enabled us to pay \$2000 down on the property. A loan of \$5000, drawing 6 per cent interest, was secured for five years, for which we gave a first mortgage on the property. We were able to borrow the remaining \$2000 on a second mortgage, giving notes of \$75 each, payable monthly, with interest.

After we moved into our new home I

## TESTING THE MERITS OF WOOL

Economy in buying wide material

ALL-WOOL and a yard wide" is a term familiar to almost every one. The expression became popular because yard-wide goods have many advantages over the narrow widths; few persons, however, appreciate this fact until experience teaches them the value and vast difference between the 27-inch goods and the 36-inch width, for instance.

A few years ago the yard-wide materials were introduced, and from that time up to date the call for wider widths has gone on, with the result that we now have the 40-inch, the 42-inch, the 45-inch, the 48-inch, the 52-inch, the 54-inch and the 56-inch woolsens and worsteds, in all grades and qualities. So the old familiar term now reads, "All-wool and a yard and a half wide," and that is what every one should consider when selecting cloth for a custom or tailored garment, says the Country Gentleman. There are endless reasons why the wider widths are preferred. Of course some of the narrower materials are still being used extensively, for sometimes a beautiful and exclusive pattern comes only in the narrower width.

Every experienced person who handles dress materials will tell you that the 54-inch worsteds and woolsens are the best to buy, because they cut to advantage. It goes without saying that a garment made from a 54-inch cloth will have fewer seams than if made from the narrower widths. Another important and interesting point is the fact that patterns may be laid on a 54-inch cloth and cut without much trouble. Then again, you will find it economy to use the wider widths, as it takes less from a yardage standpoint and is cheapest in the end. It is true that they cost more than the narrower widths, but considering all the advantages the wider widths offer, they are worth the price.

It might be of interest to show why the wider widths of worsteds and woolsens cut to more advantage than the narrower ones. Suppose, for instance, that you wanted to make a coat and skirt of standard or model size. If you figure on a basis of \$1 a yard the following is an example of what would be the result: 64-inch cloth, 2 yards for jacket, 2 1/2 yards for skirt, at \$1 a yard, \$4.75; 42-inch cloth, 3 yards for jacket, 4 yards for skirt, at 80 cents a yard, \$6.80; 36-inch cloth, 3 1/2 yards for jacket, 5 yards for skirt, at 68 cents a yard, \$8.78; 27-inch cloth, 4 1/2 yards for jacket, 6 yards for skirt, at 54 cents a yard, \$5.67.

Of course the requirements of materials for skirts vary from 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 yards of 54-inch cloth, according to the size of the figure. Where economy is essential a woman will find that to save a little longer and get the best quality of goods is the most economical in the end.

There are so many inferior qualities of worsteds and woolsens on the market that one must be careful to examine the goods and find out for oneself whether they are genuine or not. Most worsteds and woolsens are yarn dyed—that is, the yarns are dyed before being woven, but nowadays there are so many different ways of dyeing successfully that even a person skilled on fabrics and textiles cannot discern the difference between the two. If a good fabric is yarn-dyed the colors are fast and will retain their colorings longer than when piece-dyed. If when you take your handkerchief and rub it across the fabric it leaves a stain the goods are poorly dyed and should not be taken. Black piece-dyed goods often rub, because the dye has not been sufficiently soaked into the cloth. In a

yarn-dyed black cloth this will not happen as the yarns are dyed black before being woven.

Next in importance to color comes the quality. Hold the piece of cloth to the light and if it is well woven the threads will be even, no blotches, no bumps, no loose threads, and a clear surface will be evident. If, on the contrary, the surface shows irregular weaves, bumps, blotches you will know that it is inferior worsted and one that will not give good service.

Another test is to fray a few threads from the edge of the fabric. Pull them apart with the ungloved hand. If the fibers when pulled apart are hairy, curly and become mussy in the hand you may be sure that the material is pure wool. In worsteds you will find that the fibers are in double twist. The warp is the twisted yarn, or cotton, but of the same quality as the warp. If both are the same it is a good piece of worsted. If the filling is cotton beware of it, as too much cotton filling shrinks when it becomes wet, and that is ruinous to the fit of a gown.

## FLOWERS ON THE WINTER PILLOW

No longer are women in search of cool designs in pillows for the porch. It is the cozy, warm-appearing pillows for the window seat and inglenook that now concern feminine heads and workbags, says the Philadelphia North American. The colors must be warm, either in the background or the embroidery.

These are, of course, the conventional designs, which can be worked in any color that one prefers and so it is that women concern themselves more with a choice of floral designs. Shall the list be headed with red roses? Surely nothing could be "warmer"; but they are beautiful only when used with discretion, like all flaunting decorations. Poppies are appropriately used on winter pillows. Poinsettias are easily worked and are effective. Then there are holly and mountain ash. Fuchsias, too, make a graceful decoration. Instead of having the pillows covered with pale tans and greens, as were the summer pillows, select rich warm browns, with only an occasional green one among them. Yellow sunflowers on dark brown are warm and bright. Nasturtiums will give one a chance to work in warm yellow and orange.

Cut work is effectively used in pillows. A dark brown pillow top, ornamented with cut work is very beautiful when orange silk is placed under the cut-out design.

## HOME HELPS

An envelope pasted in the cover of the cook book is a handy device for keeping loose recipes.

It is claimed that a sound apple placed in a receptacle in which fruit cake is stored will keep the cake moist.

A very little lard used with butter in frying tomatoes cannot be detected and will make burning less likely.

Cold water is preferable to warm for scrubbing doors, because it does not sink into the wood and so dries quickly, says the Racine Journal.

When cutting bread, turn the loaf upside down and you will find that you can cut thinner and more even slices.

If when cooking bacon one is careful not to let the fat burn, it may be kept for frying, and for fish will answer as well as the bacon itself.

## VELVET AND LACE

A new feature on bodices of lace and velvet, which are a part of a costume, with a velvet skirt, is a collar of velvet and lace, says the New York Sun. There is a band of velvet ribbon that goes about the throat and fastens snugly in front. This band is about two inches wide. To the top of it is fastened lace about three, or sometimes four, inches wide, slightly gathered, in the shape of a turndown collar. The velvet upright collar is fastened to a lace bodice, which shows touches of velvet about the waist and sleeves.

## SINGE THE EDGES

Instead of cutting the frayed edges of cuffs and collars, as many people are accustomed to do, take a lighted taper and just singe the frayed parts, says the Vancouver Sun. It will be seen that the linen will last much longer. Cutting the edges has a tendency to loosen the parts, and singeing just takes the frayed edges off without injury.

## BOW AT BACK

The bow at the back of the neck is as usual now as the bow at the front, according to the Kansas City Star. In an interesting rest robe of pink and white chiffon and tulle, there is a wide, rolling collar of tulle. Under it, at the back of the neck, is a big bow of pink satin, stiff and outstanding, which holds the tulle up and out.



Integrity

You cannot see them—

Only scientific instruments can detect them—

The Vital Food Elements that lie behind the whiteness of

Pillsbury's Best Flour

But the Pillsbury Pure Food Experts, working in their wonderful Laboratory measure these so elusive yet so vital elements and skillfully combine them in just the right proportions to best fit the Food-needs of your strenuous modern life.

Every sackful is instinct with planned food value—sound quality is behind the white exterior of PILLSBURY'S BEST FLOUR.

Buy it of your Grocer.



Because it cleans everything you can quickly make your oilcloth or linoleum clean and pretty with—

GOLD DUST

Always ready for its endless uses. 5c and large packages.

THE FAIRBANK COMPANY

CHICAGO

"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"

**White House All Metal Kitchen Furniture**

means greater cooking comfort, convenience and cleanliness. No more—no more—no more. It is the ideal kitchen cabinet or pantry for all modern homes. Most popular size is 48" high and 42" wide. Depth of lower section when sliding nicolene tray is pulled out 36". Cabinets are all finished in white flexible enamel, each coat rubbed down and baked on. Lasts for years. Trimmings are nickel-plated. Anti-rust doors are half-inch thick, flush with front. No swell or shrink to doors or drawers. Joints are electrically welded. The high base makes it easy to mop or scrub floor underneath. A very clean feature.

**PRICE INCLUDES COMPLETE EQUIPMENT**

Prices, according to size, from \$27 to \$75, which includes full equipment—fifty-pound removable flour box, glass sugar jar, eight piece set screw cap glass jars, etc. Sold by better class dealers everywhere. Write us for particulars. We also make all steel kitchen tables, which are very popular. Prices from \$12.75 to \$16.75. Write today for illustrations.

The Faultless Iron Works, St. Charles, Ill.  
Eastern Distributors: JAMES & KIRTLAND, 133 West 44th St., New York

3 Sq. Ft. of work space

"The Crowning Attribute of Lovely Woman is Cleanliness"

The well-dressed woman blesses and beautifies herself—and the world—for she adds to its joy.

**Naiad Dress Shields**

add the final assurance of cleanliness and economy. They are a necessity to the woman of duty, refinement and good judgment.

Sailed Dress Shields are correctly made. They are absolutely free from rubber with its unclean odor. They can be quickly cleaned by immersing in boiling water for a few seconds only. The only shield as good the day it is bought as the day it is used.

Made in all styles and sizes to fit every requirement of Woman's Dress.

At stores or sample sale on receipt of 25c. Every pair guaranteed.

THE C. E. CONOVER CO., INC.  
161 Franklin St., New York



# News of the Theatrical World

## "LET'S GO A-GARDENING"

Plymouth theater—Henry Jewett plays in "Let's Go a-Gardening," comedy-drama in three acts by Miss Florence J. Lewis; first time on any stage.

The cast:  
Rev. Philip Wake..... Henry Jewett  
Hiram Leggett..... John F. Webber  
Mr. Hawkins..... Arthur Hoyt  
Mr. Brown..... Harry D. Crosby  
Mr. Peasley..... William Raymond  
Mr. Green..... Robert Swasey  
Reeves Dakin..... Marie Leonhard  
Mrs. Hawkins..... Marie L. Day  
Miss Pipp..... Virginia Chauvenet  
Miss Beale..... Blanche Latell  
Mrs. Brown..... Bertha Livingston  
Mrs. Peasley..... Mary Davis  
Mrs. MacGregor..... Eliza Mason  
Mrs. Daggett..... Elizabeth Almy Jones  
Mrs. Consuela Carrel..... Margaret Bourne  
Mrs. Hillyer Harmon..... Carolyn Graves  
Bethesda Jankins..... Louise Burleigh

A good sized audience witnessed the performance, which was the first example of the repertory work which Mr. Jewett has been planning for two years, a work that aims to give Boston a standing as a producing center such as it has not been since the Boston Museum days. This is a most worthy plan. That this city should not be dependent wholly upon New York for its first-class theatrical attractions was never more evident than this season when sometimes for weeks there has been never more than one or two local theaters that, housed attractions that could be recommended to playgoers to whom vulgarity is distasteful.

One of the greatest artistic events in the history of this city would be the establishment of a permanent repertory company pledged to avoid every appeal to prurience. Such is the plan of the Henry Jewett Players, and for the success of that plan all lovers of dramatic art have.

It was not expected that all hopes should be based on the first play, as there is an ample fund back of the company to produce other modern works, already selected, as well as classics. The company proved unusually large and evidently had been selected with the characters in this play in view, it is so strong in "character" players. The settings are costly and complete.

Miss Lewis' play is narrative rather than dramatic in form, and so removes itself from dramatic analysis. The narrative is well handled and well characterized for a beginner. This altruistic idyl evidently interested many in the friendly audience Monday night, and all felt the beauty of the author's message. It is to be regretted that she did not know how to make such a beautiful theme more vital theatrically, and that the dialogue was not revised to freshen its trite phrases and cut down its long speeches. On the other hand there are many bits of neat and witty dialogue that wing over the footlights successfully. Often the capable acting sharpened lines and situations that in themselves were not forcible.

Mr. Jewett's thorough training showed in all his acting; but it would be fairer to speak of it in detail after a later performance that will be free of first night agitations.

"Let's Go a-Gardening" tells the story of the transformation of a group of wretched tenements and their sordid inhabitants by means of a love for flowers brought into the gray life of Cribbey Circle by an imaginative young girl, Reeves Dakin.

Reeves returns to America, after years abroad, filled with a desire to bring brightness into the lives of the lowly. She is aglow with an enthusiasm fired by the altruistic words of the Rev. Philip Wake, whom she had met in London.

Reeves selects Cribbey Circle as a place much in need of brightening, and remodels one of the houses into a pretty white Queen Anne cottage that contrasts strongly with the shabby tenements at the back, across the cinder patch and down the alley.

The girl's idea of transforming the cinder patch and its borders into a garden is greeted by the women neighbors with jeers. The men like her, perhaps because she doesn't scold them. In a sense Cribbey Circle is a feminist paradise, for women rule there. Married or single, all men are henpecked.

Reeves begins with the children, who by the way are all girls. In all the neighborhood, with its 20 mothers or more, there wasn't a boy. The girls follow her about with shrill cries of delight and listen curled up at her feet to the stories she is always weaving about flowers. And most prettily does she tell her stories in the sweet, musical voice and gentle ways of Miss Leonhard. The little girls run out to buy flower seeds, that the gardens may be started at once.

But Reeves finds unbelief not only in the women of the circle but also in the half dozen fashionable women of her own social station, who come with the Rev. Philip Wake to see how she is getting on with her plan to start a movement that will carry flowers into all the dark places of the city. Most of the expression of doubt is voiced by Mrs. Consuela Carrel, presumably a widow, for she shows a decided sentimental interest in the bachelor clergyman.

The clergyman tries to dissuade Reeves from her plan, telling her of his discouraging experiences in London. She is determined, however, and refuses to fall into his romantic mood toward her; refuses, too, to take a flower booth at the society charity bazaar. As the curtain falls on the first act Reeves is being comforted by her cheery Scotch aunt, Mrs. McGregor.

The second act begins with a lively riot in which all the women of the neighborhood, led by the sharp-tongued Mrs. Hawkins (admirably done by Miss Day), caused the ignominious retreat of three men who had rolled on a cart full of loam. With brooms and shovels of surprising newness they fall upon two carpenters who try to set up trellises, and soon drive them out. These scenes aroused the audience to hearty laughter and applause. With even more fury the women attack a cart filled with potted plants. Reeves pleads with the crowd in vain in a scene curiously recalling Antony's speech in "Julius Caesar."

Just in time the clergyman comes and soon shames the mob with a little sermon on friendship. Mr. Jewett played this scene with intense power. Gradually the women sink away and Reeves is left alone with the clergyman.

He urges her to let him guide her away from all this ingratitude. He declares his love for her and though moved, she declines to be led "into ways where beauty and brightness are not needed." He departs for England, there to teach in college.

Dramatic theory would lead one to expect an act showing the transformation, in part at least, of the characters of the play, and their environment. The change, however, is shown only briefly in a single character, Miss Pitt, who needed little help. The others must have been problems, indeed. Miss Lewis omits the act that, seemingly, would be the nub of her whole play, however, and jumps from spring to late summer, when the gardens are all abloom.

There was prolonged applause when the curtain rose on the third act for there were roses, roses everywhere, sunflowers and other old fashioned blossoms in beds around the circle and flowering vines clambered over the houses, hiding the shabby shingles.

The women, too, wear simple dresses of tasteful soft tints. Caring for the flowers has softened their dispositions, we are told. We should have been shown. The young girls wear whole stockings now and are gay with hair ribbons. The air is so fragrant the neighborhood chore man (a comic figure as acted by Mr. Webber) has unintentionally become sentimental over the neighborhood spinster, an amusing caricature played by Miss Latell to loud laughter.

A party is held in the Queen Anne cottage in celebration of the appropriation of the \$500 prize by which Reeves finally started all the enthusiasm for gardening. Mrs. Hawkins returns from self-exile, and swallows her pride, acknowledging that she had been merely stubborn. She is ready to weep when she learns that her husband has spent all his spare time at the circle, raising flowers in front of their house. Arthur Hoyt was capital as timorous Jankins.

Finally the clergyman returns, declares that he has abandoned his dogmas, and that he now believes in Reeves' way of carrying brightness into the lives of others.

## "THE STRANGE WOMAN"

Park—"The Strange Woman," a comedy in three acts by William Hurlbut, with this cast:

Kate MacMasters..... Sarah McVicker  
Mary..... Annie Buckley  
Walter Hemingway..... Alphonse Ethier  
Clara Hemingway..... Lois Frances Clark  
Cora Whitman..... Frances Whitehouse  
John Hemingway..... Charles D. Waldron  
Mrs. Hemingway..... Sara Von Leer  
Inez De Pierrefond..... Elsie Ferguson  
Charlie Abbe..... Hugh Dillman  
May Armstrong..... George Drew Mendum  
Henry MacMasters..... Otto F. Hoffmann  
Mrs. Abbe..... Mrs. Felix Morris

She was a woman strange to Delphi, because that Iowa town could not understand her. John's neighbors were puzzled too, not only because he thought it necessary to study architecture in Paris, but also because he had set upon a pedestal a woman whose past they were quite sure would not fit into their exemplary lives. She had written novels, and some of their passages were worth marking.

True to gossip form, the Delphi oracles searched for a foundation upon which to build their case against the strange visitor from Paris, and they found it in letters from an obliging Chicago friend who had been abroad and had "heard things."

The first letter bolstered them up to the point of attack, but the concentrated fire of flattery repulsed them. The second letter came; again the cohorts of self-inflicted righteousness formed, and this time, led by a man who over to their side by injured pride, all the galloping gossips thundered upon the enemy with a charge like that of the brigade we used to recite about in school.

And they met the same end. With their questions of "What is your denomination?" "Did you leave your husband?" "Are you opposed to ceremonial marriage?" and the like they slashed their own pathway to defeat.

For the strange woman, strange only because she was different, could withhold no longer her reasons for that difference. All her advanced belief in existence as the development merely of self, which until now she had hid from public view for the sake of the man she cared for and his mother, burst from her lips, and the volley was augmented by stinging shots of insight into the hidden lives of these her accusers. And the gossip brigade retired in disorder.

But Mr. Hurlbut has depicted more than a woman's rebellion against hypocrisy and bigoted self-esteem. He has taught a sound lesson of self-sacrifice. When she came to Delphi this beautiful Parisian thinker was determined that John would be hers, but not bound by "mumbled words." She became convinced through sordid experience of her first unhappy marriage that the growth of self could result only through broadest freedom.

When the last word was said she had changed in all this. What all the self-

appointed exhorters could not have done, a sweet little mother accomplished unconsciously.

The strange woman had just routed her enemies when this mother came in, sat at her darning and sang sweetly, for minute after minute, the song of what her John had meant to her. It was a long soliloquy, yet every word fell as seed on fertile ground. Within the vision of the woman of advanced convictions began to grow a picture new to her: the picture of true self-sacrifice.

When John came home from Chicago the next day Inez was ready to go to the church and hear said for them the words which had bound his father and mother together. For, said she: "Self-sacrifice; I've heard it preached, but your mother has lived it all these years. And the beauty of it is that she knows it not."

There, perhaps, lies the impression of Mr. Hurlbut's play which will last longest; little Mrs. Hemingway, all unconscious of the years she had wrapped up in her son; and caring only that he had been happy.

This lesson of true self-sacrifice at every turn is pointed with satire. The author has not belauded the issue with unnecessary incident; he has sharpened it to carry farther by constant contrast of type against type. The very walls of the "early General Grant" sitting room bespeak Delphi's character.

Characterization is, as it should be, the potent part of Mr. Hurlbut's greatly improved method. Of all the characters that of the mother stands out in high relief. Sara Von Leer makes her lovable, not to be forgotten. There could have been few in the audience who had not known her counterpart at some time.

And every character in the play lends itself to graphic depiction of real beings. There is Sarah McVicker's Kate MacMasters, severe, domineering, yet helpless before flattery; Lois Clark's remarkable drawing of a meek busybody; Frances Whitehouse as the giggling Cora; George Drew Mendum as the worldly-wise (she went to Chicago once a week) widow; and Mrs. Felix Morris, as Mrs. Abbe, looking down from a higher level to which she had raised herself.

The men, too, are of Delphi part and parcel; Alphonse Ethier as the darning Walter Hemingway, with sportive tendencies; Hugh Dillman, the juvenile Charlie Abbe, and Otto Hoffmann as the hen-pecked worm that finally turns—albeit effective if familiar stage types.

There is left the strange woman and her lover. John Hemingway is little more than a foil for Inez, yet Mr. Waldron made the part seem big. And Miss Ferguson has a role requiring niceties of diction, gesture, poise and facial expression which are exacting, yet which she does not slight. Her graceful characterization of the woman with the broad view which finally narrows down to the sphere of Delphi, with all the dramatic clashes between the two extremes, is worthy acting which should win for her a widening circle of admirers.

In the second act climax particularly was she artistic in her denunciation of Delphi's oracles; but her own capitulation and the scene in which she tells the mother of the wedding on the morrow are none the less beautifully done.

## "THE MADCAP DUCHESS"

With Victor Herbert conducting, "The Madcap Duchess," a new comic opera in two acts, was presented by H. H. Frazee at the Colonial theater last evening. The cast:

Renaud..... Glenn Hall  
Vidame De Bethune..... Russell Powell  
De Secherat..... Gilbert Clayton  
Master Hardy..... Harry Macdonough  
Louis XV..... Percy Helton  
Phillip of Orleans..... Francis K. Lieb  
Watteau..... David Andrada  
Duc de Pontsable..... Edmund Mulcahy  
Camille..... Henry Vincent  
Adam..... Herbert Ayling  
Panache..... Herman Holland  
Stephanie..... Josephine Whittell  
Gillette..... Peggy Wood  
Seraphina..... Ann Swinburne

Two things stand out in Mr. Herbert's new work. There are musical numbers that glide in three-four time and savor of the popular, and there are scenery and costumes that take upon themselves some novelty and much gorgeous, tasteful color. Lyrics that exhibit a marked degree of wit branch out from the plot, which is based on one of Justin McCarthy's novels and which needs simplifying. It is difficult to follow the story in its present form, although its plot is not complicated.

Renaud, Prince of St. Pol, in Artois, is in love with Stephanie, the Marquise de Phalaris. Their attachment meets with disfavor at the hands of Phillip of Orleans, the regent. Renaud is banished and an order is issued forbidding his return to Paris. He tries to enter the capital city secretly. Seraphina, heiress to the duchy of Bapaume, who adjoins Renaud's principality in Artois, learns of Renaud's affair and, possessed with a keen desire for adventure, disguises herself as a man and sets out to accompany the prince on his mission.

She overtakes Renaud at the Windmill Inn and after an encounter with the prince becomes friendly and presses him to adopt her plan to join a company of actors and thus accomplish their purpose. She succeeds in the capacity of an actor but he gives but an indifferent exposition. Seraphina's identity is disclosed to Renaud and he declares his love for her. Stephanie, who was his senior by several years, is free to receive the attentions of Master Hardy, manager of the regent players.

The music is adapted to the story with skill and taste. In several of the melodies free use is made of the wood-wind instruments in singing the theme which is embellished at times with brief staccato periods on the violins. The orchestration throughout is effective. Leaning

much toward the popular it needs little effort to study its intricacies. Drums and cymbals were used pleasingly only in the humorous moments of the piece; at other times they made an unwelcome addition to the other instruments.

Among the songs that pleased were "Love is a Story That's Old," "Winged Love," "Tweedledum and Tweedledee," "That is Art," "Goddess of Mine," "Far Up the Hill" and "To Paris."

Mr. Herbert gave Ann Swinburne, who played Seraphina, her full measure of praise in referring to her in a brief speech made at the close of the first act as the "adorable star." She certainly merits distinction. Possessed of an exquisite voice, flexible and true, and of a graceful bearing, she is singularly adapted to her role.

Glenn Hall, who takes the leading part as the Prince Renaud, sings with feeling, but fails to exhibit characteristics of an actor. Harry Macdonough as Master Hardy is a clever character actor who can make his "lightest action seem a quite momentous thing," which is art. Gillette, the serving maid at the Windmill Inn, was lovely and sweet as rendered by Peggy Wood.

Russell Powell and Gilbert Clayton gave a fine exposition as Seraphina's guardians and as Stephanie, Josephine Whittell sang and played with good taste.

## "THE BLUE BIRD"

This world would be a sorry place, a sage remarks, without the merriment and happiness of children. It is this happiness that Maeterlinck's play, "The Blue Bird," shows again at the Shubert theater.

As the little "Blue Bird" boy and girl are playing with the queer "animals" and "things" let's look a little closer at the odd creations of Maeterlinck's fancy. There's Bread, for instance, a pompous, crusty fellow, overrunning with protuberances and projections. He cuts off a slice to feed the children, and yet secretly he remembers that he was once the savage Wheat, untamed of man's dominion. Tall sticky-white Sugar breaks off his fingers for candy sticks, but he dreams of his old independence none the less.

What a chance for a conspiracy! Who shall lead it but Tyltete the Cat—Tyltete the little tiger that Man brought out of the jungle and made a house pet of, Tyltete the night prowler on fences, the nourisher of dark designs and secret thoughts? (Maeterlinck evidently doesn't like cats.) Dog, on the other hand, is Man's sole friend. He cuts a fine figure in his flunkie's coat and breeches, and he is immensely fond of his little master Tyltete.

One of the pleasantest stops in the children's dream-journey is at the Land of Memory. There they meet again old Gaffer and Granny Tyl and their "little brothers and sisters." There is cabbage soup for supper and there are plum tarts. The children dance and feast. There is even a quarrel and high words, and Gaffer smacks Tyltete on the ear. Memory fades as the busy life of the present makes urgent demand.

In the Land of Happiness the children realize, once and for all, the nearness of the joys and happiness that most people regard as fantastic and remote.

But enough of analysis that dismembers the light and airy creations of the poet's fancy. Better think of the play as the children do, as an objective fairy story, and delightfully is that story told by the same cast that acted here so capably two years ago. The play is here but one week, with matinees daily, beginning Wednesday. The cast:

Mummy Tyl..... Ethel Brandon  
Daddy Tyl..... Charles Hampden  
Tyltete..... Burford Hampden  
Myrtle..... Editha Kelly  
Fairy Berylune..... Alice Butler  
Bread..... John Sutherland  
Fire..... Angelo Romeo  
The Dog..... W. H. Denny  
The Cat..... Cecil Yapp  
Water..... Margaret Fairleigh  
Milk..... Margaret Millette  
Sugar..... George Sylvester  
Light..... Helen Lackaye  
Granny Tyl..... Ethel Brandon  
Gaffer Tyl..... Dore Davidson  
Night..... Harriet Sterling  
Time..... Dore Davidson

## "HELD BY THE ENEMY"

Castle Square Theater—John Craig stock company in "Held By the Enemy," melodrama in five acts by William Gillette. The cast:

Col. Charles Prescott..... William P. Carleton  
Lieut. Gordon Hayne..... John Craig  
Thomas Henry Bean..... Donald Meek  
Brigade Surgeon Fielding..... Frederic Ormonde  
Gen. Stamburg..... George Ernst  
Uncle Rufus..... Al Roberts  
Asst. Surgeon Hathaway..... Alfred Lunt  
Col. McPherson..... Carney Christie  
Lieut. Woodford..... Albert R. Berg  
Adjt.-Gen. Marston..... George Hunt  
Capt. Benton..... J. Morrill Morrison  
Lieut. Massen..... John Hiller  
Corp. Springer..... Carl Nispe  
Hinton..... Robert Capron  
Rachel McCreery..... Doris Olsson  
Susan McCreery..... Florence Shirley  
Euphemis McCreery..... Augusta Gill

Mr. Gillette neatly mingles humor and pathos in his first and last acts, and fills the three middle acts, with tension and thrills. The hero goes through the play constantly torn by love and duty. In the first act the hero is suspected by the heroine of contriving the arrest of her cousin, a Confederate spy, to whom she is engaged. In the second act the hero risks court-martial that the heroine's cousin may escape, but the cousin declares his guilt before the court. In the third act the heroine urges the hero to allow the cousin to escape, and again he is in the usual distressful predicament. A chance shell explodes within the prison and the cousin escapes, only to be re-

## SHEPARD STATIONERY STORE

**EXCELLENCE**—Every effort, inspired by intelligence, is brought to bear upon the upbuilding of our Stationery Store. In thoroughness and completeness and quality of service it compares favorably with the highest-class specialty Stationery shops of the country.

**Our Appeal Is to Men and Women of Refinement and Culture** who see nothing inconsistent in indulging their preference and saving money at the same time.

## THE ENGRAVING DEPARTMENT

All orders entrusted to us are executed by artists of highest rank.

Wedding Cards

Announcement Cards

Reception Cards

Anniversary Cards

Dinner Cards

At Home Cards

And all other cards for social functions promptly supplied. Correct styles and forms and finest stock that can be produced.

## PERSONAL GREETING CARDS

The custom of sending Personal Greeting Cards to friends at Christmas and New Year is growing more popular. In our Stationery Store you will find specimens of original and artistic designs—many of them from abroad. There is much to be gained by making your selections early.

## LINEN STATIONERY

One pound of paper and fifty envelopes to match—very fine grade. Special at.....29c

Broken assortment of  
**FANCY BOXED PAPER**  
at Reduced Prices

## SHEPARD NORWELL COMPANY

## CLEVELAND GAINS AS SHIPPING PORT STATISTICS SHOW

Chamber of Commerce Makes Report Revealing Progress of City in Movement of Trade

CLEVELAND, O.—Work of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce for the last year was accomplished in 630 committee meetings participated in by 784 committee members, according to the 1913 report of the chamber, issued recently, says the Plain Dealer.

The report covers all chamber activities for the year closed as contained in the report of the board of directors. The directors do not set Cleveland's population at 722,000 for 1913. Instead, Cleveland's population for 1913 is given as 622,875, estimated by the United States census bureau method. For 1912 the city's population is given as 596,443; the total debt, \$37,564,243; per capita debt, \$62.98.

## HOMER HUMPHREY PLAYS IN RECITAL

Homer Humphrey of the faculty of the New England Conservatory of Music gave a recital on the Jordan Hall organ last evening.

The program was: Sonate Pastorale, Op. 88, Rheinberger; fantasia and fugue in G minor, Bach; prelude in E flat minor; "Piece Heroique," Cesar Frank; cantilene, and scherzando, G. Piere; moderato cantabile, Widor; and finale in C major, Humphrey.

## SALESMANSHIP CLASSES BEGIN

The first of the continuation classes to be held in rooms provided by private organizations begin today. They are in preparatory salesmanship and are held at Filene's, Jordan Marsh Co.'s and the Henry Siegel Co.'s stores.

## MR. PUTNAM SPEAKER

George E. B. Putnam of the Boot and Shoe Recorder, Boston, will be the speaker tonight at the Boston Young Men's Christian Union in the course of lectures being given on business efficiency and salesmanship.

William Carleton, not John Craig, will play the leading role in "We the People," the new play to be done for the first time on any stage at the Castle Square theater next week.

"The Whip," a Drury Lane melodrama, will open a run at the Boston theater next Tuesday evening. "The Honeymoon Express," a musical comedy, is the next attraction at the Shubert theater.

## BEVERLY FLAG ORDER VETOED

BEVERLY, Mass.—Mayor MacDonald returned to the aldermen last night the report of the committee on streets, sidewalks and sewers granting permits to the Progressive party to maintain American flags with the designation "Progressive Party" attached over several public streets.

## PASTOR ACCEPTS CALL

SALEM, Mass.—The Rev. Ulysses S. Milburn, late of Kansas City, Mo., to whom the local Universalist church extended a call at a meeting Sunday, notified the church officials yesterday afternoon that he would accept the pastorate.

## STREET WIDENING IN SWAMPSCOTT IS CONSIDERED

Possible Change in Location of Soldiers' Monument to Permit Improvement Is Proposed

SWAMPSCOTT, Mass.—Whether the soldiers' monument at the terminus of the Shore Drive boulevard shall be removed to permit the widening of Humphrey street by the Massachusetts highway commission and to relieve congested traffic conditions in the vicinity is the subject of principal discussion this afternoon at the office of the highway commission in Boston.

Selectmen of the town, James F. Caton, chairman; Elias G. Hodgkins and Clarence Humphrey, are to meet the state highway commissioners and the Essex county commissioners in conference. One proposal is to set the monument back farther into the Mudge estate and thus abolish the present one-way street. Opponents assert that since the land was a gift to the town for the site of the monument there is no authority for its removal.

Consideration of and possibly approval of the plans for widening Humphrey street from the boulevard at Monument square to a point beyond Fisherman's beach will be given this afternoon. Widening Atlantic avenue in the Phillips beach district was considered by the selectmen this morning.

## SCHOLARSHIPS GIVEN TO FOUR

Scholarships in the vocal department of the New England Conservatory of Music have been awarded to the following: Marguerite C. Burns of Saugus, Mildred Field of Somerville, Anna Rabinovitz of Boston, P. Ernestine McLean of Boston, Cecelia Driscoll of Melrose and Madeline K. Kenney of Brighton. The scholarships include two lessons each week and entitle the holder to full privileges of the Conservatory so far as lectures, recitals and concerts are concerned.

*Filene's*

Afternoon Tea  
in the Filene Restaurant  
3 to 5 daily

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday

## Annual Sale of Suits FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

Because of the wide choice, alterations will be the exception rather than the rule in this sale.

Women's \$25 Suits, blouse models, **\$16.75.**  
Women's \$35 Suits with extra sizes, **\$25.**  
Women's \$35 Suits, showing "Le Trotteur," **\$19.75.**  
Women's \$35 Suits, with the Mandarin sleeve, **\$19.75.**  
Women's \$39.50 Suits of broadcloth, **\$25.**  
Women's \$45 Suits, featuring wool poplins, **\$25.**  
Women's \$60 Suits of velveteen, **\$35.**  
Misses' \$29.50 Suits of wale cheviot, **\$16.75.**  
Misses' \$29.50 Suits, sport coat effect, **\$16.75.**  
Misses' \$37.50 Suits in broadened matelasse, **\$22.50.**  
Misses' \$30 Suits, in a late French style, **\$29.50.**  
Misses' \$39.50 Suits, fur trimmed, **\$22.50.**



# Peru Starts Boy Scouts Mexico Oil Interests Clash

## BOY SCOUTS OF PERU WILL BE WELL TRAINED

Leaders of South American Republic Believe Movement Tends to the Promotion of Better International Friendships

### ORGANIZE FIRST TROOP

(Special to the Monitor) AREQUIPA, Peru.—The boy scout movement has finally reached Peru, and Arequipa has the distinction of being the first city in the country to organize a troop, consisting of 48 youths who are quite enthusiastic as regards the innovation.

Sr. Miguel A. Cornejo had the boys in training for some time previous to their appearance before the examining board, consisting of Sr. Cornejo, Sr. Luis H. Bourneille, the superintendent of schools, who is also chairman, and Captain Legrand. The executive board has been formed with Prefect Col. Augusto E. Bodoia as honorary president. The acting president is Colonel Oscar R. Benavides. Sr. Bourneille is vice-president and Sr. Cornejo is the secretary.

Emphasis is to be laid on athletic training. The semi-military phases of the boy scout movement, which include drilling and gymnastics, are to be adhered to in Peru. It is felt here that discipline, which is one of the cardinal features of the movement throughout the world, and the fostering of friendship with other countries, should be attended to as of far-reaching benefit to Peruvian youths.

The boy scout movement in countries this side of the Rio Grande is of comparatively recent date. In the Panama canal zone there has been some very effective work done by the boys since the organization of a troop with headquarters at Gorgona. The movement, curiously enough, came down the west coast and passed by Colombia, Ecuador and Peru, while it took hold in Chile, where it has an enrolment of more than 3000. There are also several thousand boy scouts on the other side of the Andes in Argentina.

In Colombia, as well as in Ecuador, there is, at present, considerable interest in sports of various kinds, and the boy scout movement is also beginning to interest the young people there. Here in Peru it is realized that it will prove a great thing for the respective governments of South America where the boys are taught the value of international friendship and shall meet at intervals in friendly athletic contests. There is nothing which can so thoroughly break down class distinctions as an organization that is open to all, providing they carry clean records and show willingness to cooperate.

The fact that military leaders of Peru are interested in the boy scout movement here is not to be interpreted to mean that militarism is to have the first call. It is only natural that officers with experience in training should be asked to direct the troop. The schools are also to take a hand, and since the Congress recently passed an amendment to the constitution granting religious liberty throughout the republic this fact is looked upon as likely to bear fruit with in the boy scout movement in Peru.

### SCOUTS "TELEGRAPHING" AREQUIPA



Athletics principal feature of newly formed troop's work

**RIO HAS NEWSPAPER ROW**  
RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil.—Rua Ovidor, which has been renamed Moreira Czar, contains the principal publishing houses of the capital. Five of the leading newspaper offices are also located on this thoroughfare.

**HAITIEN ROAD IS BUILDING**  
CAPE HAITIEN, Haiti.—The second section of the National Railway Company, connecting Cape Haitien with Port au Prince is under construction. There will be connection with La Grande Riviere and Bahon as well.

IN the fiscal year 1912-1913 Mexico exported to the United States alone more than \$7,000,000 worth of petroleum. Notwithstanding the turbulent conditions in the neighboring republic, the increase over the preceding year was almost \$5,000,000. This present trade between the two countries illustrates pointedly the possibilities for future commercial relations between Mexico and the United States, and there is probably no other section in the western world where oil exploitation is carried on more energetically than in the state of Veracruz and adjoining territories. That the revolution has kept away from the southeastern part of Mexico, and that exportation has to be carried on by water, naturally must have been a contributing cause for the great development of the Mexican oil industry.

The news of the past few days would seem to indicate that this remarkable development, instead of fostering the friendly relations of nations has been the means for troubling the international waters, so to speak. Other countries have large oil interests in Mexico. Oversea capitalists have found the republic a fertile field for operations. Many millions have been invested in petroleum lands. It has been reported recently that Sir Lionel Carden, the newly-appointed British minister to Mexico, is a close friend of Lord Cowdray, whose activities there and elsewhere have earned him a reputation that is world-wide. Lord Cowdray recently entered into negotiations with Colombia and Ecuador for the exploitation of their oil territories. With unlimited financial resources at his command he is expected to accomplish in South America what he already has achieved in Mexico.

It is unquestionably a fact that some countries cannot develop sufficiently fast on their own account. Outside money is needed to utilize natural resources that lie dormant. Mexico has for many years been a prize worth striving for. It is the investment question which now looms large in the southern republic. If these investments can only be kept from complicating Mexico's political status the oil industry must continue to prove a boon to the country.

## ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC LINKED AND GUATEMALA CELEBRATES

GUATEMALA CITY, Guatemala.—With the completion of the railroad from Barrios on the Atlantic to San Jose on the Pacific, the value of this interoceanic transportation system has become very pronounced. The unveiling of the beautiful monument in this capital in honor of the great work of connecting the two oceans is a tribute of progressive Guatemala to its leading men of affairs. Located as the monument is on the Plaza Reyna Barrios, the work of the eminent engineer, Sr. Don Luis A. Fontaine, could not have been shown to better advantage in any other part of the city.

The distance between Barrios and San Jose is 270 miles. The road cuts through a magnificent country, rich in scenic beauty and offering every advantage to the settler. Much benefit is expected from the other railroad building south from Mexico, and when this line joins the interoceanic system there is anticipated a new business development in the country.

Tourists are becoming quite numerous in Guatemala City as a result of the completion of the road. Many northern travelers go by steamer from New Orleans to Barrios. From there trains run across Guatemala each day in both directions. The course lies through sections known for their extreme archeological importance and the remains of ancient buildings and monuments abound.

For the tourist who leaves Barrios in the morning there is a constant change of scene up to the time the train reaches Los Angeles, at about noon. As the tour is generally one of sightseeing the advice is usually given that a stop be made here, and a visit paid the famous ruins of Quirigua, about a mile distant from the station. The trip can be made either

by wagon or on horseback. Later the journey may be continued to this capital, where provisions are at hand to make the visitor comfortable.

## RAIN STOPS BOTH SHIPS AND TRAINS FOR ARGENTINOS

(Special to the Monitor) BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—After spending more than \$20,000,000 on an elaborate system of drainage canals the government has been somewhat criticized in certain quarters and the opinion obtains here and there that, rather than prevent overflows, the drainage system has made matters worse. The drainage works have been under construction upward of 15 years.

Those who defend the system assert that the reputation of the engineer in charge is a guaranty that the work has been well done. The widespread inundations that resulted from the heavy rainfall recently interrupted train service, prevented steamers from plying their regular course and necessitated sending detachments of sailors from the navy hundred of miles inland to assist in rescue work. In some sections the rainfall was 10 inches.

It is claimed by some, that the canals brought the water from the higher lying districts down too rapidly and that the outlets to the sea were inadequate; that the culverts and openings through the embankments were insufficient to carry the great streams. On the other hand, those who champion the present drainage system point to the rapidity with which the waters subsided as an argument in favor of the work as it is now.

## VENEZUELA HAS ITS OWN SCHOOL OF LITERATURE

CARACAS, Venezuela.—Although Venezuela has recently experienced an incipient revolution there is always occasion for discussing Spanish-American literature in this vicinity. The recent movement for placing this southern literature on a substantial foundation has found many adherents in this capital. The rising sun of independence brought with it the dawn of literature in the new republic, and Bolivar the Liberator was himself an orator and a writer whose influence has come down the years.

Coto Paul, Brieno, Munoz Tebar are names that give inspiration to the Venezuelans of today. San Martin and Mitre, soldiers though they were, chronicled their deeds, and are classed among the historians of South America. At present no name has a more fascinating sound to loyal Venezuelans than that of Don Manuel Diaz Rodriguez, philosopher and writer, whose "Camino del Progreso" already is considered a classic, replete as the work is with uplifting ideals.

## PANAMA LAYS CORNER-STONE FOR FIRST BUILDING OF FAIR

PANAMA.—The corner-stone of the administration building to be erected on the site of the national exposition, which Panama proposes to hold in 1914-15 in commemoration of the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific ocean by Vasco Nunez de Balboa, has been laid by President Porras. The plans were exhibited by Alejandro Bermudez, the director of the exposition. Following the laying of the corner-stone, Dr. Ramon F. Acevedo, secretary of public works, made an address.

The day was made a public holiday in

## CENTRAL AMERICA PREFERS GOODS WITH TRADE MARK

MANAGUA, Nicaragua.—In the sale of manufactured articles brought in from the United States or Europe the trade-mark plays a great part in Nicaragua as well as in the other Central American countries. The retailer is much more likely to handle goods that can impress themselves on would-be purchasers through some picturesque trade-mark. The name should be one easily remembered by Spanish-speaking people.

The importance of the trade-mark in Central American trade is especially evident if it is an article that can be described by a star, a crescent, a pine tree or such other objects. It is to be remembered that the majority of the customers in the country sections are Indians who can neither read nor write. But they are keen buyers just the same. The merits or demerits of merchandise form an interesting topic for discussion among the natives.

The United States commercial agent, Garrard Harris, who has investigated Central American trade conditions, with a view to increasing business between his country and Central America, advises northern exporters to have labels printed in Spanish for such goods as may be required. Names for stores are also common in Central America. La Perla, La Estrella, La Fama, La Reforma are designations for business houses, and even the better educated people are fond of referring to their favorite stores by some fancy name instead of the name of the proprietor of the establishment.

## ARGENTINA SHOWS KARAKUL SHEEP FROM EMPEROR

(Special to the Monitor)

BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—A novel feature of the recent stock show held under the auspices of the Argentine Rural Society was the exhibit of pure bred Karakul sheep, from which the famous Astrakhan wool is obtained. The animals were presented to the Argentine nation by the Emperor of Austria. It is expected that the Karakul sheep will thrive in the mountainous sections of the country. The animals are very hardy. The pelts bring as much as \$20 apiece. Ranchmen showed great interest in the exhibit. The government already has carried on experiments as to cross-breeding with native stock.

## TRADE NOTES

BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—Three cargoes of corn, containing 800,000 bushels, are on the way to Galveston, Texas.

LIMA, Peru.—The tunnel through the Andes on the Peruvian Central railway is located at a height of 15,750 feet above sea level.

MEXICO CITY.—The remarkable increase in the Mexican exchange rate is said to be due to the present delay in making shipments between Mexico and the United States.

KINGSTON, Jamaica.—The municipal government insists that the dock question, as it relates the two shipping concerns interested, can only be solved by the local authorities.

BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—Apples from Canada and the United States have arrived here in considerable quantities. Choice fruit brings 20 cents apiece.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil.—There is renewed activity in the diamond fields. A number of Americans have located at Mendanha, nor far from Diamantina.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay.—The dispute between the government and the French English bankers financing certain public work construction has resulted in a money stringency.

LIMA, Peru.—Exploitation of the gold mines worked by the Incas is to be undertaken by a United States company with a capitalization of \$20,000,000.

PANAMA.—Sr. Ramon F. Acevedo, secretary of promotion, has received from President Porras all papers relating to the formation of a chamber of commerce.

CALLAO, Peru.—The first locomotive designed especially for the Lima-Callao railway is expected here with the arrival of the steamship Fall of Night from New York.

Panama, partly on account of the corner-stone ceremonies, and partly because on this day in 1513 Balboa first saw the Pacific.

It is planned to open the exposition on Nov. 1, 1914, to continue six months, and for carrying out the project the Panama National Assembly has voted a preliminary credit of \$150,000. The United States, Spain, and several of the neighboring Pan-American republics have been invited to participate. The grounds front the road to Las Sabanas, about opposite the orphan asylum, and cover an area of about 35 acres.

## OIL CONTROL IN MEXICAN FIELDS CONTENDED FOR

Struggle to Dominate Petroleum Territories Said to Be Growing — Responsible, It Is Thought, for Much Unrest

REPRESENTS \$2,500,000

VERACRUZ, Mexico.—It is fortunate for the development of the Mexican oil industry that the revolutionary activity of the northern states has left the petroleum territories throughout Veracruz free from interference. The exodus of Americans from Mexico since the order from Washington to leave the country has been less marked in Veracruz than elsewhere in the country. It is estimated that close to 3000 Americans remain around Tampico.

There are 89 companies operating in the Mexican oil fields at present. Of this total 55 are American companies, 21 are Mexican and 13 British. Statistics have it that British companies have \$75,000,000 invested, United States companies \$175,000,000, and the Mexican companies \$2,500,000. The Tampico field has been considered one of the most profitable oil territories since the discovery of petroleum in Mexico. Gushers are common occurrences. The Juan Casiano well produced daily 24,000 barrels for a period of 27 months.

Rivalry between the various interests in the Veracruz region has been getting more and more tense and there is a well-founded rumor to the effect that much of the political trouble of Mexico today is due to financial interests and concessions granted during the Diaz, Madero and Huerta administrations. It is no secret that during the Diaz regime Great Britain held preponderant control of the oil territories. When Madero came into power he is said to have had his favorites in the oil business, and consequently there sprang up a keen struggle. It is believed here that Washington is in possession of much information bearing on how the oil fields were developed through political favors.

Evidently control is something worth struggling for here. The wells continue to send forth their fluid wealth and fresh drillings convince the operators that the Mexican field will prove a lasting one. During a recent three months there was shipped through Tampico alone almost 4,000,000 barrels of oil, and from the port of Tuxpan, 120 miles south of Tampico, went more than 4,000,000 barrels during the same period. Some wells come in so fast that it is impossible to build tanks fast enough, and the oil is stored in great dug-outs into which it keeps pouring through pipes connecting with the derricks.

## CHILE AND PERU ARE RIVALS FOR PANAMA FREIGHT

CALLAO, Peru.—It is apparent already that there is to be considerable rivalry between Peruvian maritime interests and those of Chile for the commerce that is to utilize the Panama canal. From Callao to Panama it takes a steamer between five and six days, while from Chile it will take the same steamer between 13 and 14 days to reach the isthmus.

Besides this, Paite and Chimbote are Peruvian ports capable of harboring large fleets. Like Rio de Janeiro and San Francisco harbors, the port of Callao is nearly closed up and very secure for shipping. The proposed construction of a breakwater between the island of San Lorenzo and La Punta will still further improve conditions.

Exports from Callao, Paite and Chimbote consist of copper from the Cerro de Pasco mines, quicksilver from Huancavelica, wash and placer gold from the departments of Cuzco and Carrabaya, alpaca and vicuña wool from the uplands, "Panama" hats from Piura, cotton, rice and sugar and other products from the coast regions.

## ECUADOR ACTIVE IN CONSTRUCTION WORK OVER STATE

QUITO, Ecuador.—Unusual activity prevails in several sections of Ecuador on new construction work. The Guayaquil Electric Light & Power Company is completing its plant as fast as the necessary capital comes to hand. At Vinces, a smaller town up the river, about 30 miles from Guayaquil, there is under way the installation of a water works, primarily for the purpose of fire protection. The municipality of Esmaldas has just let its contract for a waterworks system.

A contract has been placed for the construction of a sea-wall at Bahía de Chone. The contractors are to have free entry for all materials. The Ecuadorian government has cancelled its contract with Edward Morley for constructing the Huigra-Cuenca railroad. It is a road much needed and the government is anxious to negotiate with a firm able to carry forward the enterprise with sufficient capital to assure an early completion of the line.

AMERICAN EXPORTER holds manufacturers' export trade. Send for sample copy, 127 William street, New York.

## CUBA'S CHIEF WILL ENTER TEST OF STRENGTH WITH CONGRESS

Legislature, After Refusing to Have Special Session at President Menocal's Request, Holds Regular Meeting Next Month—Mistakes of Former President

HAVANA, Cuba.—Political weather-vanes in the present critical hour point straight to what they assert is to prove a test of strength between President Menocal and Congress. To call an extra session of the legislative body at this time, and for the purpose of passing the bill for a loan of \$15,000,000, was in itself a daring move by the chief executive. There is no one who questions the fact that but for the Platt amendment, which gives the United States the right to interfere when such a course seems warranted, conditions would not remain as quiet as they have been up to the present time.

Vice-President Varona, who throughout has been a staunch supporter of President Menocal, has taken occasion to point out that the latter stands now where former President Palma stood once—at the cross roads. Asserting that Palma yielded to political pressure, which meant party control of national affairs, Sr. Varona warns against a repetition of previous mistakes. He points out further that revolution and American provisional government resulted from

Palma's course, and that certain elements among the conservatives are now demanding of President Menocal more political preference than it is in his power to give.

The regular session of Congress begins on Nov. 3. President Menocal's non-success in making the members meet in extraordinary session encourages the belief that the strained relations will be continued after Congress convenes. General Asbert, one time Governor of Havana province, is still in jail awaiting trial on the charge of being largely responsible for the shooting of Chief of Police Riva. Nothing but political differences could have caused that unfortunate happening. Former President Gomez, it is understood, is still active in the nation's internal matters, and, since the \$15,000,000 loan is wanted to pay off the debts left by the Gomez administration, there are all kinds of rumors as to what is the real opposition to the floating of this loan. Many of the leading newspapers continue in support of the President, and there seems to be no doubt that Menocal has the courage of his convictions, no matter what the consequences to his political fortunes may be.

## OIL WELL IN PANUCO, VERACRUZ, MEX.



Tanks cannot be built fast enough, so oil is stored in excavations

**WESTERN UNION**

**TELEGRAM**

THEO. N. VAIL, PRESIDENT

*The telegraph ought to reach every community and fit its services to the varied needs of all the people.*

*This is what the Western Union is trying to accomplish*

**THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY**

DIRECTORY OF Manufacturing and Wholesale Firms	
<b>BOOKBINDERS</b> EDITION AND MISCELLANEOUS Dudley & Hodge, 200 Washington St., Boston, Mass.	<b>LEATHER GOODS—WHOLESALE</b> Bristol Patent Leather Co., Patent Calf and Kid, Philadelphia—Bristol, Pa.—Boston.
<b>BOOK-PAPER MANUFACTURERS</b> Thibault & Hollingsworth Co., 49 Federal St., Boston.	Keystone Leather Co., Glazed and Dull Kid, Philadelphia—Boston—London.
<b>BUILDING CONTRACTORS</b> Whitcomb & Kavanaugh Co., 9 Beacon St., Boston.	<b>PAPER DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENT</b> The Arnold Roberts Co., 180 Congress St., Boston, Mass.
<b>ENGRAVING, DESIGNING, HALF-TONE AND ETCHING</b> Franklin Engraving Co., 250 Franklin St., Boston, Mass.	<b>PAPER DEALERS (Wholesale)</b> Hay State Paper Co., 337-339 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
<b>ELECTROTYPES</b> Dickinson Electrotype Foundry, 370 Congress St., Boston.	<b>POWER, HEATING AND VENTILATING</b> Cleghorn Co., 84 Battery-march St., Boston.
<b>HEATING (Steam and Hot Water)</b> Garvey Heating Mfg. Co., 180-200 Franklin St., Boston.	<b>PRINTERS' ROLLERS</b> Wild & Stevens, Inc., 5 Purchase St., Boston.
<b>INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS</b> Hinchey & Woods, 25 Kilby St., Boston, Mass.	<b>QUALITY WRAPPING</b> Andrews Paper Co., formerly Higgins, Essex Co., 54 India St., Boston, Mass.
<b>MILLINERY GOODS</b> J. P. Struble & Co., Manufacturers of Trimmed, Untrimmed and Ready-to-Wear Hats, 230 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.	<b>STEEL CASTINGS</b> George H. Smith Steel Casting Company, Milwaukee, Wis.
	<b>WOOL</b> F. N. Graves & Co., 234 Summer St., Boston.



# League Leaders Indifferent to Magenis Mayoral Plan

(Continued from page one)

the members differ regarding his plan for selecting mayoral candidates.

Parker D. Morris, member of the executive committee of the league said this morning regarding the assertion made by Mr. Magenis that the league's activities were undemocratic and opposed to popular government: "Personally I agree with Mr. Magenis that it is not an expression of the voters in the progressive movement in the city when six men get together and select candidates for mayor, notwithstanding the fact that these names may or may not be accepted at the convention of the league on Nov. 9. For the entire league membership, if a unanimous vote could be secured, 350 in all, would be but a very small percentage of the progressive movement which this league is supposed to represent."

"There are 20,000 available names of known progressives, and, in my belief, each one should have a voice in the selection of the mayoralty candidate. I have been struggling for four years to bring into the league a more democratic system. If it were in my power I would adopt the system now in practice in several western cities which provides that the names of candidates be printed on post cards and sent to each voter interested in the movement for them to check the candidate they prefer. If some such system were adopted it would mean in Boston that the league's candidate would have 20,000 votes handed to him at the start, which would form a firm foundation on which to conduct a successful campaign against the present machine."

William Minot said: "To accomplish anything by such a plan it would be necessary to print reams of literature regarding the qualifications of each man and send it to each voter and a system evolved to get him to read it before an intelligent vote could be taken."

Former Mayor Nathan Matthews declined to comment on the subject.

Mr. Magenis in his letter to the league said in part: "Are the people of Boston to decide for themselves, or will the Citizens' Municipal League decide, and in so deciding merely give the body politic the right of recommendation, reserving the right of decision as to who the nominee for mayor shall be? That is not government of the people."

"Party government never fully eliminated popular government. Even good government, the best of government, should not be purchased at the expense of popular government."

"Nominations should spring from and be ratified by the people. Nominations which spring from a relatively few and are ratified by 350 or more will hardly satisfy 100,000 voters, especially when fundamental rights are considered. The government of the city of Boston belongs to the people of Boston. That people may be trusted with its own."

## MUSICIANS TO LAY CORNERSTONE OF HOME ON FRIDAY

Directors of the Boston Musicians Mutual Relief Association met today and discussed details of their new building and outlined plans for the program of the cornerstone laying Friday.

A parade in which a military band will participate will precede the laying of the cornerstone.

The parade will start from the State House at 1:30 o'clock and a number of labor officials have been asked to participate in the exercises. Joseph N. Weber of New York, national president of the musicians' union, is among those expected to be present. James T. Kenney, president of the Boston association will have charge.

## MR. BRYAN IS IN FAVOR OF "NAVAL HOLIDAY" PLANS

WASHINGTON—William J. Bryan, secretary of state, Monday gave cordial approval to Secretary Daniels' statement that if other naval powers agreed to suspend naval construction for a stated period, or, as Winston Churchill put it, "take a naval holiday," the United States also would gladly do so.

A similar idea was embodied in Secretary Bryan's original proposal to the world powers for a universal peace pact, but was abandoned when it became evident that strong opposition would follow.

## OCTAVE THANET TO TALK ON SUFFRAGE

Miss Alice French, known by the pseudonym of Octave Thanet, speaks for the first time in public on anti-suffrage this afternoon at the home of Miss Albert M. Houghton, 58 Garden street, Cambridge. Miss French looks upon woman suffrage as a fad. She is being entertained at the Chilton Club, Commonwealth avenue.

## IMMIGRATION IS DEBATED

NEEDHAM, Mass.—A debate on the question "Shall the United States Restrict Immigration?" took place at the First Baptist church last evening under the auspices of the Men's League. The resolution was defeated by a vote of 54 to one.

## EVENING SCHOOLS OPEN

Medford's evening schools opened their sessions last evening with 134 pupils enrolled and applications from about 20 or 25 more are expected.

## COUNCIL TO MEET SPECIALLY ON CITY HALL ANNEX ORDER

At a special meeting of the city council Thursday, action will be taken on an appropriation of \$155,000 for furnishing the new city hall annex. Definite action will not be taken in the matter of widening Avery street at the special meeting Thursday, but will be taken up at the regular meeting Monday evening.

Mayor Fitzgerald appeared and spoke before council Monday for Avery street. Different councilors spoke favoring acceptance of the enabling act of Legislature. Council also assured the mayor that the appropriation of \$115,000 for the furnishing of the new city hall annex will be taken up at Thursday's meeting.

The following orders sent in by the mayor were referred to the committee on finance: \$225,000 for a new signal fire station; \$100,000 for the extension of the high pressure water service; \$125,000

for a new building for the Consumptive hospital; \$40,000 for a new police station in Dorchester.

## LACK OF FUNDS HOLDS UP HIGH PRESSURE PLAN

Mayor Fitzgerald said he did not know what would be done with the high-pressure equipment bids which were opened today by Louis K. Rourke, commissioner of public works, although no appropriation has yet been made, but he thought it might be necessary to reject all the bids or to hold over bids until further action could be taken. Commissioner Rourke said he would probably hold over bids until the Boston Chamber of Commerce had had an opportunity to discuss the question with the city council.

## ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

### Army Orders

WASHINGTON—Maj. D. Baker, medical corps, relieved duty at Ft. McPherson, Georgia, upon arrival of Maj. T. S. Bratton, medical corps, and proceed to Ft. Sill, Oklahoma, and report to commanding officer of the latter post and by letter to commanding general, southern department.

Capt. W. M. Goodale, nineteenth infantry, retirement announced.

First Lieut. G. Gruener, eleventh cavalry, detailed as professor military science and tactics at Shattuck school, Fairbault, Minn.

First Lieut. E. G. Elliott, ninth cavalry, placed on list detached officers, and First Lieut. R. E. Smyser, cavalry, removed therefrom.

Retiring board appointed in orders Jan. 17 is dissolved.

Army retiring board appointed to meet in Washington, D. C. Detail: Brig. Gen. A. L. Mills, U. S. A.; Col. H. O. S. Heiland, adjutant-general; Col. C. C. Fisher, medical corps; Maj. C. C. Hearn, coast artillery corps; Capt. W. K. Hamilton, coast artillery corps, recorder.

Leaves: Second Lieut. V. G. Olmsted, eighth infantry, 4 months; First Lieut. C. S. Hamilton, thirteenth infantry, one month from Nov. 1; Capt. A. N. McClure, cavalry, one month and 15 days from Nov. 10; Capt. T. H. Emerson, corps of engineers, leave extended one month.

### Navy Orders

Commander A. G. Cavanaugh, commissioned from July 1, 1913.

Commander Ridley McLean, detached the Florida, to navy department, Washington, D. C.

Commander R. D. Hasbrouck, detached the Idaho, to the Florida as executive officer.

Lieut. Commander B. B. Wygant, commissioned from July 1, 1913.

Lieut. G. E. Lake, commissioned from Nov. 9, 1912.

Lieut. John Rodgers, detached the Nebraska, to the Paducah.

Lieuts. (junior grade) H. M. McLeary and R. W. Clark, commissioned from June 6, 1913.

Lieut. (junior grade) R. P. Emrich, to navy yard, Washington, D. C.

Ensigns Frank Hindred, Ralph Martin, August Schulze and F. G. Kutz, commissioned from July 30, 1913.

Ensign W. H. Osgood, detached the Virginia, to temporary duty the Constellation.

Ensign A. B. Sanborn, detached the Vermont, to temporary duty the Constellation.

Ensign F. K. Elder, detached the Connecticut, to temporary duty the Constellation.

Ensign H. A. Ward, detached the Florida, to temporary duty the Constellation.

Ensign A. E. Montgomery, detached the Virginia, to temporary duty the Constellation.

Ensign W. H. O'Brien and Ensign C. S. Gillette, detached the Hopkins, to the Stewart.

Passed Assistant Surgeon C. B. Camer, commissioned, from March 28, 1913.

Assistant Surgeons C. A. Costello, medical reserve corps, and J. J. Kaveny, medical reserve corps, commissioned, from Oct. 10, 1913.

Assistant Surgeon J. B. Bostick, medical reserve corps, commissioned, from Oct. 4, 1913.

Ast. Surgeon Rexwald Brown, M. R. C., commissioned, from October 3, 1913.

Ast. Surgeon L. H. Roddie, M. R. C., commissioned, from October 10, 1913, to

naval medical school, Washington, D. C., for instruction.

Boatswain Norman McIntire, detached receiving ship at Mare Island, Cal., to home.

Gunner G. D. Stillson, detached the New Jersey, to temporary duty navy yard, New York, N. Y.

Paymaster Clerk S. H. Dickson, appointed, to the Chattanooga, the Oregon and the Raleigh.

Paymaster Clerk W. S. Hullfish, appointment revoked.

### Movements of Vessels

The Birmingham arrived at Cristobal. The Tingey and Thornton arrived at Charleston.

The Culgoa and Ontario arrived at Norfolk yard.

The Standish from Norfolk to Annapolis.

The Dolphin arrived at Washington.

The Solace from Hampton Roads to Villefranche.

The Orion from Hampton Roads to Marseilles.

The Jason from Hampton Roads to Genoa.

The Cyclops from Hampton Roads to Naples.

The Wyoming from Hampton Roads to Malta.

The Arkansas and Florida from Hampton Roads to Naples.

The Utah and Delaware from Hampton Roads to Villefranche.

The Kansas and Connecticut from Hampton Roads to Genoa.

The Ohio and the Vermont from Hampton Roads to Marseilles.

The Yankton from Hampton Roads to New York yard.

The Sonoma arrived at New York yard.

The Idaho arrived at Philadelphia.

The Lebanon from Philadelphia to St. Julien Creek.

The Flusser from Charleston to New York yard.

The Vestal from Boston to Hampton Roads.

The Galveston from Guam to Manila.

The Cincinnati from Swatow to Olongapo.

The Yorktown arrived at Mare Island.

The Arethusa from Port Arthur, Tex., to Guantanamo.

The Charleston and the St. Louis from San Francisco to Bremerton.

The Paducah from Norfolk to Guantanamo.

The Yankton arrived at New York navy yard.

The Maryland from Guaymas to Mazatlan.

The Glacier arrived at Guaymas.

Notes

Cruiser Galveston has been assigned to duty with the Asiatic fleet.

Mail address of the transport Buffalo has been changed from "Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal." to "In care of the Postmaster, New York city."

Battleship Vermont has been temporarily transferred from the second to the fourth division, Atlantic fleet. She will remain assigned to the fourth division until her return from Europe, about Dec. 15, when she will rejoin the second division.

SOCIETY TO OPEN SEASON

ARLINGTON, Mass.—The Arlington Historical Society opens its 1913-1914 season in Adelphi hall tonight at 8 o'clock, when a talk is to be given by George Y. Wellington, president emeritus, on "An Old House and Its Occupants."

## BAPTIST WORKERS CONFERENCE MEETING HELD IN BROCKTON

Ministers, Charitable Societies and Women's Missionary Branch Hold Sessions Today

BROCKTON, Mass.—A meeting of Baptist state associations opened this morning in the First Baptist church with the eighty-fourth conference of Massachusetts Baptist ministers as the first sectional meeting. The address of welcome was delivered by the Rev. A. C. Archibald and R. L. Webb, state president, responded. Appointment of committees, reports and election of officers was the business.

The principal address was by the Rev. B. D. Hahn, D.D., of Springfield, Mass., on "The Coming American."

At 1:30 the ninety-second annual convention of the Baptist charitable societies will be held. At 2 o'clock the women's missionary branch will meet and hear addresses by Miss Anna L. Prince of Burma, India and Miss Grace Daland of New York.

## CAMPAIGN FOR ORDER AT SCHOOLS IS COMMENCED

In accordance with instructions received from Franklin B. Dyer, superintendent of schools, the headmasters of the Latin and English high schools, and the High School of Commerce and Mechanic Arts are to strongly impress upon their pupils that rowdiness must be stamped out of schools even though extreme measures have to be taken.

That it is not "smart" to throw books at each other in street cars, rush up and down the aisles, ring the signal bell, jerk the pole from the trolley wire, empty the sand box and prevent people from getting on the cars is to be impressed upon them even to the point of suspending them or bringing them into the juvenile courts.

The railway company and passengers have made complaint against boys and girls of both public high and private schools using West Roxbury, Dorchester, Grove Hall and cars from Park street going in the vicinity of the high and private schools in the Fenway and South Boston. The company has also employed detectives.

## SUFFRAGISTS TOUR IN OPPOSITION TO L. H. GREENWOOD

Five Boston suffragists, led by Margaret Foley, are in Leominster today pursuing their nine days' campaign against the reelection of Levi H. Greenwood, now president of the Senate. Accompanying Miss Foley are Mrs. Mary Mahan, Mrs. Hollingsworth, Miss Alameda Bagley and Miss Julia Smith. Miss Foley will be the one to remain on the ground during the entire campaign, the others being replaced by members of the Massachusetts Woman's Suffrage Association each day.

The party yesterday rode from Fitchburg to Leominster, where Miss Foley divided her party by sending them to visit the factories during the noon hour. Miss Foley addressed the operatives from the F. A. Whitman factory.

Two of the women in the party were warned by the police of Leominster against the giving out of handbills, with which every vintage spot in the town had been flooded.

## RUSSELL DECISION IS AGAIN DELAYED

William R. Scharton, counsel for "Dakota Dan" Russell, in the Russell will case, has filed a motion in the supreme court at East Cambridge asking for a stay in filing the decision of Gilbert A. A. Pevey, master, until Friday. The stay has been granted.

Mr. Scharton says he is to file a motion seeking an allowance from the Russell estate for his personal compensation for services rendered as counsel for the plaintiff. He will take the stand that, inasmuch as 58 witnesses testified they were convinced that "Dakota Dan" was the real heir, his allowance should be paid by the estate.

## FIRST BOAT IN SERVICE ARRIVES

To inaugurate the new semi-weekly service between Boston, Charleston and Jacksonville, the Clyde line steamer Onondaga, Captain Packer, arrived at Lewis wharf today from Philadelphia. The new service starts with the sailing of the Onondaga tomorrow. Captain Coggins will relieve Captain Packer in command of the steamer.

Other vessels which will maintain the new service are the Ketchikan, Chippewa and Carib. The large amount of southern products being shipped to the north prompted the officials of the company to increase the service to Boston. It is expected that two sailings each week will become the permanent schedule.

## CHILD LABOR LAW DISCUSSED

SALEM, Mass.—The Salem Board of Trade held a meeting last evening. William W. Andrews, superintendent of schools, talked on the new child labor law. The proposed higher freight rates on the Boston & Maine and its effect on local industries were discussed.

## PANAMA CANAL EFFECT IS THEME AT MOBILE CONGRESS

Various Speakers Tell of Future in the Light of New Waterway—President Wilson Sees Emancipation From Outside Control Coming for Pan-America

MOBILE, Ala.—The Panama canal was the theme of speeches before the Southern Commercial Congress today. Five minute "free forum" talks by delegates followed each set speech.

Tonight Secretary of State Bryan was scheduled to lead discussion of the Panama canal from the standpoint of South and Central America. Director John Barrett, of the Pan-American Union, the minister to Panama, the Peruvian minister, and the minister from Bolivia were also scheduled to speak.

Modern woman and her fields of usefulness, was the theme of discussions at the opening sessions of the woman's auxiliary of the congress. Mrs. O'Neal, wife of the Governor of Alabama, welcomed the delegates. Prominent speakers outlined woman's work in patriotic societies. These speakers represented the D. A. R., United Daughters of the Confederacy, Colonial Dames and the Daughters of the War of 1812. Mrs. Pennybacker, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, discussed "The Clubwoman," and Mrs. Duncan U. Fletcher, wife of the senator from Florida, discussed, "Woman and the American Countryside."

A meeting of the combined sessions of the southern commercial congress and the woman's auxiliary will be held tonight. The Countess of Aberdeen, Jane Addams, Miss Tracy Thomas, president of Bryn Mawr, and Miss Julia Lathrop, chief of the federal children's bureau, are among those scheduled to speak.

## ONTARIO PUBLIC LIBRARIES CIRCULATE 3,787,100 BOOKS

TORONTO, Ont.—Public libraries in this province with the exception of the district of Patricia are handling a total circulation of 3,787,100 books, generally of an educational character, according to Walter R. Nurey, who recently addressed the first annual meeting of the Ontario Public Library Institute on "The Library Institute of Ontario."

The institute has been formed to enlist the cooperation of all library workers in the city. It is the fifteenth library institute in Ontario, and completes the library organization of the province.

Mr. Nurey sketched the history of libraries in the province and enumerated the 11 largest districts into which it is divided. These are, says the Globe: Timiskaming, Nipissing, Sudbury, Algoma, Manitoulin, Parry Sound, Muskoka, Thunder Bay, Rainy river, Kenora and the recently added district of Patricia, which in itself embraces an area of over 188,000 square miles.

The most remote of these libraries at present is at Kenora, formerly Rat Portage, at the foot of the Lake of the Woods, 1154 miles from Toronto—the headquarters of the library organization of the province.

## REORGANIZATION OF SEALSHIPT OYSTER SYSTEM

NEW YORK.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Sealshipt Oyster System, Inc., the prospect of a reorganization of the company was discussed. President Underwood admitted that costs for plants and other properties had been originally excessive, oyster beds were over valued and the selling force over balanced.

Opposition by the stockholders protective committee brought out the facts that reorganization of the company, which has assets of \$4,500,000 and liabilities of \$4,000,000 will depend largely on the action of the creditors. Leo A. Peel was elected a director and the other retiring directors were reelected.

## DAUGHTERS OF REVOLUTION MEET

Until further notice the new rooms of the Daughters of the Revolution at the Hotel Westminster will be open every Monday, Wednesday and Thursday. The next regular afternoon social hour of the society will be held there Nov. 7.

At the meeting yesterday Mrs. Susan M. Plummer, state regent, presiding, new members accepted were Mrs. Addie Kittredge of Lowell, Mrs. Roxie D. Southard of Groton, Mrs. N. W. Hobbs of Worcester and Mrs. Alice M. Chase of Haverhill. Mrs. Julia M. Rowe of Allston presented the society with a rug, and Mrs. D. W. Sanborn, Somerville, a sum of money.

## WAKEFIELD TEACHERS TO MEET

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—The Teachers Association will meet at the high school Wednesday evening. An address on the teachers' pension law will be given by W. I. Hamilton, agent of the state board of education.

## CIRCULARS INFORM VOTERS

SALEM, Mass.—The city clerk sent out yesterday 9400 circulars to voters, giving a synopsis of the three referendum laws which will appear on the ballot at the state election.

## IN RECEIVER'S HANDS

HARTFORD, Conn.—Announcement was made here today that the Pope Manufacturing Company, makers of motor vehicles, had been placed in the hands of a receiver.

## GEN. FELIX DIAZ TAKES REFUGE ON U.S. GUNBOAT

(Continued from page one)

the developments of last night and today.

It is the talk in official circles here today that the powers, led by the United States, will adopt a concerted policy toward Mexico.

Reports from the British foreign office that Great Britain would do nothing in the Mexican situation, now that the election had been held in the southern republic, without consultation with the United States, added strength to the report that the American government plans a note to the powers.

Secretary Bryan, when shown despatches from London which asserted that Great Britain's recognition of Provisional President Huerta was given to extend until the elections, stated that such had been the understanding here all the time.

It was the general belief in official circles that the newly elected Mexican Congress would be seated after some delay in announcing the final result; that the presidential election would be declared invalid and General Huerta again chosen provisional President. Whatever happens, the United States is bound by its declaration not to recognize the government as it will be constituted, and, because of this situation, it is deemed certain that some initiative move on the part of this government must soon be forthcoming.

MEXICO CITY—Mexicans as well as foreigners here today expressed satisfaction with the utterances of President Wilson at Mobile. Some of the foreigners held the view that the American President meant his remarks about the United States never acquiring more territory by conquest as an intimation that the United States is about to take a hand in Mexico, but would certainly withdraw as soon as law and order are restored.

## RAILROADS ARE ORDERED TO MAKE REFUNDS ON RATES

WASHINGTON—Reparation orders were today issued by the interstate commerce commission in the following cases:

Refund of \$4.80 to Walter Burbeck by Maine Central on account of unreasonable rate on bark from Princeton, Me., to Winchester, Mass.

Refund of \$717.18 to American Agricultural Chemical Company by Maine Central on account of unreasonable rates on fertilizer from Searsport, Me., to New Brunswick points.

Refund of \$33.08 to Consolidation Coal Company by Boston & Maine on account of unreasonable rate on anthracite coal from Portsmouth, N. H., to Waterville, Me.

## TEACHERS WIN AT TENNIS

LEXINGTON, Mass.—In tennis tournament closing yesterday Superintendent Arthur H. Carver and Miss Minnie L. Packard, a teacher, defeated Jerome Preston '14 and Miss Ruth Hoyt '14, the boy and girl singles champions, in two straight sets, 7-5, 6-2.

## MINUTE MEN TO ASSEMBLE

BEDFORD, Mass.—The first assembly of the Bedford company of the Lexington Minute Men takes place tonight in the town hall under the direction of Capt. Fred F. Cook, chairman; Sergt. M. McMahon, Lieut. J. Albini and Private P. Raymond.

## A Prominent Manufacturer

of a nationally advertised woman's garment recently said that advertising had cut the selling cost of his product just 50%. Where one salesman in one of the large cities was doing well to get \$300 or \$400 worth of business he was now able to get \$4000 or \$5000 worth, and he has a customer in nearly every large store.

Modern merchandising is based upon the volume of business done and relatively small profit on individual sales. Thus advertising is enabling you, as a buyer for your home, to purchase goods that bear the maker's name and guarantee—and pay less for them.

The readers of Monitor advertisements may readily acquire information which will equip them to do buying to greater advantage.



# Conference at Clark University to Talk Pan-America

Various Experts Will Discuss Educational Conditions in Southern and Central Nations at Meetings, Nov. 18 to 21

## INVITATIONS ISSUED

Invitations are being issued to 12 South American students in the United States by Dr. George W. Nasmith of the World Peace Foundation, 40 Mt. Vernon street, Boston, in behalf of Clark University, and at the request of Prof. George H. Blakeslee to attend the annual conference on Central and South America at Clark University, in Worcester, from Nov. 18 to Nov. 21.

The session Nov. 18 will be devoted to the consideration of educational conditions in the various American countries and the common interests of student communities. Students will give brief addresses. Dr. Nasmith will deliver the principal address on the topic "South American Students in North American Universities." President G. Stanley Hall of Clark University will preside.

Among the speakers will be John Barrett, director-general of the Pan-American Union; R. S. Naon, minister from Argentina; Federico A. Pezet, minister from Peru; Prof. Hiram Bingham of Yale, director of the Peruvian expedition of 1912; Prof. Bailey Willis of the United States geological survey, and Edgar Ewing Brandon, vice-president of Miami University; Jacob H. Hollander, professor of economics at Johns Hopkins University; Prof. Ellsworth Huntington of Yale, who has carried on exploration in Mexico and Yucatan; S. O. Martin, expert on South American resources and trade in the graduate school of business administration, Harvard; N. O. Winter, author of a series of works on Pan-America; Prof. Isaiah Bowman of Yale, who has been an explorer in Bolivia, Peru and Argentina; the Rev. John Howland of Auburndale, just returned from a residence of many years in Central Mexico; Prof. David P. Barrows, acting president of the University of California; J. P. Santamarina, an Argentine civil engineer and trade expert; Dr. Francisco J. Yanes, assistant director and secretary of the governing board of the Pan-American Union; Leo S. Rowe, professor of political science in the University of Pennsylvania; Juan C. Gallegos, elected to the national Congress of Argentina from Buenos Aires in 1910, and Albert Bushnell Hart, professor of government at Harvard.

International arbitration will be discussed by Edwin D. Mead, secretary of the World Peace Foundation, and F. E. Chadwick, rear admiral of the United States navy. Other speeches will be given by Earl Harding, and Wing B. Allen, editor of the South American.

## MRS. PANKHURST'S LECTURE CANCELED

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst will not address the Woman's Franchise League of Indiana in this city, as had been planned. The engagement was canceled on Monday by the league officials.

The reason given was that Mrs. Pankhurst requested that she be permitted to take up a collection in addition to the stipulated sum which she had first agreed to accept for addressing the league.

## FARMERS TOLD OF IRRIGATION PROFIT

WICHITA, Kan.—Owners of land in the Arkansas river valley can make from \$200 to \$2000 per acre off their land by irrigation and intensive farming, declared Dr. H. M. Cottrell, agricultural and immigration commissioner for the Rock Island railroad, in an address before an irrigation meeting here, says the Eagle. In the Arkansas valley are 800,000 acres of shallow water land tributary to Wichita that can be irrigated cheaply, stated Dr. Cottrell.

## FILIPINOS' JOBS ARE CONFIRMED

WASHINGTON—The Senate Monday confirmed President Wilson's nominations of four native Filipinos to the Philippine commission, one of whom is to be secretary of finance and justice for the islands. Senator Borah had given notice that he would block confirmation unless satisfactory assurances were given that the nominees were in favor of freedom on the islands.

## CIVIC SOCIETIES FORM FEDERATION

NEW YORK—Civic organizations of New York formed a federation on Monday at a meeting of their representatives at the City Club. The object of the federation is "to enable the federated associations to act together for the promotion of community interests of a non-political character."

NEW SCHOOL LAWS STUDIED  
Vocational counselors of the public schools met at school headquarters on Mason street yesterday afternoon and discussed the new school attendance laws and the new child labor laws. They are making a study of these laws.

STONEHAM ARMY FINISHED  
STONEHAM, Mass.—The state armory is completed and has been accepted by the state armory commission on condition that a few minor changes be made.

## WOMEN TO RUN FOR CITY COUNCIL

CHICAGO—Miss Sophronisa Breckenridge, dean of women at the University of Chicago, Miss Mary McDowell, head resident of the University of Chicago Stockyards Social Settlement, and Mrs. Joseph T. Bowen, settlement worker, will be candidates for the city council at the spring elections, it was announced Monday.

The women will run on an independent ticket, pursuant to a campaign by women's civic organizations to obtain representation in the council to promote legislation in which women are especially interested.

## ASSESSED VALUE OF CORPORATIONS

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Judge Le Boeuf of Albany, before the National Tax Association conference, dealing with exactions imposed on public service corporations, said that assessed value of all corporate property in this state in 1912 was \$1,273,501,393, out of total assessed value of all property of \$11,022,985,914.

The corporate tax in 1913, not including special franchise tax and direct ad valorem taxes, was \$10,010,520, an increase of \$681,364 over preceding year. Public service corporations in direct tax on capital and earnings paid in 1913, \$4,101,498, of which stock was \$1,463,455, and gross earnings tax \$2,638,043.

## CALUMET STRIKE MEDIATORS ACTIVE

CALUMET, Mich.—Circuit Judge P. H. O'Brien and former Sheriff James Byers of Houghton county are interceding with the mine managers in behalf of the strikers. As the strikers' single condition to strike settlement of retaining their union memberships without discrimination is refused by the managers Messrs. O'Brien and Byers will again confer with the strikers and endeavor to arrive at some other basis of agreement to be submitted to the operators. Meanwhile trainloads of men are being brought into the district to replace the strikers.

## BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

**WAKEFIELD**  
The Wakefield Club has appointed Ernest M. Oliver, Asa A. Boothby, the president; A. Stanley North, Conant W. Ruth, Harry T. Porter and Dana F. Fairbanks to arrange a series of Wednesday night entertainments and Saturday night lectures, to begin on Nov. 5.

The Philathea class of the First Baptist church has elected: President, Mrs. Florence M. Macmann; vice-president, Miss M. Lillian Smith; secretary, Mrs. Grace C. Wiley; treasurer, Miss Annie C. Balch.

**AVON**  
Avon lodge, A. B. S., has elected: President, O. Tracey Thayer; vice-president, Oscar E. Wilde; orator, Arthur H. Hall; chaplain, Mrs. George W. Clifford; secretary, Mrs. Anna Macdonald; collector, Waldo Thayer; treasurer, E. P. Noyes, sentry, Frank Roak; warden, Charles H. Stetson; trustees, Arthur H. Hall, George W. Clifford and Charles H. Felker.

**REVERE**  
The Girls Gymnasium Club has been organized with Miss Lillian Young as president; Miss Clara Gillette, secretary; Miss Mildred Jacobs, treasurer. Beginning this evening a meeting will be held every Tuesday evening in the high school gymnasium.

The boy scouts of St. Pauls Episcopal church will hold a meeting this evening.

**MAYNARD**  
The trustees of the Maynard public library are considering the advisability of keeping the library open one more evening each week, and if they decide to do this, as in all probability they will, Monday night will be the choice.

The interior finish is now being put in at the new Finnish Mission church on Walnut street.

**JAMAICA PLAIN**  
Tonight, Vastle Crystal, Knights of King Arthur, of the Boylston church, will hold its seventh annual convocation with the Rev. Herbert A. Barker as special guest.

Marion lodge No. 66, A. O. U. W., meets tonight for its fourth annual roll call. There will also be initiation of candidates.

**CONCORD JUNCTION**  
The members of Concord lodge, I. O. O. F., will give a party in Odd Fellows hall this evening.

The boys and girls of the Union Congregational church Sunday school held a Halloween social in the church last evening, including an entertainment, followed with games and refreshments.

**QUINCY**  
The Quincy Young Women's Club holds a Halloween party in the assembly hall of the high school this evening.

The Riverside Women's Club holds a Halloween party at the clubhouse of the Town River Yacht Club Wednesday afternoon.

**READING**  
Henry B. McDowell and other speakers will address a Progressive party rally in Lyceum hall, tomorrow night.

George H. S. Driver, past commander of Post 12 of Wakefield, will inspect Veteran Post G. A. R. tonight.

**BROOKLINE**  
At the suffrage meeting to be held this afternoon, Mrs. James Parker speaks on the "Dignity of Womanhood" and Mrs. George Gove on "Publicity." The hostesses are Mrs. C. F. Waldo, Jr., and Mrs. Reginald Heath.

**MEDFIELD**  
A Progressive rally was held in Cheney hall Monday evening. Addresses were made by Russell Wood, candidate for secretary of state; Dr. George L. Perin and Frederick L. Palmer, both of Brookline.

**WEST NEWTON**  
Primaries for the city election in December will be held November 18. A number of contests for aldermanic positions and for school committee are expected.

**SOMERVILLE**  
Members of the Y. P. C. U. of the Third Universalist church will present two plays Wednesday evening. They will be "Monsieur" and "Pot-Luck." Music will be furnished by an orchestra of Tufts College men.

**MILFORD**  
The sacred cantata, "Joseph's Bondage," with 200 in the chorus, will be presented by the auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. the first week in December.

**ROCKLAND**  
The annual inspection of the Sons of Veterans' ladies auxiliary will take place in Grand Army hall this afternoon and evening.

**WESTWOOD**  
The Woman's Alliance will hold an all-day session at the parish house Wednesday.

**WALTHAM**  
Mrs. Alice Higgins Lothrop of Brookline will speak at a meeting of the Waltham Woman's Club Friday.

**MELROSE**  
The initial meeting of the Maine Club will be held in Odd Fellows hall tonight.

## HOME PROBLEMS ON FARMS ARE TO BE SOLVED

North Dakota Agricultural Association Plans Departure in State Work and Woman Expert Is to Have Charge of Undertaking

## COOPERATION IS ASKED

FARGO, N. D.—Director Thomas P. Cooper of the united experiment station and the better farming association in this state has developed a new idea. He is arranging with the women to work out the problems of the farm home, the arrangement of the farm kitchen, the installation of modern conveniences and other things of this nature.

North Dakota is the first of all the United States to attempt to solve this problem. Miss Mildred M. Vetch, a North Dakota girl, is the woman selected for the work and she is the first to engage in this line in the entire country says the Forum. In carrying out the ideas of Director Cooper she is a pioneer in the movement that may mean much for the farmers' wives of this country.

The farm women have to do more with less conveniences than the women in cities and towns. There are many conveniences that may be added to the farm homes at a very slight cost. It will be the purpose of the field woman of the better farming movement to place these facts before the farmers and their wives and to illustrate definitely how they may be installed in any particular home and under the peculiar conditions that may prevail.

## AT RAILWAY TERMINALS

The building department of the terminal division, Boston & Maine road, is erecting a new office building in the midway of North station, for the general baggage agent.

The private Pullman car Constitution, occupied by Senator Hale and party, passed through Boston over the New England lines early this morning en route from Ellsworth, Me., to New York city.

Joseph I. Thorn, third trick train director in pneumatic tower No. 1, South station, is spending a week's vacation at Salem, N. H.

The inspecting officials of the Boston & Maine road are covering by special train today the terminal division and the suburban zone.

For the accommodation of the Boston Symphony orchestra en route to New Bedford and return tonight the New Haven road will furnish a first class special train from South station at 4:35 p. m., returning leave New Bedford at 10:30 p. m.

A special Boston & Maine train consisting of combination and private car No. 333 left North station last night for the convenience of Benjamin W. Cuppy, engineer of bridges and buildings, and party on an inspection trip covering four days on the Fitchburg division.

The private Pullman car Pilgrim occupied by Miss Alice Runnells, daughter of President Runnells of the Pullman Company, and party passed through Boston today en route from Mt. Whittier, N. H., to Chicago via Boston & Maine and New York Central lines.

The private Pullman car Neperthan, occupied by Vice-President Benjamin Campbell of the New Haven road, was attached to the Shore Line express from South station at 1 o'clock this morning en route to New Haven.

Passenger trainmen employed by the Boston & Maine road are being measured for their winter uniforms at North station.

On account of heavy suburban travel during rush hours on the Boston & Albany road at South station, the operating department is running trains to the eight-car limit.

## MR. TAFT TO GIVE PEACE LECTURES

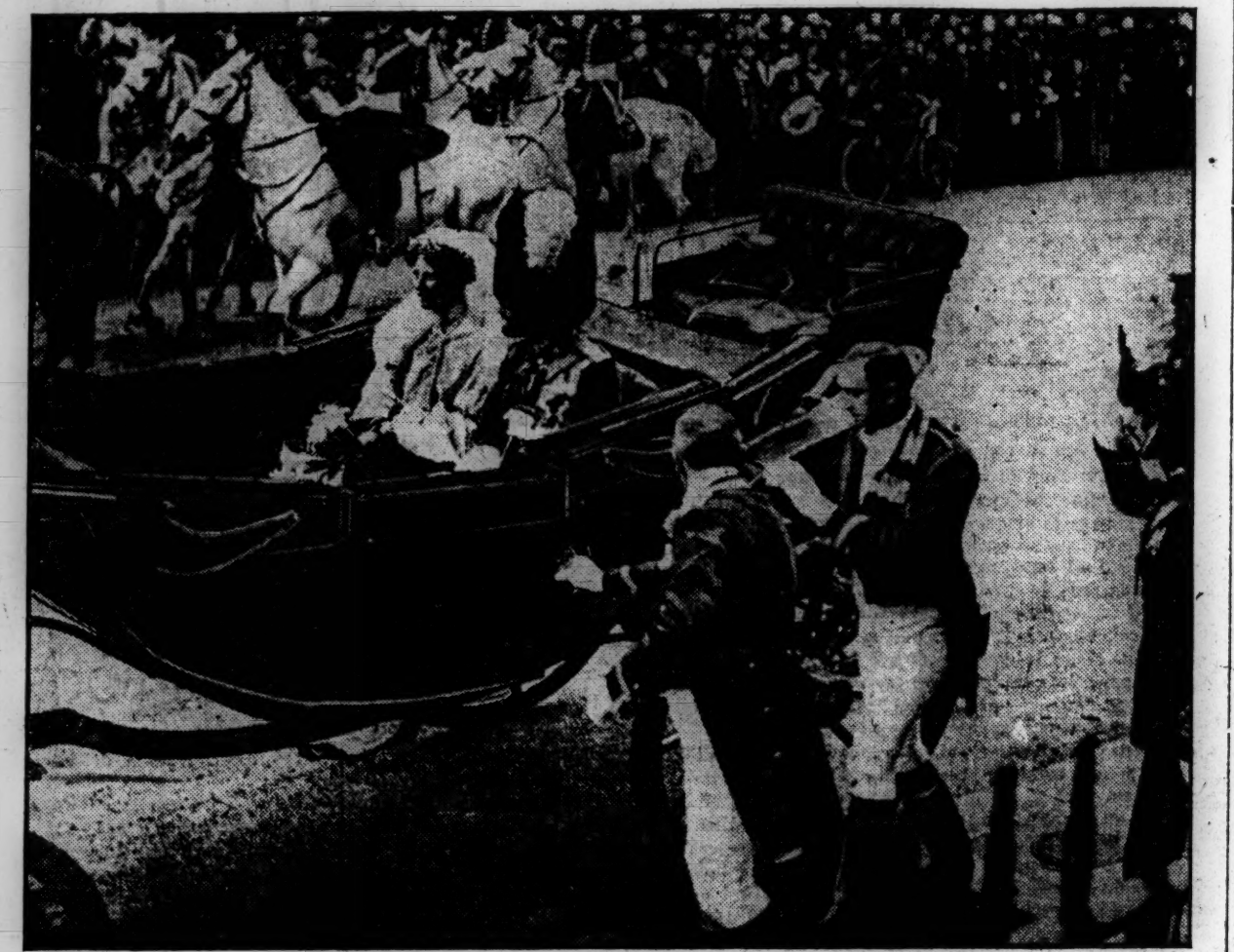
NEW YORK—Prof. William Howard Taft, former President of the United States, will deliver a lecture on "The Monroe Doctrine: Its Limitations and Implications," before the New York Peace Society and the Columbia University Institute of Arts and Sciences in Aeolian hall, Dec. 11.

Other lectures in the same series to be delivered by Mr. Taft are "Shall the Federal Government Protect Aliens in Their Treaty Rights?" Jan. 22, 1914; "Has the American Government the Power to Enter Into General Arbitration Treaties?" Feb. 26, and "The Federative Trend in International Affairs," March 24.

**UNITED STATES BUYS RADIUM**  
WASHINGTON—The bureau of standards of the department of commerce has bought \$2100 worth of radium for establishing a standard for the United States. The first lot, worth \$600, arrived on Monday.

**ENDEAVORERS TO CELEBRATE**  
MAYNARD, Mass.—The twenty-first anniversary of the local Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor is to be observed in the Congregational church Sunday and Monday.

## SCOTS GREYS ESCORT ROYAL COUPLE



(Copyright by London News Agency)

Prince and Princess Arthur arriving at 15 Portman square, London, the residence of bride's mother

(Special to the Monitor)  
LONDON—Londoners took a keen interest in the wedding of Prince Arthur of Connaught and the Duchess of Fife which, as stated by cable, took place recently at the Chapel Royal, St. James palace.

An hour before the ceremony was due to commence more than 20,000 people lined that part of the Mall which runs between Buckingham palace and the garden entrance to St. James palace.

The reason given was that Mrs. Pankhurst requested that she be permitted to take up a collection in addition to the stipulated sum which she had first agreed to accept for addressing the league.

## NEW BATTLESHIP TEXAS IS FAST IN HER TRIALS

ROCKLAND, Me.—Following the repairing of the engine which interrupted her standardization trial on Thursday the superdreadnought Texas, the most powerful battleship afloat, left to resume her builders' trials.

The trials were entirely satisfactory to the builders and government officials. The fastest run over the mile course was at the rate of 22.28 knots, exceeding by more than 1 1/4 knots the speed required by the contract.

The Texas made three runs over the mile course at 21-knot speed and five at the best speed attainable. It is expected the battleship will go to sea immediately for the four-hour official acceptance test, during which she must average better than 21 knots to meet the contract requirements.

The other trials will be held while the warship is on her way back to Newport News.

## LINER CRETIC DUE AT TEN IN MORNING

Capt. F. B. Howarth of the White Star liner, Cretic reported today by wireless that the steamer would reach port tomorrow. On board are 95 saloon, 230 cabin and 1265 steerage passengers. The Cretic is expected to arrive about 10 a. m.

Among the saloon passengers are: Otto Bauer, Carl Bauer, Miss Marie J. Bauer, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Barr, the Rev. O. P. Langlois, Judge Raymond and Mrs. Raymond, C. E. Mills and Miss Louisa S. Wright.

## NEW RECREATION CENTER PROPOSED

JERSEY CITY—At the meeting of the Seventh Ward Progressive Republican League at the New York Bay house recently, Albert Worner presented a resolution endorsing the purchase of Greenville Schuetzen park for a recreation center.

and large crowds gathered also at various places on the route from the palace to the residence of the princess royal in Portman square.

The ceremony in the chapel was simple. The King, who gave the bride away, stood near her during the service as also did the princess royal. The archbishop of Canterbury in his address said that in that memorable place at the center of British home life, they were performing a ceremony wherein all the land rejoiced. From a full heart

## EXPEDITION IN ENFORCEMENT OF RULINGS FAVORED

National Association of Railway Commissioners Criticizes Both Courts and Boards

WASHINGTON—Criticizing both courts and state railroad rate commission, a committee today reported to the twenty-fifth annual convention of the National Association of Railway Commissioners in favor of more expeditious enforcement of rate rulings.

The committee of which Clyde B. Aitchison of Oregon is chairman held that there is justifiable cause for dissatisfaction over slowness of review by the courts of rate decisions which, they declared, often brought complete denial of justice.

"In part this may be due to the limitations of the judges as men," the committee reported. "Formerly the leisurely procedure of the federal courts and the indifference with which temporary injunctions were granted, was a source for justifiable complaint."

The committee on amendment of the Hepburn rate act withheld recommendations today because of pending decisions in the supreme court on the Interumtain and other rate cases which will outline probably new policies in state and federal control.

Uniform legislation to prevent grade-crossing and trespassing accidents was advocated by the grade crossing committee.

## MASONIC LODGE ELECTS OFFICERS

STONEHAM, Mass.—New officers of King Cyrus lodge, A. F. and A. M., were chosen last night as follows: Worshipful master, William O. Richardson; senior warden, Frank A. Wilkins; junior warden, Walter G. Barton; treasurer, Herbert P. Howe; secretary, Isaac W. Hanson; chaplain, the Rev. Arthur Stanley Beale; marshal, Willis Beard; senior deacon, F. Austin Jenkins; junior deacon, John L. Gilson; senior steward, William S. Lister; junior steward, W. Padilla Gray; inside sentinel, J. Raymond McAnany; organist, John A. Thomas; Tyler, Curtis M. Guild.

Mr. Beard begins his nineteenth term as marshal and Mr. Hanson his twelfth year as secretary.

they with tens of thousands outside bade goodspeed to bride and bridegroom.

After the benediction bride and bridegroom left the chapel to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march. After the usual formalities the bride and bridegroom held a reception in the throne room and then returned to Portman square, the journey being made in an open state landau. A detachment of the Scots Greys preceded the royal couple who were greeted with cheers all along the route.

## PITTSBURGH MEN TO EXTEND TRADE BY TROLLEY TRIPS

Commercial Club Plans to Spend Day in Visiting Nearby Towns and Cities in Special Cars

PITTSBURGH—Innovations in extending trade and developing business have been inaugurated by the Pittsburgh Commercial Club. By trolley, the first pilgrimage is to be made Nov. 1. One day will be required to visit the business men of Butler, Evans City, Harmony, Zelienople and Ellwood City.

Two cars of the Harmony route will be in action and at the disposal of the club to journey to places where the aggregate population is more than 30,000. A tentative schedule provides the time to be spent at each point as follows: Evans City, 45 minutes; Butler, four hours and 45 minutes; Zelienople, Harmony, one hour, and Ellwood City four hours and 45 minutes, says the Gazette Times.

A. C. Terry is chairman of the committee, in charge. One of the cars to be used will be the special parlor car operated by the trolley line. It is equipped with a motion picture apparatus which will be utilized in the various towns. Meals will be served at Butler and Ellwood City.

## COMPANY TO TEST PENALTY CLAUSE

CHICAGO—Suit against International Revenue Collector Fitch to recover \$6380 in a total ad damnum of \$8000 and test clause in the federal corporation income tax law, should a corporation fail to file the schedule of its earnings before March 1 of the current year, has been started by the Armour car lines.

**MILK DEALERS HEAR BOSTON MAN**  
CHICAGO—At the sixth annual convention of the International Milk Dealers Association held here Monday, C. H. Hood, president of H. P. Hood & Sons, wholesale and retail milk dealers of Boston, spoke on "Problem of Handling and Distributing Milk for a Large City."

**PEABODY REGISTRATION CLOSES**  
PEABODY, Mass.—Registration has closed for the state election with 3033 names on the voting lists, an increase of two over last year and 57 less than at the spring election.



## LEADING HOTELS, RESORTS, RESTAURANTS

**WESTERN**



**Hotel La Salle**  
Chicago's  
Finest Hotel

WHETHER you come to Chicago on pleasure or on business, you will find Hotel La Salle the ideal place to stay. It's easiest to reach—and closest to every place you want to go. Theatres, public buildings, shopping streets and business districts lie at its very door

**RATES:**

One Person: Room with detached bath, \$2 to \$3 Room with private bath, \$3 to \$5 Connecting rooms and suites as desired	Per Day	Two Persons: Room with detached bath, \$3 to \$5 Room with private bath, \$5 to \$8	Per Day
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------

*La Salle at Madison St. Chicago*  
ERNEST J. STEVENS  
VICE-PRES. & MANAGER



**Chicago Beach Hotel**

FOR A PLEASANT VISIT TO CHICAGO

Stop at the Chicago Beach Hotel, in the city's most beautiful, park and residence district, away from downtown noise. Only 10 minutes to loop district stores and theaters. Delightful sociability. Dancing. orchestra. Special winter rates.

**European Plan—**  
Rooms with use of bath, \$4 a day up  
Rooms with Private bath, \$5 a day up  
Reduction when stay is extended and for parties. Write for free book.  
Address Manager

**CHICAGO BEACH HOTEL**  
6181 BOULEVARD, HYDE PARK, CHICAGO



**HOTEL DEL PRADO, CHICAGO**

The Beauty of its Surroundings is One of the Chief Charms of the

A most excellent hotel the year around. 400 rooms with bath. Rates all American Plan.  
EDWARD R. BRADLEY, Proprietor. H. H. McLEAN, Manager.



**Merchants Hotel**  
St. Paul, Minn.

EUROPEAN PLAN  
Monitor Readers will receive every attention  
RATES \$1.00 to \$1.50 PER DAY  
WITH BATH \$1.50 to \$2.50 PER DAY  
GOOD CAFE AT MODERATE PRICES

GEO. R. KIBBE - - Manager



**SHIRLEY HOTEL**  
SEVENTEENTH AVENUE AND LINCOLN STREET  
DENVER, COLORADO


DENVER'S MOST POPULAR HOTEL. 300 ROOMS. ALL UP-TO-DATE.  
Hotel Owns and Operates Dairy and Gardens. Artisan Water. Popular Prices  
IRWIN B. ALLEN, Manager



**HOTEL KUPPER**  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

Conveniently located in Shopping District  
CAFE OF PARTICULAR EXCELLENCE  
ESPECIALLY DESIRABLE FOR LADIES TRAVELING ALONE


EUROPEAN PLAN—\$1.00 TO \$3.00 PER DAY



**The Chesterbury**  
PORTLAND, OREGON


RESIDENTIAL HOTEL AND APARTMENTS  
Located on the Nob Hill residential district in the midst of  
Portland's exclusive residences.  
CORNER OF 20TH AND KEARNEY STREETS

Depot-Morrison Car passes within one block. Special attention to tourists. Phone Marshall 784  
and A-4458. MISS E. M. BOWE, Proprietress.



**HOTEL RADISSON**  
Minneapolis, Minn.  
U. S. A.

The Premier Hotel  
Opened in 1910  
Cost \$1,500,000  
Hotel Radisson Co.



**Hotel Blackstone**  
PORTLAND, OREGON—11th and Stark  
Centrally located. \$1.00 and up. European plan. Rates to permanent guests.  
HENRY KOFELDT, Prop.

**CALIFORNIA HOTELS AND RESORTS**

IN THE HEART OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

**HOTEL ROSSLYN**  
European, 75c to \$2.50  
American, \$1.75 to \$3.00  
FREE AUTO BUS  
Meets All Trains  
NEW 500 ROOM FIREPROOF ADDITION TO BE COMPLETED 1914

**HOTEL ST. FRANCIS**  
SAN FRANCISCO  
ANTICIPATING EVERY DEMAND OF THE MOST EXACTING GUEST

**Arlington Hotel** Santa Barbara, California

A New Hotel Composed of Concrete, Brick and Steel.  
Catering to Tourist and Commercial Patronage.  
PERPETUAL MAY CLIMATE. E. P. DUNN, Lessee

**U.S. Grant Hotel**  
SAN DIEGO - - CALIFORNIA

Newest and Best Hotel on Pacific Coast  
Built of Concrete and Steel  
TARIFF \$1.50 per day and up. Combine all modern attractions.  
J. H. HOLMES, Managing Director.  
(For 10 years Manager Hotel Green, Pasadena)

**Van Nuys Hotel**  
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

E. L. POTTER CO. C. H. KNAPPE, Manager

**HOUSTON, TEXAS**

**and Her Three Million Dollar RICE HOTEL**

A Tourist's delight 52 weeks a year. 500 miles perfect shell road. Just 50 miles to the Gulf; 27 miles to the Bay.

Golfing Boating Fishing Bathing

A Twentieth Century Model of Hotel construction and equipment. 600 Rooms; 52 with bath; 15 State Suites; one entire floor devoted to Ball Room, Parlors, Banquet Halls and Private Dining Rooms. 310 feet Loggia Promenade. Roof Sun Parlor.

HOMER D. MATTHEWS, Manager.

**Adolphus**  
DALLAS, TEXAS

A Progressive Hotel in a Progressive City.  
EUROPEAN PLAN: \$2.00 Per Day and Up.  
ALVAN WILSON, Manager

**The New Monteleone**  
NEW ORLEANS

MODERN. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF. Located in center of most interesting part of the city. European Plan.

Rates: Room with detached bath \$1.00 up.  
Room with private bath, \$2.50 up.

JAMES D. KENNEY, Manager.

**HOTEL BENDER**  
HOUSTON, TEXAS

—235 ROOMS—EUROPEAN PLAN—FIRE-PROOF—  
A REALLY COMFORTABLE NEW HOTEL  
ABSOLUTELY MODERN IN EVERY DETAIL  
B. S. SWEARINGEN, MANAGING DIRECTOR

**HOTEL BELLECLAIRE**  
NEW YORK

BROADWAY AND 77TH STREET  
(SUBWAY 79TH STREET)

In the most charming Residential Section of New York City. Away from the dust, noise and heat of lower Broadway—yet within 15 minutes' ride of all best shops and theatres. Broadway cars and Fifth Avenue automobile stages pass the door. Hotel Belleclaire is thoroughly modern and fireproof. It appeals particularly to people of culture and refinement who appreciate perfect service, delightful surroundings and excellent cuisine. Apartments single or en suite, monthly or yearly rates for families. Write for Booklet.

F. A. ARCHAMBAULT, Proprietor.  
ROBERT D. BLACKMAN, Manager.

**The VANDERBILT HOTEL**  
34 ST. EAST AT PARK AVE., NEW YORK.

"An hotel of distinction with moderate charges"

Within five minutes of principal railway terminals. Situation ideal.

TARIFF: per day—\$3, \$4, \$5, \$6  
Single room, \$3.00  
Double room, \$4.00  
Double room, \$5.00  
Double room, \$6.00  
Double room, \$7.00  
Double room, \$8.00  
Double room, \$9.00  
Double room, \$10.00  
Double room, \$11.00  
Double room, \$12.00  
Double room, \$13.00  
Double room, \$14.00  
Double room, \$15.00  
Double room, \$16.00  
Double room, \$17.00  
Double room, \$18.00  
Double room, \$19.00  
Double room, \$20.00  
Double room, \$21.00  
Double room, \$22.00  
Double room, \$23.00  
Double room, \$24.00  
Double room, \$25.00  
Double room, \$26.00  
Double room, \$27.00  
Double room, \$28.00  
Double room, \$29.00  
Double room, \$30.00  
Double room, \$31.00  
Double room, \$32.00  
Double room, \$33.00  
Double room, \$34.00  
Double room, \$35.00  
Double room, \$36.00  
Double room, \$37.00  
Double room, \$38.00  
Double room, \$39.00  
Double room, \$40.00  
Double room, \$41.00  
Double room, \$42.00  
Double room, \$43.00  
Double room, \$44.00  
Double room, \$45.00  
Double room, \$46.00  
Double room, \$47.00  
Double room, \$48.00  
Double room, \$49.00  
Double room, \$50.00  
Double room, \$51.00  
Double room, \$52.00  
Double room, \$53.00  
Double room, \$54.00  
Double room, \$55.00  
Double room, \$56.00  
Double room, \$57.00  
Double room, \$58.00  
Double room, \$59.00  
Double room, \$60.00  
Double room, \$61.00  
Double room, \$62.00  
Double room, \$63.00  
Double room, \$64.00  
Double room, \$65.00  
Double room, \$66.00  
Double room, \$67.00  
Double room, \$68.00  
Double room, \$69.00  
Double room, \$70.00  
Double room, \$71.00  
Double room, \$72.00  
Double room, \$73.00  
Double room, \$74.00  
Double room, \$75.00  
Double room, \$76.00  
Double room, \$77.00  
Double room, \$78.00  
Double room, \$79.00  
Double room, \$80.00  
Double room, \$81.00  
Double room, \$82.00  
Double room, \$83.00  
Double room, \$84.00  
Double room, \$85.00  
Double room, \$86.00  
Double room, \$87.00  
Double room, \$88.00  
Double room, \$89.00  
Double room, \$90.00  
Double room, \$91.00  
Double room, \$92.00  
Double room, \$93.00  
Double room, \$94.00  
Double room, \$95.00  
Double room, \$96.00  
Double room, \$97.00  
Double room, \$98.00  
Double room, \$99.00  
Double room, \$100.00

Walton H. Marshall, Manager

**Hotel Logan**  
Iowa Circle, WASHINGTON, D. C.

American Plan \$3.00 per day up.  
European Plan \$1.00 per day up.  
Correspondence invited.  
WILLIAM CATTO

**A QUIET FAMILY HOTEL**  
LOCATED IN THE PINE BELT  
Open Oct. 1st  
E. E. SPANENBERG, Manager  
LAKEWOOD, N. J.

**HOTEL ST. FRANCIS**  
SAN FRANCISCO  
ANTICIPATING EVERY DEMAND OF THE MOST EXACTING GUEST

**New Washington Hotel**  
SEATTLE  
WHERE EAST MEETS WEST ON THE GOLDEN SEA OF COMMERCE  
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF JAMES WOODS

**Palace Hotel**  
The Historic Court  
A legacy of the past  
A symbol of the future

**The Fairmont**  
The Crown of San Francisco  
Commanding the most MAJESTIC SCENERY IN THE WORLD  
San Francisco, Cal.

**Hotel Court**  
BUSH ST. AT STOCKTON  
SAN FRANCISCO

IN THE HEART OF EVERYTHING  
Modern—Fireproof

RATES  
European Plan \$1.50 up  
American Plan \$3.00 up  
"Take any taxi to hotel at our expense."

Special Weekly and Monthly Rates  
JAMES W. FLANNERY, Manager  
"EVERYTHING NEW BUT THE OCEAN"

**Hotel DeLuxe**  
LONG BEACH, CAL.

Just completed. Delightfully situated, immediately overlooking the ocean. Elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, private baths. Has good beds, the bathers are soft, its chairs easy, its hospitality genuine. Rates \$1.00 and up.  
B. B. ALLEN, Proprietor.

A REAL WELCOME AWAITS YOU AT  
**HOTEL HERALD**  
SAN FRANCISCO  
CORNER EDDY AND JONES STREETS  
STREET CARS DIRECT FROM DEPOTS  
EVERY ROOM IS AN OUTSIDE ROOM  
AN HOTEL OF UNUSUAL MERIT  
RATES \$1.00 AND \$1.50 A DAY  
SALT AND FRESH WATER SHOWERS.

SOUTHERN

**The Finest Resort Hotel In the World**  
has been built at Sunset Mountain, Asheville, N. C.  
Absolutely Fireproof  
Open All the Year


This is an old-fashioned Inn. The walls are five feet thick—of granite boulders. All the water comes from the slopes of the highest mountain east of the Rockies. The milk and cream is supplied exclusively by the Biltmore Dairies on the estate of George W. Vanderbilt. The finest golf links in the South adjoin the hotel. Write for rates and literature.  
GROVE PARK INN  
Sunset Mountain, Asheville, N. C.

The great number of hotel reservations made through the Hotel and Travel Department show the ability and custom of Monitor readers to patronize high class hotels. Is not the Monitor a logical newspaper to use?

**WESTERN**

**The Blackstone**  
Chicago

**The House of Harmony**



**The Most Talked of AND The Best Thought of Hotel in the United States**

**RATES**

Single rooms with lavatory	\$2.50
Single rooms with bath	\$3.00 \$3.50 and \$4.00
Large double rooms with bath	\$5.00 to \$8.00
Parlor, reception hall, bedroom and bath	\$10.00 to \$25.00

(Each bathroom has an outside window)

THE DRAKE HOTEL CO., OWNERS AND MANAGERS

**"IN THE CENTER OF EVERYTHING"**

**The Imperial**  
Seventh: between Washington and Stark  
PORTLAND, OREGON

Every Luxury and Comfort

Complete Equipment  
Correct Service  
Rates: \$1.50 to \$3.50 per day

PHIL METSCHAN, JR., Manager

**CANADA**

**The Windsor Hotel**  
DOMINION SQUARE MONTREAL

5 Minutes from General Post Office; 2 minutes C. P. R. and G. T. R. Depots; close to the big shopping establishments.  
Magnificent Dining Room, Cafe and Grill Room newly equipped.  
EUROPEAN PLAN  
Single Room, from \$2.00 up. With Bath, from \$3.00 up  
Double Room, from \$3.00 up. With Bath, from \$4.00 up

**CAFES—RESTAURANTS**

**CAFÉ MINERVA**  
216 HUNTINGTON AVE., BOSTON

NEW ELEGANT ATTRACTIVE

Inspection and Comparison invited. Exceptional Cuisine, Equipment and Service at popular prices.

MUSIC  
Evenings and Sunday Afternoons

Under Same Management as NAVARRE AND IRVINGTON CAFES

**CHATEAU DE SOISY**  
NEAR PARIS

French Protestant family takes pensionnaires; historic chateau, 12-acre park. Ask for views. French lessons given if desired.  
M. WILLIAMSON DE VISMES  
SOISY-SOUS-ETIOLLES

**BERMUDA**  
**The Campinile**

Furnished apartments for rent. Also private bldg. Good location. Harbor view. Ten minutes from Hamilton.  
MISS H. U. RICHARDSON  
Or Hotel and Travel Dept., Christian Science Monitor.

NEW ENGLAND

**The St. James Cafe**  
241-243 HUNTINGTON AVE.  
Near Massachusetts Avenue  
FRENCH AND AMERICAN CUISINE  
A BACK BAY CAFE

MODERN UNIQUE HOMELIKE  
Music Every Evening and Sunday Afternoon

**Windsor Cafe**  
78 Huntington Avenue, Boston  
Cuisine Unsurpassed  
Music Evenings and Sunday P. M.  
One of the Coolest and Most Attractive Restaurants in the City

NEW YORK AND EASTERN

**SHOREHAM HOTEL**  
H STREET, N. W., AT FIFTEENTH  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

European Plan Fireproof

Beautifully located in the center of the most fashionable part of the city, in the heart of the financial district, only one block from the Treasury and White House grounds and convenient to all points of interest.  
The Shoreham has been entirely reconstructed and refurnished throughout, and now offers the most desirable accommodations obtainable in Washington.  
Service and cuisine unequalled.  
R. S. DOWNS, Manager.

**THE HAMILTON**  
14th and K Sts., N. W.  
Washington, D. C.

A select family and transient hotel; ideal location, modern appointments and homelike; good table. American plan, \$2.00 up per day. Special rates by week or month. Booklet.  
IRVING O. BALL, Proprietor.

**250 ROOMS 150 MODERN BATHS**

**HOTEL OXFORD**  
COMLEY SQUARE BOSTON, MASS.

Nearest hotel to Back Bay Stations of B. & M. R. R. and N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Near Public Library, Trinity Church, New Opera House.  
European Plan. Cafe. Private Dining Rooms. A comfortable hotel with large rooms and a first-class cuisine at moderate prices.  
CHAS. A. WILSON

Continued on next page



## MUNICIPAL MART IS RECOMMENDED FOR PROVIDENCE

G. V. Branch of Federal Office of Markets Urges Establishment of Wholesale and Retail Truck Depot in Promenade St.

### REASONS ARE GIVEN

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—As the first step in a general scheme of municipal improvement here G. V. Branch, assistant to Charles J. Brand, chief of the office of markets of the United States department of agriculture, recommended a combined wholesale and retail public market in Promenade street. Mr. Branch declares a wholesale market cannot conveniently be established nearer the center of the city and that a retail market in close proximity to the wholesale house would be able to run at the least expense.

If the Promenade street site is selected, Mr. Branch states, the trolley service to that point should be materially improved, to accommodate the housewives who would go there to trade. A retail market run in conjunction with a wholesale house, the report asserts, would tend to encourage other wholesalers to retail a portion of their goods.

"Like any new project for bettering conditions," says the report, "municipal retail markets generally are fought by interests who depend for gain on the old and uneconomic methods. When the municipal market is once established, however, there is little trouble, and it can become established if the consumers will show reasonable loyalty and good sense."

"These truck gardeners know that a wholesale market through which the bulk of their products must pass is essential to them. Some of them could and would sell a great deal at retail if proper facilities were provided. A great many would sell less amounts in that manner. However, they must always look to the wholesale market for the disposition of the greater proportion of their goods. Their paramount interests, then, are in a first-class wholesale terminal market to accommodate those who can and will afford to sell in this way."

"The wholesale buyers are apparently in sympathy with an adequate wholesale market, for it is understood that a number of commission and wholesale merchants are already planning to move their places of business to territory adjoining the Promenade street market."

## 'ACTING' EXECUTIVE IS UNKNOWN IN AMERICAN SYSTEM

WASHINGTON—The term "acting President" is unknown to the American governmental system. A dispatch in the Monitor Monday said that Secretary of State Bryan was "acting President." The President is President, no matter in what part of the country he may be, and for that reason much is heard during the summer months about the "summer Capitol" which means the President's summer residence where regular business is transacted with a full force of clerks.

On the present tour President Wilson is in close touch with his office in this city at all times and if executive directions should be necessary, he will give them by wire. There would be no authority in law or in custom for the secretary of state, or any other person, to go to the White House during the temporary absence of the President, and assume to exercise executive functions.

## FACULTY HONORS M. A. C. PRESIDENT

AMHERST, Mass.—College and town circles are giving temporary farewells to President and Mrs. Kenyon L. Butterfield of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, including a reception in Draper hall Saturday evening by the faculty and women of the college.

Mr. and Mrs. Butterfield and sons will soon leave for Interlaken, Fla., to spend the winter. After preparing his report on the agricultural conditions in Europe, President Butterfield will spend some time studying the irrigation problems in Texas, Arizona and New Mexico. He expects to resume his work in May.

## OHIO ASSOCIATION ELECTS OFFICERS

DAYTON, O.—John Guild, commissioner of the Omaha Commercial Club for the past seven years, has been selected secretary of the Greater Dayton Association, of Dayton, O., at a salary of \$10,000. He signed a contract for three years with the Dayton people, says the Herald.

## COL. ROOSEVELT DESCRIBES GOOD CITIZEN TO BRAZILIAN STUDENTS

SAO PAULO, Brazil—Col. Theodore Roosevelt in an address at the Government University here Monday said:

"Only that man is a good citizen who fears no honest labor and who is satisfied not to earn his livelihood in any honorable fashion, who is thoroughly able to guard himself from any wrong-doing by others, but who scorns

## EASTERN ROADS DISUNITING

Editorial Survey of the Recent Past Finds Cheer in the Turn of Events

SUCCESSIVE events, some of them large like the overturn of a board of directors, and some of them minor like the moving of the offices of the Boston & Maine back to Boston's North station, appear to belong to the last pages of a chapter of railroad history that has been almost tragic in some of its situations and embraces the slow but certain development of the public wish to a definite conclusion. Within the limits of a decade there has come the building of a unity of the transportation lines with spectacular assurance of its gain to the commerce and industry of the region, the attacks upon that policy in its theory and more vigorously upon its methods, the yielding of the powers to the new pressure of public opinion, and now the dissolving process. If this were to be taken as progress for the first half and retrogression for the second, there would be cause for a questioning if not for outright regret. In the review that will some day be made it is likelier to stand as a story of steady though not always clear and comprehending progress. It resolves into a showing of a struggling public consciousness and an assignment of enterprise and venture to its rightful place.

By no means may the period of this development be defined as beginning 10 years ago. Railroad consolidation has a much earlier date in New England. It goes far back to the gathering of the separately built small roads into systems of greater or less extent, a process that met with no opposition of moment. There was an old dream of competing railroads. When the state built the Hoosac tunnel it was always in the argument that here was a passage of the ridge that had been a western barrier to whose portal all railroads could come and find exit and entrance under the state's favor and control. It fell under the use by a single system and the tunnel and long line of state-owned railroad quite soon passed to corporate ownership, although it was not until the present century that a certain interest in the state passed out of the assets of its treasury.

The lease of the Boston & Albany railroad was the first of the consolidating steps that encountered a strong and far-seeing opposition but was effected with no appreciation of the policy to which it committed the state in passing over a home concern to a distinctly foreign possession. In 1898, there was fought out in the Massachusetts Legislature the question of the Boston & Maine solidifying its chain of leased properties through the purchase of their stock by the lessee road and it was defeated, the issue being drawn, however, largely upon the possible violation of the anti-stockwatering laws then quite new on the statute books. A general law of the next year was so modified and restricted that it bore slight resemblance to what was undertaken and defeated in the first instance and has never been employed to an extent that makes it even a remembered item in legislation.

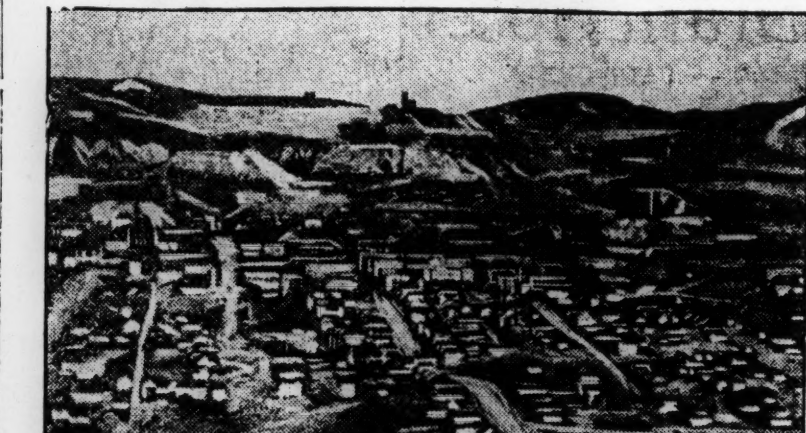
These were passing events in the march towards the consummation that came in the capture of the Boston & Maine by the New Haven through the buying of stock, which struck the developing sentiment of the times against trust-forming as so great a violation of both law and prudence that resort had to be made to the device of a holding company, which concealed but thinly the merger that could not be sustained in its full bareness. The embracing of the trolley roads and steamship companies on terms that are now discredited and the project of a grand unification at costs that do not read cheerfully in their later exposure, the towering project of the "New England Lines," the failure to meet even the promised benefits and the retreat of the past year are for the moment so familiar that they will only need narration in some future writing of history. Now there follows the reorganization, in which the different attitude of the officials, a possible though not yet well established severance from New York capitalist control, and a positive recognition of local interest in the recasting of boards of directors are salient features.

Just to what extent the passing events mark the character of the next chapter is not to be too swiftly assumed. Its caption would seem likely to be "Federation in Place of Oligarchy." But even that is not clearly and finally written. There has been no assurance that may be accepted as final that the grip of a central financial control is wholly relaxed. But in waiting for that to develop as it may, there is already acquired beyond the possibility of later denial the larger sharing of power by the owners and the users of the road. The process of disuniting is to be taken as genuine. There is hardly the remotest chance that there is the least dissembling now on the part of officials. Even though the entire body of railroads which were recently linked altogether too recklessly in method is to remain a certain sort of unit, the relaxing of the bond that had a threat upon freedom of commerce and advantage to the region is certain, genuine and, it hardly needs be said, cheering.

The demand for the complete separa-

tion of the Boston & Maine is still echoed. Its grounds have yet to be examined. There is a disposition, however, to look to results rather than stop on any platform of dissolution as if it compassed the whole problem. And to the glow of promise that marks the closing of the chapter, the greatest contribution comes from the fact that there is a confidence that the immediate future is to work out a wholesome balance between enterprise and service, that public rights and wishes and laws are coming into respect in quarters where there has been a poorly concealed flouting of them, and that New England will suffer no ill from either the breaking up of a great scheme or the continued direction in one official of its general policy.

## VICTOR IS IMPORTANT CITY OF BIG CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT



Victor, Col., the city of mines, which has elevation of 9750 feet

VICTOR, Col.—This town, known as the "City of Mines," in the natural trend of affairs following the mining boom days, has settled down to a place of about 4000 people instead of the 20,000 who made their homes here when the gold camp was new. The majority of the great producing mines of the Cripple Creek district are contiguous to the city, whose wonderful output of gold has made the city prosperous. The mines have con-

tinued to give their annual production in undiminished quantities, and as a result the twenty-second year of the camp's existence closed with a total production of \$310,000,000 in gold. Every month the output runs close to \$1,250,000 in gold.

With modern homes, amusement houses, churches and educational facilities, Victor ranks with the majority of the progressive cities of the eastern United States of the same size.

## MERRILL, ORE., AWAITS THE COMING OF RAILROAD LINE



Street scene in Merrill, Ore.

MERRILL, Ore.—Located in Klamath county, in the heart of the Klamath irrigation project of 70,000 acres, which is being developed by the government, it is situated on Lost river near Tule

and Klamath lakes in a prairie region of much natural richness known as Klamath basin. The district is 50 miles long, with an average width of 12 miles.

Klamath Falls, on the newly projected main line of the Southern Pacific railroad, known as the Natron cut-off, 20 miles to the northwest, is the nearest railroad point at present. The Modoc Northern railroad is building north from Reno, Nev., to Klamath Falls, and will pass through Merrill. With railroad facilities and the completion of the irrigation project the town expects to enjoy a substantial growth.

The surrounding country is well adapted to the raising of live stock. Grain and alfalfa are the leading farm products. Flour and planing mills are the chief industries. The population is 250.

## HIGHEST MAN TO GET PLACE

PORTLAND, Ore.—To remove the last semblance of politics in the municipal civil service, Mayor Albee announced recently, says the Oregonian, that in making future appointments of employees he will appoint the highest man on the civil service eligible list.

When a position is to be filled the civil service commission gives the appointing officer the name of the three highest men on the eligible list and any one of the three may be appointed. This, the mayor says, opens the way for political play, as has been demonstrated in the police department.

# EDUCATIONAL

## SEA PINES

DISTINCTLY DEVOTED TO DEVELOPING INDIVIDUALITIES  
Genuine, happy home life, with personal, affectionate care. Growing girls inspired by wholesome and beautiful ideals of useful womanhood. The Cape climate is exceptionally favorable for an outdoor life, which we make attractive and refining. Seventy acres; pine groves, sea shore, ponies. Efforts are especially put forth for results in character and education. New equipment. Gymnasium, Music, Handwork, Domestic Arts, French, German, Spanish—native teachers. All branches of study. Patient and enthusiastic instructors.  
Address Rev. THOMAS BICKFORD, Miss FAITH BICKFORD, Principals, P. O. Box 7, Brewster, Cape Cod, Mass.

**Morse School of Expression**  
Oratory, Dramatic Art, Voice Training  
MUSICAL ART BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, MO.  
Phone Lindell 4890

**BROADOAKS OUTDOOR SCHOOL**  
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL  
ELEMENTARY KINDERGARTEN  
Kindergarten Normal Training School. Two Year Course  
MISS ADA MAE BROOKS, Principal  
714 West California Street, Pasadena, Cal. Phone Col. 5747

**Girls' Collegiate School**  
"CASA DE ROSAS"  
Twenty-second year begins September 25th. Accredited at leading colleges. Music, Art, Gymnasium, Domestic Science, Advanced Courses for High School Graduates. Limited number of resident pupils. Miss Parsons and Miss Deussen, Principals.  
Adams and Hoover Streets  
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

**Behrke Walker**  
BUSINESS COLLEGE  
and TELEGRAPH SCHOOL  
4th Street Near Morrison, Portland, Ore.  
Write—No Trouble to Answer.

**THE BROWN SCHOOL OF TUTORING**  
251 West 75th St., N. Y. Phone Col. 8894  
Founded 1895. Boarding and Day School. Separate Buildings. Preparation for school and college examinations. POSITIVELY ONLY ONE TEACHER AT A TIME WITH A PUPIL. Pupils taught how to study. Study supervision. Fifteen teachers, each having had at least 12 years of experience.  
PERSONAL INTERVIEWS WELCOMED  
"A School with an Atmosphere of Work"

**KINDERGARTEN NORMAL SCHOOL**  
Chicago Free Kindergarten Association  
Organized 1887. Incorporated 1883  
Course two years, \$100 each year. Departments in Home Economics, Primary and Grade Work, Art, Literature, Stories, Games, University Credits. Located on Chicago's most beautiful boulevard, overlooking Lake Michigan. Address EVA B. WHITMORE, Dept. A, 508 Fifth Ave. Building, Chicago, Ill.

**Modern and Ancient Languages**  
for any purpose.  
PREPARATION FOR COLLEGE  
In all subjects.  
New England College of Languages,  
120 Boylston St., Boston.

**WALTHAM SCHOOL FOR GIRLS**  
Resident and day pupils; primary to college; separate dormitory dormitories for older and younger girls; outdoor sports; 10 miles from Boston. Sixth year. For catalogue address GEORGE B. BEAMAN, P. O. Box 1, Waltham, Mass.

**Miss Chamberlayne's** Home and Day School for Girls.  
The Fenway, 28, Boston, Mass.  
College Preparatory. General Courses. Girls admitted to the day school at 8 years of age.  
CATHERINE J. CHAMBERLAYNE, Principal

**STUDIO OF EXPRESSION**  
MISS BESSIE O. WHITTING  
64 PRESTON ROAD, SOMERVILLE, MASS.  
Graduate Island Powers School.  
Platform Reading and Voice Drill.  
Telephone 1385-5 Som.

**DeMERITTE SCHOOL**  
510 BOYLSTON STREET, BOSTON  
Opens September 8th  
ADWIN DeMERITTE, Principal

**SHORT-STORY WRITING**  
A course of forty lessons in the history, form, structure and writing of the short-story taught by Dr. J. B. S. Newman, Editor of the "Story Magazine." Over one hundred home study courses under Professor Newman, Brown, Cornell and leading colleges.  
\$25.00 Catalog Free. Write Today.  
The Home Correspondence School  
Dept. 571, Springfield, Mass.

**The Anna Morgan Studios**  
FINE ARTS BUILDING, CHICAGO  
Devoted to the expression of the SPOKEN WORD. Dramatic Art, Literature, READING, Dialectic Dancing. For information address secretary.

**THE GROFF SCHOOL**  
Boys and Young Men. Boarding and Day Pupils.  
The Groff School for Individual Attention.  
By individual attention, and the constant supervision of study hours, the Groff School enables its students to accomplish more in one year than many schools do in two. No grades to retard the brilliant or discourage the backward pupil. Prizes for Regents and colleges. Exclusive location. Boarding facilities unequalled.  
259 W. 75th St., New York. Tel. 744 Col.

**The Evanston Classical School**  
A Day and Boarding School for Girls  
Certificate admits to Eastern Colleges. Special courses in Art, Music and Literature. Apply to MRS. ALICE C. GOVE, 685 University Place, Evanston, Ill.

**GIZELLA VON WALTHER**  
Teacher of Spanish, French and German  
Successful in giving a working knowledge of these languages. Address 21 West 85th Street, NEW YORK.

**Violet Irene Wellington**  
Studio of  
French, German, Expression  
121 ST. STEPHEN STREET  
Tel. R. B. 1447 M.  
Terms and catalogue sent on application.

**The Chandler**  
Normal Shorthand School  
221 COLUMBUS AVENUE, BOSTON  
Evening Classes Begin Monday, Sept. 15.  
Special Saturday morning classes for teachers, college students preparing to teach or for secretarial work, beginning October 11. The best is always the cheapest. Circulars sent.

**BEACON SCHOOL**  
A Home and Day School for the development of character in boys and girls. Kindergarten and Ten Grades. With individual instruction. Write for Prospectus. MISS L. V. GREENE, A. B., Director, 34 Alexandrine Ave. E., Detroit, Mich.

**FRENCH TEACHER**  
**MADEMOISELLE GALLEE**  
Will form small classes for beginners or advanced pupils. 327 Huntington Ave., Suite 27. Write or call from 8-6 Tuesday.

**The New York School of Secretaries.**  
AEOLIAN HALL, 33 W. 42nd St.  
Secretarial course only. Stenography, Secretarial English, Accountancy and Social Manners. V. M. WHEAT, Director.

**In Selecting a School**

**for Next Year**

Will you not enlist the services of the Monitor? Our school department is fully equipped to furnish information regarding Schools; Art, Technical and Boarding Schools, Kindergartens, etc., and your request for information will receive our prompt and careful attention.

## HOTELS--RESORTS

NEW ENGLAND NEW ENGLAND

"The Home of Perfect Comfort"

### Hotel Beaconsfield

Beacon Boulevard, BROOKLINE, MASS.

The Finest Suburban Hotel in New England, Catering Only to the Most Select Patronage.

Equipped with every modern comfort and convenience, supplemented by exemplary service, a residence at the Beaconsfield offers an attractive alternative to the responsibility of directing one's own household, and the prices are not extravagant.

Open the year round for permanent and transient guests. Some accommodation is now available for next winter.

In addition to two lines of electric, the Beaconsfield Station (B. & A. R. R.) is on the property, and there are sixty trains a day to and from Boston.

The Beaconsfield Garage, offering the best possible care for automobiles, has a capacity of 150 machines.

A booklet for the asking. Telephone Brookline 1370. ARTHUR W. PAYNE, Manager.

### HOTEL LENOX

BOSTON

On HALLOWE'EN Oct. 31st a Special Dinner will be served from 6 P. M. at \$2.00 per cover

J. B. WILSON, Resident Manager MERRY & BOOMER

11

### COPLEY-PLAZA

BOSTON'S NEWEST HOTEL

Situated in the center of things truly Bostonian. Convenient to two railroads.

"The Superlative in Excellence"

The charge for rooms and restaurant is reasonable and the service excellent.

Single Rooms with Bath - \$3.00 to \$5.00  
Double Rooms with Bath (2 persons), \$5.00 to \$8.00  
Two minutes from Back Bay Stations.  
EDWARD C. FOGG, Mgr.—(Recently with Hotel Belmont.)

### The VICTORIA

This truly Bostonian hotel is within easy walking distance of the center of the city. Quiet, homelike, refined—a delightful place to live.

EUROPEAN PLAN. No music in dining room. Private dinner service a specialty—under personal attention of management.

Dartmouth and Newbury Sts. BOSTON, MASS.

Charming two to five room suites with bath, furnished or unfurnished, for winter or permanent occupancy.

For Booklet and Rates write THOS. O. PAIGE, Manager

### Hotel Hemenway

CORNER WESTLAND AVENUE AND HEMENWAY STREET

Opposite the Gateway to and Overlooking the Fenway

Within three minutes' walk of Massachusetts and Huntington Avenues and Symphony Hall.

The Hotel where ladies traveling alone receive absolute protection.

Also unfurnished suites of two and three rooms each.

Tel. Back Bay 3150. L. H. TORREY, Manager.

### THE ARLINGTON

Arlington Street, Cor. Newbury

Fronting the Public Garden

A quiet family hotel. American plan.

W. E. BLANCHARD, Prop.  
Telephone 21859 Back Bay

### Springfield, Mass.

Under New Management

### HOTEL PURITAN

390 Commonwealth Avenue

For both Transient and Permanent Guests

The Distinctive Boston House and one of the most inviting and homelike hotels in the world.

Please favor with your address, our interesting booklet will follow.

C. S. COSTELLO, Manager

Several desirable rooms and suites at modest rates.

### MARBLEHEAD, MASS.

### THE LESLIE.

A quiet, restful inn by the sea. Open year round. Splendid heating system. Rooms with or without private bath. Send for descriptive booklet.

### HOTEL NOTTINGHAM

Copley Square, Boston

European Plan. Rooms \$1.50 up.

FRANCIS HOWE, Prop.

### Hawthorne House

52 CLIFF ROAD, COR. OF HAWTHORNE ROAD WELLESLEY HILLS, MASS.

Well located for those who wish to spend the fall or winter in the country and still be near the city. Thirty minutes from South Station. Rooms with or without private bath. Tel. Wellesley 11342.

### Boston

Commonwealth Avenue

### HOTEL VENDOME

Distinlished for its clientele, appointments and location. Attractive for permanent and transient guests, and most convenient for automobile parties.

C. H. GREENLEAF & CO.

MONITOR READERS TRAVEL IN WAYS PROPOSED BY MONITOR ADVERTISERS



## RATES

Set Solid: 1 or 2 times, 12c per line per insertion; 3 or more times, 10c per line per insertion; measure, 12 lines to the inch, 6 words to the line.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements on this page are read by a widespread clientele whose well directed purchasing power is unrivalled and which relies upon the dependability of Monitor advertising. This advertising has produced astonishing results and opened up new fields for the development of many and various lines of business.

## RATES

Set Solid: 1 or 2 times, 12c per line per insertion; 3 or more times, 10c per line per insertion; measure, 12 lines to the inch, 6 words to the line.

## KANSAS CITY ADVERTISEMENTS

## WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

## WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

## WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

## WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

## WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

STORES AT  
KANSAS CITY  
ST. LOUIS

**Kline's**

KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

1112-1114 Walnut St., thru to 1113-1115 Main St.

**Silk Crepe  
CHIFFON  
BLOUSES**

The smart blouse pictured is of accordion pleated silk crepe chiffon—with white silk collar and vest; has a white silk cord trimming at the collar. Comes in white, black, navy, wistaria, grey, brown and green—at

**\$5.00**

ORDER BY MAIL

KLINE'S—"The home of satisfaction"

**KERR'S Corset Shop**

3d floor, Lillis Bldg.  
Corner Eleventh and Walnut

Kerr's Corsets Harmonize with Grace and Comfort

Our showing consists of over one hundred Back Lace Corset Models, including also La Camille Front Lace Corsets. Range of price, \$1.00 to \$35.00.

## SCHOOLS

## SCHOOLS

**MRS. GEORGIA BROWN'S DRAMATIC SCHOOL**  
Auditorium Theater Studio, corner 9th and Holmes St., Kansas City, Mo.  
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO CHILDREN—BEGINNERS' class Saturdays at 2 p. m., beginning Sept. 20th. ADVANCED class Saturdays at 10 a. m. These classes embrace Voice Culture, Breathing, Diction, Poise, Gesture, Monologue, Singing with Gesture, and Dancing. In fact it teaches children everything they should know to render them graceful and attractive and is attended by pupils ranging in age from four to fourteen. Terms: \$2.00 per month. These classes are in no way connected with the regular dramatic work for adults of this school, whose graduates hold high positions in the dramatic field. Prospectus mailed on application.

## RUGS

## RUGS



**THE LARGEST  
ORIENTAL RUG STORE**

in the Southwest. Lowest prices. 23 years in business.

**NAHIGIAN BROS.**

1021 Grand Avenue, KANSAS CITY, MO.

## COAL

## COAL

**KATZMAIER COAL CO.**

Pennsylvania Anth. (furnace).....\$11.00  
Auburn (Ark.) Anth. (furnace)..... 8.50  
Sterling Semi-Anth. (furnace)..... 6.75

911-17 EAST 19TH STREET

Tel. Bell 329 Grand Home 346 Main

## JEWELRY

## JEWELRY



WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF  
**CROSS AND CROWN JEWELRY**  
14K GOLD—PINS, RINGS, SCARF PINS  
Call on us or send for photographs and price list.

**J. R. MERCER JEWELRY CO.** 1014 Grand Ave.

## MEN'S FURNISHINGS

## MEN'S FURNISHINGS

**SHANNON D. SMITH** The Store That Has  
What You Want

Hirsh Wickwire Clothes, Manhattan Shirts  
Vassar Underwear, Stetson Hats, Perrine Gloves

Satisfaction or money back. 809-811 WALNUT ST.

## HOTELS

## HOTELS

**Woodstock Hotel**

3220 HARRISON STREET

NEW MODERN FAMILY HOTEL

ROOMS SINGLE OR EN SUITE

Special Dinners Thursday and Sunday

six o'clock. Parties wishing to be served,

telephone a day in advance when possible.

Both phones. EARL L. DAVIS, Prop.

## INSURANCE

**LYLE A. STEPHENSON**

THE INSURER

Gives Insurance Service That Serves.

Telephone NOW Grand 1188 Bell; Main

1188 Home

606-7 SHUKERT BUILDING.

## CHILDREN'S SPECIALTIES

**THE BABY SHOP**

Fifth Floor, Lillis Building.

Outfitters to Infants and Older

Children. Ready-to-wear or

Made-to-Order.

## KODAKS

**The Fascination** Get Out in the

of Kodakery Open with a

Kodak. There is no store waiting

to go with you. We do the Finishing.

KANSAS CITY PHOTO SUPPLY CO.

1910 GRAND AVE.

## LAUNDRIES

**SILVER LAUNDRY**

"THE LAUNDRY OF QUALITY"

FAMILY WORK DRY CLEANING

CLEAN TOWEL DEPARTMENT

1012-1020 CAMPBELL ST.

Home Tel. Main 2308

Bell Main 710

LACE CURTAINS

LAUNDERED REASONABLY

Home Phone South 4077

**MERCHANTS IN KANSAS CITY**

Desiring to place advertising in the Monitor

will receive prompt and careful attention

by dealing with the local representative.

N. E. RITCHIE, 710 Commerce Bldg.

Tel. Home Main 3633

KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

**The Shop  
of a  
Thousand Gifts**

If you are at a loss as to choosing a gift for some one—or perhaps in selecting a prize—we recommend that you visit our

**Novelty Department**

which contains hundreds of gift things in leather, metal and wicker.

**Woolf Brothers**

1020-22-24-26 WALNUT  
KANSAS CITY

**TRUNKS, BAGS, ETC.**

**L-U-C-E**

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES

**Western Chandelier Co.**

"Highest efficiency at lowest possible cost"

1221 Walnut Street.

**CARPENTERS**

**JOB CARPENTER**

All kinds of job work and a specialty of

sleeping porches and garages. C. E.

IRWIN. Home Phone S. 4077.



**Raincoats for  
Women  
ALL PRICES**

WE show dependable grades of Women's Raincoats in the popular styles at \$2.49, \$3.98, \$5, \$8.99 and up to \$12.

**A Special at \$2.49**

that is very popular is of tan or gray rubber surfaced material with plaid back. High storm collar and adjustable strapped sleeves. Two pockets. \$2.49

All sizes at.....

Walnut Street—Second Floor

ORDER BY MAIL

**THE JONES STORE CO.**

Kansas City's Profit-Sharing Store

**Hadden-  
Woodin**

"The Exclusive Shop for Women"

**Millinery**

SUITS, COATS,

DRESSES,

COSTUMES

AND WRAPS

A choice, exclusive

assortment from the

best makers always on

hand.

200 Altman Bldg.

Second Floor

Southeast Corner

ELEVENTH and

WALNUT

MADAM MILLER—Lingerie

Style and daintiness, combined with perfect

fitting. Negligees, Pullman Sets, Boudoir

Party and Auto Caps. Gift Novelties.

Also the unexcelled Bareley Corsets made to

measure. 504 Lillis Building.

**CORSETS MADE TO ORDER**

305 Altman Building.

**FLORISTS**

**McGraw**

N. E. corner 10th St. and Grand Ave.

All the flowers in season. Prices reasonable.

Phone your orders: Main 0688, both phones

both phones.

**SAFETY**

STORE, 812 GRAND AVENUE

Both phones, 2670 Main, "One Store Only."

**CLEANING AND PRESSING**

**BUREKA**

CLEANERS PRESSERS

3442-44 Brooklyn

PASEO and 31ST ST.

Parcel Post orders Given Prompt Attention

**CLEANING AND DYEING**

**VALOT**

FRENCH DRY CLEANER

and Ostrich Feather Shop

512 MAIN STREET

**HAT CLEANING**

**National Hat Co.**

HAT CLEANING

Old Hats Made New, Cleaned and Blocked.

210 E. 8TH STREET.

H. Phone M-4740.

**TAILORS**

**JOHN FRASER**

MERCHANT

TAILOR

Gates Building, 111 East 10th Street

**JEWELERS**

Bell Phone DIAMONDS Grand 2000

reset while you wait, making it abso-

lutely certain you get your own dia-

monds back. Special order work, repair-

ing and engraving. Full stock of diamond

mountings always on hand. KAEMPFER

JEWELRY CO., 506 Shukert Bldg.

**FURNITURE**

**The**

**Hocquard Furniture Co.**

"Factory to Fireside"

Terms if desired.

1328-30 GRAND AVENUE

**PARISIAN CLOAK COMPANY**

1108-1110 Main St.  
KANSAS CITY, MO.



**New Suits  
\$25.00**

A complete line of suits at this price in all the newest materials, styles and colorings.

Suits to fit all types of figures.

Sixty-five styles to select from.

All sizes.

**SCOTT, YERBY & CO.**

IMPORTERS

French Kid Gloves

Cleaning and Repairing

14 E. 11TH STREET

KANSAS CITY, MO.

**Lemmon Hair Shop**

MANICURING—MARCEL WAVE

301 SHARP BUILDING

Cor. 11th and Walnut Streets.

**ALLISON'S HAIR SHOP**

HAIR DRESSING, MANICURING

Hair Goods, Toilet Articles

309 SHARP BLDG.

Home Phone Main 1444

**MRS. MINNIE CHISHOLM**

High Grade Millinery, Remodeling Hats

and Furs

Linwood Blvd. and Gillham Road

(602 LINWOOD BLVD.) Bell So. 2333-W.

**MADAM MILLER**

LINGERIE

New lace or silk corset covers and the

accessories for thin waists, make lovely

gifts. 504 LILLIS BUILDING.

**PIANOS**

**The**

**Result of Contrast**

Brings out still more im-

pressively the superior

musical quality of the

**VOSE**

**PIANO**

A comparison of Pianos

PROVES the high qual-

ity of the Vose.

We sell a new Vose

Piano for \$380.

**J. W. JENKINS SONS'**

**MUSIC CO.**

1013-1015 WALNUT STREET

**MEN'S FURNISHINGS**

**The**

**Kahn Co.**

Successors to COOPER & WOOLWORTH

"Totally Different

Clothes"

STYLEPLUS CLOTHES, \$17.00

The best for the money is what we are

offering you.

Suits and overcoats equal to the \$20.00

or \$25.00 you are used to pay.

Try us on Styleplus \$17.00 Clothing

**MEN'S APPAREL**

**Fashion**

and Furnishing

Goods

1116 WALNUT STREET

**SHOES**

**Bessie Avery Co.**

Latest Novelties, Greatest Values,

Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

**Walk Over**

Men and Women

</



## EUROPEAN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

## MISCELLANEOUS

## STOCK POULTRY

## Tring Park Poultry Farm

TRING, HERTFORDSHIRE

The Property of the Rt. Hon. Lord Rothschild



One pair light Sussex pullets.

One pair red Sussex pullets.

## STOCK BIRDS OF THE FOLLOWING VARIETIES:

SUSSEX—Red, light and speckled.  
ORPINGTONS—White and buff.  
TURKEYS—American Bronze.  
Champion awards, Royal Agricultural, London Dairy, and International Shows, London.  
RECENT SUCCESSSES. July 1913, Royal Agricultural Show

FIRST PRIZES for Speckled, Red and Light Sussex cockerels, Red Sussex pullets, and Red Sussex hens.  
SECOND PRIZES for Light Sussex cock, Red Sussex cockerel, and Light Sussex pullets.

## EXPORT ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO.

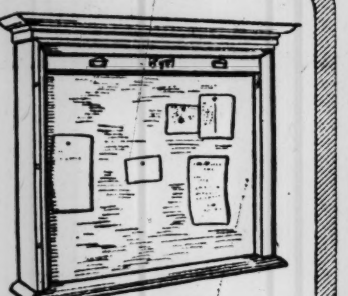
## INSPECTION INVITED.

For prices and particulars, apply RICHARDSON CARR, Estate Office, TRING, Herts.

## MEMORANDA BOARDS

## MEMORANDA BOARDS

If your desk was clear, you could give undivided thought to each problem. This Memoranda Board will help you to a clear desk, and will guard your papers when you're absent—it means one thing at a time—and writing a postcard now to The Beaver Works, Sevenoaks.



## HORSE DEALERS

## HORSES

SALE AND PURCHASE UNDERTAKEN  
ABSOLUTELY BEANEY  
HORSE DEALER  
LONGDON FARM, HOO COMMON, SURREY.  
Upwards of 50 years' experience in Judging Horses.

## CLOTHES PURCHASED REASONABLE PRICES

Will be paid for every description of ladies', gentlemen's and children's clothing.  
Discarded Clothing  
by HOLTS, 7 Lord St., FLEETWOOD, LANCs. Parcels may be sent and prices are not acceptable will be returned carriage paid.

## HOUSES TO LET

CORNWALL—4 furnished houses to let for winter. Picturesque Seaside Resort. Stephens, Portreath, Newquay, Cornwall.

## BRADFORD

## TAILORS

JOHN HAIGH  
LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S TAILOR  
Motor Clothing Specialist  
6, HALLFIELD ARCADE, MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.  
Telephone 5387 (Satisfaction Guaranteed)

## RESTAURANTS

The TOKIO CAFE and RESTAURANT CO., Ltd.  
Bradford, Yorkshire, England  
PIECE HALL YARD—Near Exchange.

DYEING AND CLEANING  
High Class Dyeing and Dry Cleaning. Costumes, Blouses, Suits, etc., Dry Cleaned in Superior Style.  
H. PRECIOUS (Department 5)  
Vaughan St. (Tel. 1856) BRADFORD  
Your patronage respectfully solicited.

## WOOL

Wool, Nails and Cross-Bred Tops  
J. S. COWLING  
18, Nelson St., BRADFORD  
Tel. Cowl Bradford. Code 5th Ed. A B C.  
All enquiries promptly attended to.

## NEWCASTLE

## FIRE LIGHTERS

FIRELIGHTERS: 3 in. x 100, a dozen pkts. Made by THE FIRELIGHTER CO., 2 Brough Street, Heaton, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

## SCHOOLS

## BRUSSELS

CHATEAU CHARLE-ALBERT  
Bolsfort (1/4 hour by electric tram from town).  
HOME FINISHING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS  
Well-known professors for Music, Art, etc.  
Charming grounds, tennis, etc.  
Highest references.  
Apply: Principals.

## MISCELLANEOUS

FROEBELIAN SCHOOL  
ILKLEY  
Preparatory Boarding School for Boys and Girls.  
Apply MISS KNIGHT.  
MELBOURNE HOUSE, YORK, Est. 1870  
A commercial and civil service school for boys 8 to 16 years of age. Principal: GEORGE ARMSTRONG.

THE MONITOR AS A HOME PAPER  
IS A SUCCESSFUL MEDIUM FOR SCHOOL ADVERTISING

## PARIS

High-Class French Finishing School FOR GIRLS  
2, Place Possoz, PARIS  
Principal, MISS DRYDEN  
Modern Languages, Art, Music, Literature, Travel.

## LONDON

Wellington Court  
ETON ROAD, LONDON, N. W.  
Preparatory School  
FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN  
(W. MILLINGTON, B. A.)  
Abbotsford, Ealing Common, London, W.  
High class boarding and day school for girls; thorough education with individual attention; private lessons given to foreign pupils. Principals, THE MISSSES ROSE.

## MANCHESTER

## HATTERS



## "TWEEN" HATS

Humor the shape of the head to a sense of delightful ease.  
The ONLY Felt Hat that is made in HALF SIZES

A SHAPE for every FACE

and a SIZE for every HEAD

SOLE MAKERS

J. Moores &amp; Sons, Ltd.

DENTON, NR. MANCHESTER

## MANCHESTER

## HATTERS



## "TWEEN" HATS

Humor the shape of the head to a sense of delightful ease.  
The ONLY Felt Hat that is made in HALF SIZES

A SHAPE for every FACE

and a SIZE for every HEAD

SOLE MAKERS

J. Moores &amp; Sons, Ltd.

DENTON, NR. MANCHESTER

## MOTOR CARS

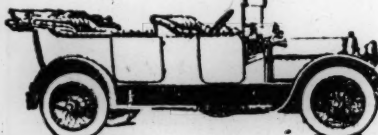
## MOTOR CARS

## MAX R. LAWRENCE

33, Blackfriars Street, Manchester

Telegrams "Autocar." Telephone 2085 City.

Sole Agents for WOLSELEY CARS in Manchester and District.



REPAIR WORKS Telephone 2200 Central

Requires to all makes a specialty.

## WOOD PRESERVATIVES

THE ORIGINAL BRITISH WOOD PRESERVATIVE  
ACTIVE for timber, ropes, etc., and the prevention of dry rot, fungus, dampness in walls, in a valuable and reliable against the attack of wood-boring insects and termites.  
Beware of cheap imitations that are only made by the use of toxic chemicals.  
Manufactured only by JOSEPH DEER & SONS, 5 CROSS ST., MANCHESTER.  
Contractors to H.M. Government, N.T. 1860 City T.A. "Delight, Manchester"

## SEEDSMEN

THE MICHAELMAS DAISY  
If this fine plant flowered in the month of August it would even then, despite the galaxy of blossom, hold high place in the garden, for as well as its beautiful, daisy-like flowers, it has quite a remarkable combination of beautiful, effective, and decorative. The flowers are useful for cutting. Put up the plants, and they can be brought into the house. They thrive in the towns. Descriptive Catalogue free on request.  
DICKSON & ROBINSON  
Cathedral St., MANCHESTER, ENGL.

## DRESSMAKERS AND MILLINERS

Verey's Ltd.  
St. Ann's Square, Manchester.  
COURT DRESSMAKERS, LADIES' TAILORS, FURRIERS AND MILLINERS.

## Madame Mills

52 and 54 King Street, MANCHESTER  
Court Dressmaker, Milliner, Ladies' Tailor and Furrier  
Also at Gervis Place, BOURNEMOUTH

## HOUSES TO LET

TO BE LET  
SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE. Three entertaining rooms, entrance hall, cloakroom, eight bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen and utility offices. Barnfield, Wood Road, Whalley Range, Manchester. Apply: 451, Manchester Advertising Office, 14, St. Peter's Square, Manchester.

## TO BE LET

Semi-detached house; two entertaining rooms, seven bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen and utility offices. 174 Withington Road, Whalley Range, Manchester. Apply: 451, Manchester Advertising Office, 14, St. Peter's Square, Manchester.

## BOURNEMOUTH

Strong 9ct. Gold Wrist Watch  
PATENT EXPANDING BRACELET  
Reliable 17 Jewel Lever, as illustrated, £5.50  
Other prices, 24 to £8.100

## JEWELERS

MEADER, Jeweller  
Bournecombe, Bournemouth.

## PENSION

BOURNEMOUTH. Crag Hall. First class, liberal Pension. Fine position on celebrated West Cliff. Old established. Greatly enlarged. Over 40 bedrooms. Spacious dining, recreation and drawing rooms. Lounge, Billiards, Electric, Separate tables. Moderate. Illus. Tariff. HINE, Proprietor. Phone 208, Telegrams, Crag Hall Bournemouth.

BOURNEMOUTH. Crag Hall. First class, liberal Pension. Fine position on celebrated West Cliff. Old established. Greatly enlarged. Over 40 bedrooms. Spacious dining, recreation and drawing rooms. Lounge, Billiards, Electric, Separate tables. Moderate. Illus. Tariff. HINE, Proprietor. Phone 208, Telegrams, Crag Hall Bournemouth.

## HOTELS

LYNDAL HOTEL  
(Residential and commercial). Quiet. Pleasant. Central. Berkeley sq. (opp. Museum). Clifton. Bristol. Mrs. Lethaby Morgan.

## STROUD

BOOK SHOPS  
The SESAME BOOK SHOP  
AN IDEAL COUNTRY BOOK SHOP  
Books of every description. Any book obtained. Full London discount. Cheap artistic colour prints, Medical prints, etc. Carriage paid on orders over £1.  
STROUD, GLOS.

## ESTATE AND HOUSE AGENTS

BOURNEMOUTH  
ESTATE AND HOUSE AGENTS  
JOLIFFE FLINT & CROSS  
Arcade Chambers  
Illustrated Registers Post Free

## BOARDING ESTABLISHMENTS

BERKSWELL, BOURNEMOUTH  
High-class Boarding Establishment, standing in its own grounds on the West Cliff, close to the Sea, Pines, Winter Gardens, etc. Terms moderate.  
MR. and MRS. BRIDGMAN KING

## RESTAURANTS

CHRISTCHURCH, BOURNEMOUTH  
"THE COSY"  
Light Refreshments Served Indoors and in Garden.  
Close to Tramway Terminus and famous Priory.

## LEEDS

WHOLESALE GROCERS  
GIBBINS  
WHOLESALE GROCER  
LEEDS.  
Tel. Central 2227  
General Supply Stores  
Horsforth Tel. 88

## ITALY

RESTAURANTS  
FLORENCE, ITALY  
MARGARET MACKENZIE ROOMS  
5, PIAZZA STROZZI  
Light meals provided at any hour from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. American tourists specially catered for. Newspapers, writing tables, telephone.

## SCHOOL REQUISITES

John Heywood Limited  
Deansgate, Manchester  
The noted house for all school requisites—try the popular "DE NOVO," "RIDGEHILL," and "TABULA" Writing W. L. and Pads.  
CHURCH, School, HOUSEHOLD and Office Furniture.  
Sports Outfits of every kind.  
The popular "GOLF" Golf Ball, the ball of the season. Printing of every description.

## WRAPPING PAPER

Extra Strong Wrapping Papers  
If you are looking for a paper that will hold your goods until received by customers, write us for samples, we have it.  
F. MACKEY & CO.  
46b, FOUNTAIN ST., MANCHESTER  
Tel. 527 City. T. A. Speedy, Manchester.

## RESTAURANTS

MACLURIN'S  
Genuine Scotch Shortbread  
2s. 6d. tin, by post 2s. 10d. (90 cents)  
NEW ROYAL RESTAURANT  
41 Princess Street, MANCHESTER

## WATERPROOFS

"THREEDOMAH" REGD.  
THE WORLD'S PRE-EMINENT  
FOR WEATHERPROOF  
For Reliability and Distinctive Style.  
Sole Makers  
Herbert Harrison, Ltd.,  
51 MOSLEY ST., MANCHESTER  
A smart slip-on for everyday wear.

## ANTIQUES

MRS. HENDERSON-WHITE  
ANTIQUE FURNITURE  
45, BRIDGE STREET, MANCHESTER.

## PRINTERS

Joseph Jackson  
24, Bury New Rd.  
Whitfield, Manchester.  
ARTISTIC PRINTER  
BOOKBINDING

## MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS

MISS EDITH LESLIE, who has studied in Italy and Germany, and sung at the Royal Albert Hall, Patti Concerts, and Bristol Festival, gives lessons in voice production and singing in Manchester, Buryton, Bakewell and Bowdon. Address: Forsyth's, Manchester.

## EDUCATIONAL

GREENWOOD'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE—All commercial subjects. Specialist in handwriting. Individual instruction to each pupil. Separate room for ladies. Prospectus post free. 5, John Dalton St., Deansgate, Manchester, Eng. Tel. City 1645.

## PUBLIC STENOGRAPHERS

TYPEWRITING and shorthand offices. Legal, literary, commercial copying. MISS WILKINSON, 42, Fountain Street, Manchester, Eng. Tel. City 1645.

## Monitor advertisers know

the confidence of Monitor readers in their offerings as fully as Monitor readers are assured of the integrity and reliability of Monitor advertisers.

## LONDON

## FURNITURE AND DECORATIONS



EDWARD PARKER LTD.  
ESTATE AGENTS: Furnished and Unfurnished Flats and Houses.  
CABINET MAKERS: Reproduction, Fittings, Alterations and Repairs.  
DECORATORS: External and Internal Decorations.  
UPHOLSTERERS: Loose Covers, Curtains, Carpets and Repairs.  
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS: Wiring, Fittings, Telephones and Plant.  
PHONE 39 AND 41 BROMPTON ROAD  
No. 290 WESTERN KNIGHTSBRIDGE, S. W.

## LAMPS

## LAMPS

## For your own safety



use a lamp that requires neither liquid nor wick, that never gets foul, that gives off neither smoky nor smoke—one you can overturn without causing fire—one that has been passed by the London County Council—as absolutely safe. Gives a SOFT, PURE, WHITE LIGHT.

If This Interests You Write to

The Petrolite Safety Lamp Co.

78 Wigmore St., London, W.

For Illustrated Catalogue

Copy of testimonial received from Thalberg Corbett, Esq., Priory Cottage, Cowden, Kent:  
"After three years' trial I am satisfied that Petrolite is the safest, cleanest, and most economical lighting for a country house."

Patented Throughout the World

## HOTELS

Centre of London  
Within walking distance of the Theatres and best shops.

The Red Court Hotel  
18, 19, & 20 Bedford Place, Russell Square, LONDON, W. C.  
Thoroughly warmed by American Radiators.  
Bed room for one visitor with full board (except luncheon), light and attendance from 6s. 6d. (£1.50) per day.  
Electric vacuum cleaner fitted in each floor preventing dust.  
Tel. Finlayson, London. Phone: 1550 Central.

## DAIRIES

YOUR MILK SUPPLY  
Is it what it should be? If not, we ask you to give us a trial.  
We have an ideal supply of Pure, Rich Milk direct from the farms at Stratton (Wilts).  
OTHER SPECIALITIES  
Include Cream, Genuine New Laid Eggs, Delicious Butters, English Prize Honey, etc. Delivered twice and three times daily.  
W. J. BALLS & SONS  
Bayswater Dairy (Estab'd 1800)  
22, Queen's Road, London, W.  
Telephone: Park 2917

## PIANOS

FIRTH BROS.  
£25 OVERSTRUNG PIANO  
Free delivery in Great Britain.  
A REAL SURPRISE IN QUALITY  
Do not judge it by the price but write today for full particulars.  
BANK CORNER, EDMONTON.

## DYEING AND CLEANING

Old Oak Farm Dyeing and Cleaning Works.  
3 Bloemfontein Avenue, SHEPHERDS BUSH, W.  
Price free  
Estimates by "Phone" 494 Chiswick

## RESIDENTIAL HOTELS

40 and 42, INVERNESS TERRACE, HYDE PARK, LONDON  
RESIDENTIAL HOTEL: one minute from Park, close to Metro, Tube and buses; terms from 2s. Phone: 1808 Park.  
PRIVATE HOTEL and PENSION—55, 57, 58 Princes Square, London, W.—First rate board and residence from 30s. per week inclusive. Delightful situation; gardens, central, convenient to all parts. Address: Proprietress.

## BOARD AND RESIDENCE

39, ABBEY RD., N. W.  
MRS. ELA WILTSHIRE  
Tel. 4044 Hampstead;  
Telegrams and Cables—"Wiltella, London."

## 119 West End Lane

West Hampstead, London, N. W.  
Pleasant home highly recommended. VERY ACCESSIBLE. MODERATE.  
HYDE PARK, LONDON  
Paying guests received. Every home comfort. Excellent cooking. Moderate terms. One minute Park and tube. 29, INVERNESS TERRACE. Tel. 4206 Padd.

## A VERY COMFORTABLE HOME

offered to a lady as paying guest. MRS. FINDLY, 72 Fitchville Gardens, Cambridge Road, W.

## DRAMATIC CRITIC

To Dramatic Authors  
Plays read, revised and criticized; advice given as to placing, etc.; expert reader of plays; seven years' experience with important London management. For terms, etc., apply to C. F. A., 164, Ebury St., London, S. W.

## PAINTERS AND DECORATORS

SCHOFIELD & CO.  
17, Hanover Sq., London, W.  
DECORATORS, PLUMBERS, ELECTRICIANS, PAINTERS, &c.  
Phone Mayfair 3018.  
All principal lamps attended. Small orders carefully attended to.

## BUILDERS AND DECORATORS

TOOP & SON  
B. JEWELL  
Builders and Decorators  
368 Horseley Road, N  
Phone: 57 Horseley

## LONDON

## READING APPLIANCES



READ IN COMFORT  
with HANES FREE  
THE Refereader  
is a portable folding Bookrest for use in ANY CHAIR at the TABLE or when READING in the Armchair. PRICE, POST FREE.  
United States \$3.25. United Kingdom 11s.  
PARTRIDGE & COOPER, Ltd.  
191-192 Fleet St., LONDON, E. C.

## MILLINERY

## Smart Millinery

FROM 4.10

## Miss Threadingham

155 SLOANE STREET, LONDON, S. W.

(Over Best's Trunk Shop)

Hats For All Occasions

SMART AND UP TO DATE

Always a large selection in stock

Moderate prices

## MAISON ODETTE

23 HIGH STREET

Notting Hill Gate, LONDON, W.

## DRESSMAKERS AND MILLINERS

## HELENA BORRIS

## Court Dressmaker and Milliner

Day, Evening, and Reception Gowns. American and Colonial Orders a Specialty.

48, Beaufort Gardens, Brompton Road, (Over Capital and Counties Bank). Tel. 4444 Kensington LONDON

## TAILORS

## Furlong &amp; Kelly

## IRISH TAILORING DEPOT

For Ladies and Gentlemen

139 OXFORD ST., LONDON

(Opposite Bourne &amp; Hollingsworth)

Best Class Irish Goods only. Best Workmanship only. Moderate Prices.

## FURS CLEANED

## VIEULETTE

## COURT DRESSMAKER and MILLINER

Ladies' own materials made up.

## ALTERATIONS

## FURS

## CLEANED and REMODELLED

111 Eaton Terrace, London, S.W.

## FURRIERS

## T. ROBERTS &amp; GEEN

4, Conduit Street, Regent Street, LONDON, W.

## HIGH CLASS FURRIERS

## AND LADIES' TAILORS

Handsome Furs of latest design always in stock.

## REMODELLED a SPECIALTY.

Phone 122 Mayfair.

## LACE SCHOOL

## KENSINGTON LACE SCHOOL

139, Kensington High St., London

A large selection of old embroideries and laces for sale. Cleaning and mending of old lace and embroideries a specialty. Lessons in lace making.

## BOOK AND ART STUDIOS

## THOMAS HAWKINS

## Book and Art Studio

29 UPPER BAKER ST., LONDON, N. W.

BOOKS, CARDS, EMBLEMS, BIBLES

Catalogue on Application.

## STATIONERS

## EXTRAORDINARY CHEAP LINE

500 sheets of good quality notepaper, cream, azure or siltian, exquisitely printed with your address and 500 envelopes to match, carriage paid, for 1s. 10d. Samples free. E. & S. BUTLER, Stationery Warehouse, 148, Strand Green Road, London, N.

## EMPLOYMENT AGENCY

## SLOANE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY

53 Sloane Sq., London, S. W.

Arranges for every branch of employment. Also rooms and schools recommended. Tel. 6195 Vic.



## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements on this page are read by a widespread clientele whose well directed purchasing power is unrivalled and which relies upon the dependability of Monitor advertising. This advertising has produced astonishing results and opened up new fields for the development of many and various lines of business.

## RATES

Set Solid: 1 or 2 times, 12c per line per insertion; 3 or more times, 10c per line per insertion; measure, 12 lines to the inch, 6 words to the line.

## RATES

Set Solid: 1 or 2 times, 12c per line per insertion; 3 or more times, 10c per line per insertion; measure, 12 lines to the inch, 6 words to the line.

## EUROPEAN ADVT'S

## HARROGATE

GROCERS AND BAKERS

ESTABLISHED OVER 70 YEARS.

John Farrah, Ltd.

High-Class

Grocers &amp; Bakers

Crescent Road, Harrogate

Makers of the famous Harrogate Toffee.

## DUBLIN

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

DIXON'S DUBLIN

"Favourite" Soap  
A pure free-lathering household soap in tablets.

DIXON'S DUBLIN

"Arbutus" Toilet SOAP  
Specially suitable for the complexion.

May be obtained from THE NEW IRISH DIRECT SUPPLY, VICTORIA ST., LONDON, S.W. and from any of Messrs. LEVERETT &amp; FRY'S Establishments.

## ROSES

DICKSON'S

WORLD FAMOUS

IRISH ROSES

Over 400,000 Plants to select from. Awarded upwards of 4,000 First Prizes. Challenge Cups, Medals, etc. in the United Kingdom. The MOST SUCCESSFUL Rose Growers and Raisers of New Varieties of the age. Largest and Most Select Stock in Ireland of

Fruit Trees, Shrubs, etc.  
CATALOGUES FREE.  
ALEX. DICKSON & SON  
Oakley Park Nurseries, Blackrock, DUBLIN.

MILLINERY AND BLOUSES

MILLINERY AND BLOUSES—Smart millinery, original styles, at reasonable prices. French blouses and Spirella Corsets specialists. MCINTYRE &amp; CO., 21 Dawson St., Dublin.

STATIONERS AND ENGRAVERS

Cambridge Ltd.

18 and 20 GRAFTON STREET

Dublin

Visiting Cards Engraved

## PARIS

DRESSMAKERS

WEEKS

106, BOULEVARD HAUSMANN

PARIS

Smart Dinner and Reception Gowns. SPECIALTY—Tailor-made Gowns.

## PENSIONS

PENSION

Mme. Roudet, 14 bis rue Raynouard, Trocadero. Superb view. Communication with all parts of the city. Excellent table. All modern conveniences—phone, electricity, lift, etc.

PARIS—Attractive Pension  
12 Avenue Jules Janin, entrance 12 Rue de la Pompe, near Bois de Boulogne. Every modern convenience. Recommended.PARIS, 12 RUE CHALGRIN  
Pension (garden) receives ladies and young girls. Resident French Chaplain.

ROCHDALE

GLOVES

Hoyle &amp; Co., Albion House

ROCHDALE, ENG.

Ladies' Glove Specialists

Real Reindeer Gloves.....5s. 6d.  
Lined Suede Gloves (for hard wear) 3s. 6d.  
Real Nappa Kid Gloves.....2s. 6d.

POST-FREE.

HOSIER AND OUTFITTER

The NEW "Optimus"  
Llama  
Pure Wool  
Underwear

Ladies and Gents

QUALITY-COMFORT  
PATTERNS AND PRICE  
LISTS on Application to  
R. N. LUPTON,  
Hosier, Outfitter  
35 and 37 Yorkshire St.,  
ROCHDALE.

BOLTON

PRINTERS

SYKES &amp; MORRIS

PRINTERS, BOOKBINDERS AND

STATIONERS.

ASHBURNER ST., BOLTON, LANCs.

Tele. 1365 Bolton.

## PHILADELPHIA ADVERTISING

Persons may leave advertisements at 1713 Sansom Street, Room 431

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

Gaede Importer  
GOWNS  
READY-TO-WEAR  
TAILORING AND DRESSMAKING  
MILLINERY  
LINGERIE—WADE CORSETS  
1713 CHESTNUT STREET

GOWNS TAILORING

Inook  
3321 WALNUT STREETMILLINERY  
Miss KESSEL & Miss JUSTICE  
130 SOUTH 15TH ST.  
Lightness and Comfort Our SpecialtyHard's Old Fashioned  
HOME-MADE CANDIES  
5832 Germantown Ave., GERMANTOWN  
Formerly with Martha Washington CandiesFine Millinery  
MRS. A. R. VOIGT  
5232 Germantown Ave.  
Exclusive Styles at  
Moderate Prices.Novelties of Exclusive Design  
Art Needlework—Beadcraft  
Germantown Novelty Shop  
42 WEST CHELSEA AVENUEMELLOS & McKEE  
MILLINERY AND GOWNS  
Own materials made up. Appointments.  
3906 Chestnut St. Tel. Preston 2775 D.MANICURING AND HAIRDRESSING  
302 Keith's Theatre Bldg. Tel. Walnut 6104Millinery—BAIM—Gowns  
5214 SPRUCE STREET

CONFECTIONERY

Ringe's Candies  
Always Fresh. Delivered Parcel Post.  
3343 WOODLAND AVENUE  
Telephone Baring 14-18CUT GLASSWARE  
GRAPE JUICE per 1/2 doz.  
TUMBLERS 50cTHE CUT GLASS SHOP  
7 South 16TH STREET  
Mail Order. Tel. Spruce 5249.FLORISTS  
FRANK R. HASTINGS  
FLOWERS  
8 W. Chelsea Ave. Tel. Germantown 5705PUBLIC STENOGRAPHY  
ing. all branches; work called for and delivered; reasonable. JOHN E. KINNEY,  
5921 Christian St. Bell Tel. Woodland 40-04.MULTIGRAPHING—SUBSTITUTING  
TYPEWRITING  
Ellis S. Hurst, 1033 Real Estate Trust Bldg.PHILADELPHIA  
Advertising for the Monitor will  
receive careful and immediate attention  
and may be sent directly to the  
Monitor's Philadelphia Representative  
MR. E. E. DANIELL,  
1713 Sansom St. Room 431

DAYTON, (O.) ADVERTISEMENTS

Persons may leave advertisements at 117 East First Street

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS  
FRANK B. HALE  
Dependable Groceries  
Fruits and Table Delicacies  
CORNER THIRD AND WILLIAMS STS.,  
DAYTON, OHIOCLEANERS  
Bell Phone Main 1639 Home Phone 4639THE  
Fenton Cleaning Co.  
CORNER FOURTH AND LUDLOW STS.,  
DAYTON, OHIO.  
We call for your work.TAILORS  
J. M. ZELLER  
TAILOR  
Tailoring as it should be done.  
4 Third Street Arcade, Dayton, Ohio.  
Home Phone 3372.LOUHAUCK  
THE TAILOR THAT PLEASES  
Third floor U. B. Bldg., DAYTON, OHIOCOAL  
THE OHIO COAL AND  
IRON CO.  
FIFTH AND WAYNE AVE.  
Bell Main 34 Home 5324DENTISTS  
DR. A. T. WHITESIDE, Dentist  
Callahan Bldg., N. E. Corner 3d and  
Main Streets.Dayton  
Advertisers  
using the Monitor may have their ad-  
vertising classified with that of other  
Dayton advertisers by addressing MR.  
LOUIS C. SCHANTZ, 704 Commercial  
Building, Dayton, Ohio.

## COAL

Cummings' Coal  
In season, out of season,  
means good coal, prompt,  
courteous service and a  
Square Ton and a Fair Price.  
Four yards 16 telephones  
E. J. CUMMINGS  
13th & Callowhill 51st & Warrington  
25th & Federal 21st & Westmoreland  
PHILADELPHIA

MILLINERY

GREENBERG'S  
33 South 52nd Street  
UP-TO-DATE  
MILLINERY  
CREATIONS  
ALSO A FULL LINE OF FURS  
Bell Telephone Open EveningsPHOTOGRAPHY  
Our Beautiful Photographs of Children  
are becoming known throughout New  
England. They can be made either at the  
studio or your home, regardless of dis-  
tance. If you are interested, we shall be  
glad to let you know the next time we  
are in your town.LOUIS FABIAN BACHRACH  
1713 Broadway St., Boston, Mass.  
1 Chatham St., Worcester, Mass.  
120 Union St., Providence, R. I.JEWELRY  
15 years with Smith, Patterson Co.  
JEWELER AND SILVERSMITH  
Jewelry and Order Work  
6 BROMFIELD ST., BOSTONBOOKS  
PICTURE SPELLING BOOK  
(Patented)  
ABCDEF G  
They are cut from the heavy board covers  
and are interchangeable. Entertaining, in-  
structive, durable. Brilliantly colored and  
easy to use. Size 8 1/2 x 11 in. Price \$1.00  
postpaid. Write for illustrated list of ideal  
Christmas Books.IDEAL BOOK BUILDERS, Publishers  
202 So. Clark St., CHICAGO.AGENTS WANTED  
Exclusive Territory—Fast Seller  
We believe we have the most substan-  
tial and fast selling hardware specialty of  
today and want a few more reliable  
agents, state and county, in unoccupied  
territory. Necessary wherever stoves or  
furnaces are used. Sold at a price within  
reach of any household, under a guaran-  
tee to save 25% of fuel or money back.  
Splendid profits for agents—one sale  
does more than a dozen for the dealer.  
NOW, ARNOLD DAMPER, Inc., R. 301,  
29 S. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.Agents Wanted  
To sell genuine Irish Linens in all local-  
ities full line of hand embroidered and  
handkerchiefs. A clean, profitable propo-  
sition for reliable parties who are willing  
to work. M. MILLER, P. O. Box 804,  
Los Angeles, Calif.REPRESENTATIVES WANTED  
WANTED, REPRESENTATIVE, whole or  
part time, newly marketed English rain-  
coat, guaranteed water-proof, reply by  
letter. Universal Rubber Co. (not inc.),  
1063 Almsie St., Chicago.THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR  
Classified Advertising Columns bring re-  
turns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay  
will give you information as to terms.SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE  
DARTMOUTH MAN, 13. Tuck School  
Administration, Treasurer, Secretary, pos-  
sible; mercantile or manufacturing; salary  
of less importance than good future oppor-  
tunity; highest references of ability and  
character. Address E14, Monitor office.POSITION AS TIMEKEEPER or rodmann  
on railroad or other construction work, or  
similar employment wanted, preferably  
Western states; college graduate. R-35,  
6030 Metropolitan bldg., N. Y.THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR  
Classified Advertising Columns bring re-  
turns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay  
will give you information as to terms.NOTICES  
CITY OF BOSTON  
STATE ELECTIONCity Clerk's Office, Oct. 24, 1913.  
In accordance with the provisions of  
Chapter 560 of the Acts of 1907, and any  
amendment thereto, or additional thereto,  
notice is hereby given that meetings of the  
citizens of this city, qualified to vote for  
State officers, will be held in the several  
polling places designated for the purpose  
by the Board of Election Commissioners on  
Tuesday, the Fourth Day of  
November, 1913and all such citizens will on said date, in  
the several precincts in which they are  
entitled to vote, give their votes for  
Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of  
the Commonwealth, Treasurer and Receiver-  
General, Auditor of the Commonwealth,  
Attorney-General, District Attorney, Regis-  
ter of Probate and Escheator, Councilors,  
Senators and Representatives in the Gen-  
eral Court as follows: One Representative  
each in Wards 7 and 24, three in Wards  
4 and 5 (said wards constituting one dis-  
trict), three each in Wards 20 and 24, and  
two each in the remaining wards; also to  
give their votes "Yes" or "No" in answer  
to the following questions:1. Shall the proposed amendment to the Con-  
stitution, making women eligible to appoint-  
ment as notaries public, be approved and  
ratified? Said proposed amendment is as  
follows:Article four of the articles of amendment  
of the Constitution of the Commonwealth is  
hereby amended by adding thereto the fol-  
lowing words: Women shall be eligible to  
appointment as notaries public.2. Shall the proposed amendment to the Con-  
stitution, authorizing the referendum, be  
approved and ratified? Said proposed  
amendment is as follows:Full power and authority are hereby  
given and granted to the General Court to  
refer to the people for their rejection or  
approval at the polls any act or resolve of  
the General Court or any part or parts  
thereof. Such reference shall be by a ma-  
jority yes and nay vote of all members  
of each house present and voting. Any  
act, resolve, or part thereof so referred  
shall be voted on at the regular State  
election next ensuing after such reference,  
shall become law if approved by a majority  
of the voters voting thereon, and shall take  
effect at the expiration of thirty days after  
the election at which it was approved or at  
such time after the expiration of the said  
thirty days as may be fixed in such act,  
resolve or part thereof.3. Shall Chapter 807 of the Acts of 1913,  
being an act to provide for compensating  
laborers, workmen and mechanics for in-  
juries sustained in public employment, and  
to exempt from legal liability counties and  
municipal corporations which pay such com-  
pensation, be accepted by the inhabitants  
of this county of Suffolk?The polls at said meetings will be opened  
at six o'clock A. M., and closed at four  
o'clock P. M.  
Attest: JAMES DONOVAN, City Clerk.THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR  
Classified Advertising Columns bring re-  
turns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay  
will give you information as to terms.

## WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

Creme Celeste

is a delightful prepara-  
tion that is finding  
favor with ladies  
all over New England sim-  
ply because of its un-  
usual merit. For clean-  
ing it is invaluable,  
readily absorbed and  
removes all substances  
from the pores of the  
skin. All who have  
used this cosmetic pre-  
pare to declare it in-  
dispensable.Sold in two sizes. Sent prepaid  
25c and 50c.National Utility Co.,  
P. O. Box 5306, Boston.

PHOTOGRAPHY

Our Beautiful Photographs of Children  
are becoming known throughout New  
England. They can be made either at the  
studio or your home, regardless of dis-  
tance. If you are interested, we shall be  
glad to let you know the next time we  
are in your town.LOUIS FABIAN BACHRACH  
1713 Broadway St., Boston, Mass.  
1 Chatham St., Worcester, Mass.  
120 Union St., Providence, R. I.JEWELRY  
15 years with Smith, Patterson Co.  
JEWELER AND SILVERSMITH  
Jewelry and Order Work  
6 BROMFIELD ST., BOSTONBOOKS  
PICTURE SPELLING BOOK  
(Patented)  
ABCDEF G  
They are cut from the heavy board covers  
and are interchangeable. Entertaining, in-  
structive, durable. Brilliantly colored and  
easy to use. Size 8 1/2 x 11 in. Price \$1.00  
postpaid. Write for illustrated list of ideal  
Christmas Books.IDEAL BOOK BUILDERS, Publishers  
202 So. Clark St., CHICAGO.AGENTS WANTED  
Exclusive Territory—Fast Seller  
We believe we have the most substan-  
tial and fast selling hardware specialty of  
today and want a few more reliable  
agents, state and county, in unoccupied  
territory. Necessary wherever stoves or  
furnaces are used. Sold at a price within  
reach of any household, under a guaran-  
tee to save 25% of fuel or money back.  
Splendid profits for agents—one sale  
does more than a dozen for the dealer.  
NOW, ARNOLD DAMPER, Inc., R. 301,  
29 S. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.Agents Wanted  
To sell genuine Irish Linens in all local-  
ities full line of hand embroidered and  
handkerchiefs. A clean, profitable propo-  
sition for reliable parties who are willing  
to work. M. MILLER, P. O. Box 804,  
Los Angeles, Calif.REPRESENTATIVES WANTED  
WANTED, REPRESENTATIVE, whole or  
part time, newly marketed English rain-  
coat, guaranteed water-proof, reply by  
letter. Universal Rubber Co. (not inc.),  
1063 Almsie St., Chicago.THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR  
Classified Advertising Columns bring re-  
turns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay  
will give you information as to terms.SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE  
DARTMOUTH MAN, 13. Tuck School  
Administration, Treasurer, Secretary, pos-  
sible; mercantile or manufacturing; salary  
of less importance than good future oppor-  
tunity; highest references of ability and  
character. Address E14, Monitor office.POSITION AS TIMEKEEPER or rodmann  
on railroad or other construction work, or  
similar employment wanted, preferably  
Western states; college graduate. R-35,  
6030 Metropolitan bldg., N. Y.THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR  
Classified Advertising Columns bring re-  
turns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay  
will give you information as to terms.NOTICES  
CITY OF BOSTON  
STATE ELECTIONCity Clerk's Office, Oct. 24, 1913.  
In accordance with the provisions of  
Chapter 560 of the Acts of 1907, and any  
amendment thereto, or additional thereto,  
notice is hereby given that meetings of the  
citizens of this city, qualified to vote for  
State officers, will be held in the several  
polling places designated for the purpose  
by the Board of Election Commissioners on  
Tuesday, the Fourth Day of  
November, 1913and all such citizens will on said date, in  
the several precincts in which they are  
entitled to vote, give their votes for  
Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of  
the Commonwealth, Treasurer and Receiver-  
General, Auditor of the Commonwealth,  
Attorney-General, District Attorney, Regis-  
ter of Probate and Escheator, Councilors,  
Senators and Representatives in the Gen-  
eral Court as follows: One Representative  
each in Wards 7 and 24, three in Wards  
4 and 5 (said wards constituting one dis-  
trict), three each in Wards 20 and 24, and  
two each in the remaining wards; also to  
give their votes "Yes" or "No" in answer  
to the following questions:1. Shall the proposed amendment to the Con-  
stitution, making women eligible to appoint-  
ment as notaries public, be approved and  
ratified? Said proposed amendment is as  
follows:Article four of the articles of amendment  
of the Constitution of the Commonwealth is  
hereby amended by adding thereto the fol-  
lowing words: Women shall be eligible to  
appointment as notaries public.2. Shall the proposed amendment to the Con-  
stitution, authorizing the referendum, be  
approved and ratified? Said proposed  
amendment is as follows:Full power and authority are hereby  
given and granted to the General Court to  
refer to the people for their rejection or  
approval at the polls any act or resolve of  
the General Court or any part or parts  
thereof. Such reference shall be by a ma-  
jority yes and nay vote of all members  
of each house present and voting. Any  
act, resolve, or part thereof so referred  
shall be voted on at the regular State  
election next ensuing after such reference,  
shall become law if approved by a majority  
of the voters voting thereon, and shall take  
effect at the expiration of thirty days after  
the election at which it was approved or at  
such time after the expiration of the said  
thirty days as may be fixed in such act,  
resolve or part thereof.3. Shall Chapter 807 of the Acts of 1913,  
being an act to provide for compensating  
laborers, workmen and mechanics for in-  
juries sustained in public employment, and  
to exempt from legal liability counties and  
municipal corporations which pay such com-  
pensation, be accepted by the inhabitants  
of this county of Suffolk?The polls at said meetings will be opened  
at six o'clock A. M., and closed at four  
o'clock P. M.  
Attest: JAMES DONOVAN, City Clerk.THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR  
Classified Advertising Columns bring re-  
turns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay  
will give you information as to terms.

## REAL ESTATE—WASHINGTON, D. C.

134 Acres, 16 Miles From the White House  
Light loam, clay subsoil; 30 acres in virgin timber. Balance cleared; well  
watered; in splendid neighborhood. Price only \$4000. Terms to suit. My  
specialty is suburban and farm properties near Washington, D. C.

W. P. McDOWELL, Washington, D. C.

APARTMENTS WANTED  
WANTED—IN CAMBRIDGE  
A small furnished apartment for the winter,  
by couple who will take best of care and  
give satisfactory references; no chil-  
dren. C. H. BILLINGS, 12 Beacon St., Bos-  
ton. Tel. Hay 980.FOR SALE  
FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—One ver-  
tical 3x3 triple single-acting power pump  
of the best manufacture, to be used with  
electric motor. Apply M. H., Box 153, Dux-  
bury, Mass.LAWYERS  
WILLIAM C. MAYNE  
Counselor-at-Law  
Mutual Life Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.  
New York address 805 W. 180th St.JOHN C. HIGDON  
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law  
Central National Bank Bldg., St. LouisATTORNEYS can frequently secure  
good non-resident clients by publishing  
their professional cards in this column.HATTERS  
WILLIAM H. HAND, Practical Hatter,  
10 AVERY ST., low doors south of Adams  
House. Soft, stiff, silk and opera hats  
cleaned, pressed and retimed. Hats  
banded and bound while you wait. Best  
work. Street floor.THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR  
Classified Advertising Columns bring re-  
turns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay  
will give you information as to terms.REAL ESTATE  
Metal Bound Real Estate Key Tags  
Return to  
A. P. Nichols & Co.  
33rd Gumbel bldg.  
Kansas CityT. H. LLOYD  
306 Commerce Bldg., KANSAS CITY, MO.  
CHAPIN'S Illustrated Farm Guide  
Postpaid, describing Mt.  
Pleasant estate for boys' school and 600  
others. 254 Washington St., Boston.APARTMENTS TO LET  
BRAND NEW SUITES  
1135-37-39-141 Commonwealth Avenue  
Suites containing 2, 3, 4 and 6 rooms,  
kitchens and bathrooms, beautifully fin-  
ished; every possible modern improve-  
ment; large reception halls; A. B. C. ele-  
vator; steam heat; continuous hot water;  
janitor service; piazzas; gas and electric  
lights; gas range; tile baths; porcelain  
plumbing; awnings, shades and screens;  
15 min. to Park st. Apply to owners on  
premises days and evenings.REBERSON CONSTRUCTION CO.  
Tel. Brighton 1096-M. Haymarket 3944ROOMS  
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—Pleasant, fur-  
nished room to gentleman; references re-  
quired. 20 Hunter Pl. Tel. 1984-M.

## DETROIT ADVERTISEMENTS

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES



SPACE IS NOT GIVEN UNDER THIS HEAD TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO MARRY OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

*BOSTON AND N. E.*

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

CLERK 19, wants permanent work; experienced in shoe store. MRS. LILLIE A. DUGGAN, Pond st., Sharo Hill, Cambridge, Mass.

**COLORADO COUPLE** with situation woman to cook, want to do general work; experienced in hotel country. J. HOWARD, 28 Sawyer st., Boston.

**COMPANION OR ATTENDANT**—A refined Protestant woman desires position. MRS. MARY McFARLANE, Laurel st., South Boston.

**COMPANION** desires position; go anywhere; good traveler; interested in all. WORKWELL, 18 Milford st., Boston.

**COMPANION HOUSEKEEPER**—Positively desired by refined, middle-aged American Protestant lady; cheerful, fond of home, good cook, excellent country. JENNIFER GROVER, 75 Pembroke st., Boston.

**COMPANION HOUSEKEEPER**—American woman desires position with business family; experienced in hotel country; capable of taking charge of home. MRS. L. F. BROWN, 8 Alcott st., Allston, Mass.

**COOK** or housekeeper or monotype operator—A refined, Protestant lady, 45 years of age, desires position; experience, \$12 per week. MRS. J. H. BROWN, 11067 STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 45 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. 290.

**COOK**—Colored girl wants situation; experienced in hotel country. Mrs. Wm. R. Ruxbury, Mass.; tel. 682-7.

**COOK** hotel or restaurant; situation wanted by competent colored woman; elegant references. BELL WILLIAMS, 128 Shawmut av., Boston.

**COOK** Position wanted by a middle-aged Protestant woman in a private family; elegant references. Mrs. Wm. J. Williams, 1 Acorn st., Cambridge, Mass.

**COOK AND LAUNDRESS**, experienced colored woman, wants accommodating family. MRS. J. H. BROWN, 45 Brookline av., Boston.

**DAY WORK** wanted by colored woman; experienced. MRS. BELL, 143 Northampton st., Boston.

**DAY WORK WANTED**—Laundress, cleaning, etc., by experienced woman. MRS. CATHERINE SHINE, 277 Shawmut av., Boston.

**DAY WORK** wanted Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday by competent woman. MRS. J. H. BROWN, 45 Brookline av., Boston.

**DAY WORK—Laundry**, cleaning, etc., of apartments wanted by Mrs. J. H. BROWN, 134 Sterling st., suite 2, Roxbury.

**DESIGNER AND colorer**, residence Washington, D. C., desires position; experience; awaits an offer. Mention No. 11067, STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 45 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. 290.

**DRESSMAKER**, would like work by day; alterations on all kinds of gowns at home. DELLA ROWLEY, 200 Brookline av., Boston.

**DRESSMAKING** or chamber work wanted by young colored woman by day or week; no objection to making over. MRS. J. H. BROWN, 45 Brookline av., Boston.

**DRESSMAKER** wants work by day; cutting, fitting, making, etc. G. ONES, Huntington av., 40, Boston.

**DRESSMAKER** wants work by day; cut, design; \$2.50 day. MISS MAE LOVELL, 11067 STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 45 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. 290.

**ELDERLY WOMAN**, highly recommended, desires work by the day or week in her city; please address MRS. JAMES H. BROWN, 45 Brookline av., Boston.

**EXPERIENCED COOK AND SECOND MAID** would like positions together, but would consider separate positions in different families. MRS. J. H. BROWN, 45 Brookline av., Boston.

**FORELADY**, wrapping and labelling—A refined, Protestant lady, 45 years of age, desires position; experience, \$10 per week. Mention No. 11067, STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 45 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. 290.

**GENERAL HOUSEWORK** wanted by Protestant girl; no laundry; \$4-\$6.50. MRS. HARRIET MACLEOD, 6 Dorr st., Roxbury.

**GENERAL HOUSEWORK** wanted by colored girl. BEATRICE SPRINGER, 7 Pine st., Cambridge, Mass.

**GENERAL WORK** by day or week wanted by colored woman; references. MRS. ANNIE HOWE, 17 Benton st., Boston.

**GENERAL WORK** wanted by next door neighbor; references. L. GRANT, 100 Cambridge st., Boston.

**GRANTS** pl. of Camden st., or obscure place, wanted by colored woman.

**HAIRDRESSER**, manufacturer or assistant wanted by colored woman; by day or by appointment. IDA JOHNSON, 8 Batavia st., Boston, B. B. 137.

**HOUSEKEEPER**—American woman wanted by colored woman; references. MRS. BEATRICE SPRINGER, 7 Pine st., Cambridge, Mass.

**HOUSEKEEPER** wants position near home; references. MRS. J. H. BROWN, 45 Brookline av., Boston.

**HOUSEKEEPER**—Attendant or companion position desired by competent, trustworthy woman. MRS. J. H. BROWN, 45 Brookline av., Boston.

**HOUSEKEEPER** wants position in small family; references. MRS. MARY McFARLANE, Laurel st., South Boston.

**HOUSEKEEPER** wanted by colored woman; references. MRS. MARY McFARLANE, Laurel st., South Boston.

**HOUSEKEEPER**, refined American woman, would like position with servant; educated; musical; experienced; fond of home. MRS. F. S. WARREN, Adams st., Boston.

**HOUSEKEEPER** or mother's helper desired position; best references. E. M. JONES, 11067 STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 45 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. 290.

**HOUSEKEEPER**—A refined woman wants position in city, with entire charge of home. MISS M. KNAPP, 206 W. Newton st., Boston.

**HOUSEKEEPER** wants situation in small family; middle-aged, refined; best references. MRS. E. S. SPICER, South Milford, Mass.

**HOUSEKEEPER** desires position with all grade; fond of children; 10 years' experience in hotel country. MISS H. THOMPSON, 4 Riverdale pl., Cambridge, Mass.

**HOUSEKEEPER** wanted by colored woman in small family where she can be of service; good home mother wanted. MRS. JENNIE PRESLEY, 78 Harvard st., Boston.

**HOUSEKEEPER, ATTENDANT**, capable  
Polent refined American Protestant: exc

competent cook, good reader, fond of children, etc.  
competent, thorough training, would consider  
employment. MISS HELEN  
1919-1921 Fairfield St., Boston, 2.  
HOUSEKEEPER ATTENDANT—Middle-aged  
competent, waiting position at near Boston  
SMITH 32 Waltham St., near Tremont  
HOUSEKEEPER-COMPANION or help  
position wanted by competent, middle-aged  
woman of character and ability in all  
household, small family only. MISS F.  
1000 Cambridge, Mass.  
HOUSEKEEPER, COMPANION, middle-aged  
Protestant woman wants place with  
small family; good home with some remun-  
eration. Mrs. C. W. Cundy, 7  
E. RYDER, Plaistow, N. H.  
HOUSEKEEPER-COMPANION — Pro-  
ficient in American cheerful woman for  
elderly couple. References exchanged.  
MARRIE E JACKSON, 35 Cushing  
Waltham, Mass.; tel. 1032-3.  
HOUSEMASS; wanted by competent, re-  
sponsible woman who can do any  
private family work; day or week  
O'CONNOR, 313 Columbus av., Rox-  
bury, 2.  
HOUSEWORK—Newfoundland young  
woman would like position; good plain  
cook, neat, reliable. AGNES GRAHAM,  
101 DYSMAID chambermaid, colored.  
woman wants situation; good sewer;  
and seamstress; references. MRS. JOHN  
SMITH, 505 Millex st., suite 1, Boston, 2.  
HOUSEWORK—Italian woman, ex-  
perienced, intelligent, capable of  
performing all duties (1) desired position  
would travel; musical; good reader; best  
references. SMITH, 4  
SMITH, 4  
SMITH, 4

## ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE FOUND

**CLASSIFIED PAGE**

### Which Should Be Consulted



NOT GIVEN UNDER THIS HEAD TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO MARRY  
OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

ES | CENTRAL STATES

## CENTRAL STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

STENOGRAPHER desires position  
side of regular office—female, expe-  
MISS F. HIGBEE, 4063 Ellis av.,  
Phone Oakland 4125.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, desir-  
ing position in school and busi-  
ness college graduate. MAE  
WALSH, 1376 Cooke av., Lake-  
view, Chicago.

STENOGRAPHER and typist desir-  
ing position; bright and accurate begin-  
ner; start at moderate salary. MISS  
M. BIGLER, 8801 Broadway  
cago.

STENOGRAPHER desires position  
years' experience. All references; ex-  
perience in hotel and insurance exp-  
MISS ERWOOD, 4580 Kenmore av.,  
Chicago.

TEACHER of domestic economy, ex-  
perience in that and other high sch-  
ools desires position; would consid-  
er relocation. JOSEPHINE HANSEN,  
1023 Caldonia st., Lacrosse, Wis.

WANTED—Position with motion  
company by young woman with lo-  
cal connections. Address MISS R. VERNE, 3020 Broad  
Chicago.

YOUNG GIRL desires to assist in  
household duties. Address SARAH  
VIOLE HERLAX, 4153 Calumet av.,  
cago. Phone Diversey 6771.

**SOUTHERN STATION**

**HELP WANTED—MALE**

WANTED—A married man, own-  
two-horse farm; raised seed corn, long  
corn, potatoes, cattle, hogs; fair  
price offered. Address HARRY  
KORR, JR., Box 576, Montgomery,  
Alabama.

**HELP WANTED—FEMALE**

DREYFUS & CO. requires the ser-  
vice of capable and experienced salesladies  
in the following locations: Broad st.,  
st., Richmond, Va.

**SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE**

BOOKKEEPER or ASSISTANT  
position desired by young man  
All references and bond if required  
and operate No. 5 Oliver machine.  
S. H. MURPHY, Amory, Miss.

CATERED TO THE PIPE FIFTEEN  
Married man (36), temperate and re-  
liably with tools. Address GEORGE  
TRIPP, Ardren, N. C.

**SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE**

BOOKKEEPER or assistant (2  
sires position at once; All references  
if necessary; own and operate  
Oliver No. 5 machine. Address  
SCHUMPERT, Amory, Miss.

COMPANION—Young woman desir-  
ing position to travel with young man  
PRICK, 2327 Avenue M, Galveston,  
Texas.

COMPANION, SECRETARY, good  
position of confidence, young woman  
trained, capable, well-born, cheerful,  
traveled, taught and written; refer-  
ences. Address MITH, 261 W. Forsyth st.,  
Savannah, Ga.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER (ex-  
plain cook and laundress, small in-  
crease in salary) to married couple.  
C. C. VAN LER, 188 Ontario pl.,  
Birmingham, D. C.

MARRIED MAN (40), mercantile  
experience, front up store, has  
general merchandise, jewelry, retail  
office, etc. best references. Apply  
office, 101 Du Lake, 2345  
Birmingham, Ala.

OFFICE WORK WANTED—By a  
lady with 2 years' experience as sta-  
tionery, typewriter, and bookkeeper  
temporary or permanent work  
THOMAS, 236 House Office  
Washington, D. C.

SECRETARIAL or business positi-  
on desired by refined, educated lady with  
old and new; has had much experi-  
ence; would go South as soon as  
possible. MRS. E. H. CORSON, 16 S. 8th  
Washington, D. C.

TEACHER of English Pitman  
desires position in college or high  
school best offer and number of  
MRS. LOLA SEAY, 55 E. Morris st.,  
Tomb, Ga.

**PACIFIC COAST**

**HELP WANTED—MALE**

CARPENTER wanted for general  
contracting work. JACOB H. HARMON,  
1574 20th av., San Francisco, Cal.

**HELP WANTED—FEMALE**

WANTED—Girl for cooking and  
housework; no washing; must be a  
child. MRS. DAN PERKINS, 27  
N. 1st st., Seattle, Wash.

WANTED—Girl for general house-  
and cooking; wages \$30. MRS. B. B.  
EINSTEIN, Coalinga, Cal.

**SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE**

BOOKKEEPER, all-round man;  
excellent balance sheets and financial  
statements; desires position. San Fran-  
cisco, W. T. MITCHELL, 653 1/2  
Oakland, Cal.

BOY (14) wants work with good  
or individual before and after school  
GEORGE L. EXLINE, 1115 1/2 E. 7th  
Seattle, Wash.

BUILDER, thoroughly experi-  
enced in building construction, would take  
repair and upkeep of large manufac-  
turing, city, or country. Address  
FORESTER, 1236 W. 29th st., Los An-  
geles, Cal.

**CANADA**

**HELP WANTED—FEMALE**

GIRL (white, Protestant) want-  
ing good housework in washing, etc.  
included; good home for right parti-  
cular; no children; references re-  
quired. Address MRS. J. C. 1092 1/2  
st., Medicine Hat, Alta., Can.

**SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE**

MANAGER—Single man, 12 years  
experience, business position on country  
place, with dairy preferred; services  
about Dec. 15. RIDGELY CHAPMAN,  
bridge 7.

SALESMAN, wide experience,  
shoes of American and other make;  
sires position. W. CRAWFORD, 628  
R. 25, 21 Wellington sq., Chelsea,  
England.

WANTED—On or before Dec. 15,  
station on a gentleman's suburban or  
place; will go anywhere. Address  
R. 25, 21 Wellington sq., Chelsea,  
England.

**GREAT BRITAIN**

**SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE**

EXPERIENCED CORRESPOND-  
ENT (28), capable, capable, a prose-  
lary, 10 years of city stock brokers,  
change; conversant with 6 languages  
anywhere; London preferred. Ad-  
dress R. 25, 21 Wellington sq., Chelsea,  
S. W., England.

GERMAN AND FRENCH MASTER  
marriage, housework, and general  
celler, references. R. GERCKE, Park  
colum, Surrey, England.

**SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE**

EXCELLENT DRESSMAKER  
wishes to work by day will alter or  
ladies' day or evening gowns.  
STRONG, 6 Hide pl., Vincent sq., V.  
London, England.

EXPERIENCED and thoroughly  
attendant or housekeeper; wishes re-  
ference; capable manager; good refer-  
ences. Address MRS. J. C. 1092 1/2  
st., Medicine Hat, Alta., Can.

WROTHERWELL, 47, Manheim rd.,  
ford, Yorkshire, Eng.







# Real Estate Market

# T Wharf Activities

# Sailings

Property consisting of a 4 1/2-story brick building at 65 and 67 Leverett street has changed hands. There are 1451 square feet of land which carries \$7300 of the total \$11,800 assessed value. It was owned by Jacob Thurman, Morris Her- shorn is the buyer.

Two small parcels in the South End have gone to new owners today: The three-story brick house standing on 800 square feet of ground at 177 Albany street, corner of Curv, was bought by Walter F. Godber, from Augustus L. Thorndike, trustee. Total assessment \$5400, land value being \$3400.

Also another three-story brick dwelling at 14 Newcomb street, near Washington street, bought by Thomas Kelley from Nathan H. Hayford, deed coming from Amelio P. Nardini. Total assessment \$2100, of which \$1100 applies on the 1500 square feet of land.

## WEST ROXBURY AND ROXBURY

The large frame dwelling house and stable located 114 Anawan avenue, corner of Stratford street, West Roxbury, has been sold by Johanna Carroll to John P. Shea, who conveys to the Stratford Trust. There are three lots in all comprising 24,000 square feet of land assessed for \$3700. Total taxed value is \$10,200.

Julia A. Collins has placed a deed on record from Rosa A. Dorr, transferring title to the frame dwelling property numbered 84 Calumet street near St. Alphonsus street, Roxbury. The lot contains 3400 square feet of land which carries \$1500 of the assessed valuation of \$3500.

## DORCHESTER TRANSACTIONS

George H. Wood has purchased from Jacob Wentworth, deed coming through Barney Weiner et al. the lot of ground at 18 Josephine street, near Ditson street and Geneva avenue, being one of that block visited by fire several weeks ago. There are 3000 square feet of land valued at \$800. O'Meara & Lynch were the brokers.

Ellen Claffey has taken title from the Margaret A. Dodd estate, comprising a frame dwelling house and 4988 square feet of land located 39 Mather street, near Dorchester avenue. All taxes for \$3000, \$1200 of that amount being land value.

## BUILDING LOTS SOLD

Edward M. and Eliza Brewer have sold to John P. Campbell four lots consisting of 22,000 square feet assessed for \$8800, being balance of the land owned by them on the Arburyway and Prince street. Jamaica Plain. Mr. Campbell formerly purchased 16 of these lots and erected high grade cement houses, all of which have been sold. It is the purchaser's intention to build a similar house on this property during the winter. R. S. Barrows was the broker.

## BUILDING NOTICES

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given: Bellevue st., 20, ward 20; Franklin King est.; brick auto storage. Belmont st., 22, ward 18; J. M. & H. H. Collins, Edwin J. Lewis Jr.; frame dwelling. Brooks st., 8-10, ward 23; F. V. Thompson; frame auto storage. Albany st., 161-167, ward 7; Dorchester Associates; alter papered, house. Bunker Hill st., 70, ward 3; Frank H. Dillon; alter store and dwelling. Belgrade st., 172, ward 23; R. O. Maugul; alter store. Northampton st., 232, ward 12; City of Boston; alter school. Columbus st., 127-81, ward 10; G. Vitale; alter store and dwelling. Westville st., 113-115, ward 20; Shelton & Barry; alter stores. Essex st., 88, ward 7; A. W. Blackman; alter store and store. North st., 230, ward 10; S. 18, ward 6; Lucido Capozzi; alter stores and tenements.

## SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS

The following list of property comes from the latest recorded transfers taken from the official report of the Real Estate Exchange:

## BOSTON (City Proper)

Jacob Thurman to Morris Herborn, Leverett st., 65 and 67; \$7300. Nathan H. Hayford to Armedo P. Nardini, Newcomb st., 14; \$3700. Augustus L. Thorndike to Walter F. Godber, Curv and Albany sts.; \$5400. Amelio P. Nardini to Thomas Kelley, Newcomb st.; \$2100.

## SOUTH BOSTON

John J. McCarthy to William F. McCarthy, Dorr and Bowen sts.; \$1. Margaret M. Dorr to Ellen F. Kelsch, 1 st.; \$1. William S. Locke et al. to Margaret C. F. Edgar, Seventh st.; \$1. Mary E. Dowling to Mary C. Hopkins, Third and Emerson sts.; \$1. George A. Souther to John F. Souther, Dorchester av., 10; \$1. Sarah L. Souther et al. to John F. Souther, Dorchester av., 10; \$1.

## EAST BOSTON

Joshua B. Weston to Mary McCormack, Marston st.; \$1.

## ROXBURY

Morris Herborn to Jacob Wasserman et al., Harold and Howland sts.; \$1. Walter S. Pinkham et al. to Edwin R. Graves, Dudley, Bartlett and Norfolk sts.; \$1. Edwin R. Graves to South End Industrial Club, Dudley, Bartlett and Norfolk sts.; \$1. Rosa A. Dore to Julia A. Collins, Calumet st.; \$1.

## DORCHESTER

Margaret A. Dodd est. to Ellen Claffey, Mather st.; \$10,200. Nathan Goldberg to David M. Rabinovitch, Woodville st., 2 lots; \$1. Frank T. Horgan, outgo, to Michael J. McLaughlin, W. Ninth, S. B. Whitefield st.; \$1. Emma H. Dwight et al. to Albert C. Smith, Butterworth st.; \$1. Jacob Wentworth to Barney Weiner et al., Josephine st.; \$1. Barney Weiner et al. to George H. Wood, Josephine st.; \$1.

## WEST ROXBURY

Mary A. Fish et al. to Caroline Echeauk, Birch st., 4; \$1. Catherine Murphy to Ellen V. Murphy et al., Prospect st.; \$1. Theresa M. Henseluss et al. to Caroline A. Henseluss, Billings st.; \$1. Johanna Carroll to John P. Shea, Stratford st. and Anawan av., 3 lots; \$11,800.

John P. Shea to Stratford Trust, Stratford and Anawan av., 3 lots; \$11,800. Edward M. and Eliza Brewer et al. to John P. Campbell et al., Arburyway and Prince st.; \$1.

## CHARLESTOWN

John M. Miller to Ida L. Miller, Main st.; \$1.

## HYDE PARK

Norman M. Scott to Thomas Coughlin, Neponset av.; \$1000. Thomas S. Richardson to William R. Sewell, Parker st.; \$1. William R. Sewell to Paul R. Hemphill, Parker st., 2 lots; \$1.

## CHELSEA

Emily Neal est. to Albert C. Smith, Addison st.; \$2450.

## REVERE

William P. Holcombe to William Williams, Beachland av.; \$1. Kilby Investment Co. to Margaret M. Sutherland, Broadway; \$1.

## CARGO OF SHEEP

## AFOOT THE FIRST

## IN MANY YEARS

For the first time in years a shipment of live sheep will leave this port for the Provinces. It is only recently that the sheep exportations to Europe have dropped off, but it is many years since the last sheep were sent to Canada. Two carloads, or 318 sheep, are now herded on Commercial wharf awaiting to be driven aboard the steamer A. W. Perry.

## COLORADO TROOPS

## GO TO COAL FIELD

DENVER, Colo.—The strike of the coal miners in the southern fields in this state, which has been going on for several days, resulted today in a clash with mine guards near Ludlow. Gov. E. M. Ammons ordered out the militia shortly after midnight. At Hastings and Berwind the guards are practically besieged in the mine company houses.

Governor Ammons has declared a state of martial law in the mining districts and has sent the militia to disarm strikers and mine guards and prevent new men being brought to the mines.

## PENNSYLVANIA'S

## KEEL IS LAID

NEWPORT NEWS, Va.—First plating of the keel of the super-dreadnought Pennsylvania were laid at the Newport News Shipbuilding & Drydock Company Monday.

The Pennsylvania will be 625 feet long over all. Her full load displacement will be 32,500 tons, or 3500 gross tons greater than the super-dreadnoughts Oklahoma and Nevada. Twelve 14-inch breech-loading rifles are to make up the main battery. Her speed will be 21 knots an hour and she will be an oil burner with steam turbines. The complete cost will be about \$11,000,000.

## DEER PLAYS IN

## A SCHOOL YARD

Leaping over the fence which encloses the yard of the Bailey street primary school today a good-sized young deer ran around the playground in which the children were lined up ready to answer the bell at the close of recess. The deer caused considerable amusement until John Egan, the janitor, succeeded in chasing it over the other side of the fence again. The animal at once ran toward Milton. It is said the deer came either from Milton woods or Franklin park.

## WESTERNER MADE

## MAYOR 14 TIMES

SPOKANE, Wash.—Ralph T. Buckley of Hillyard holds the unique record of having been elected 14 successive times as mayor, says the Chronicle.

Mayor Jared Herdick, after his disappearance July 16, handed in no resignation and the office could not be declared vacant. The council has been forced to elect a mayor pro tem at each weekly meeting. Mr. Buckley has been the choice each time. The regular election will be held Dec. 2.

## MR. GOMPERS ASKS HEARING

WASHINGTON—Attorneys for Samuel Gompers and the other labor leaders, under sentence for contempt of court, asked the United States supreme court on Monday to advance the case for early hearing.

## PEORIA PLANS NEW "AD"

PEORIA, Ill.—At a meeting of the publicity committee of the Association of Commerce the proposition of placing an electric searchlight on a high building in the city which would be attractive for 40 miles around was discussed, says the Star.

## TORONTO HEAT PLANT PROPOSED

TORONTO—A central heating plant is proposed to serve the downtown business district of the city. The intention is to cooperate with the Toronto hydro-electric system, providing the latter with a steam reserve, says the Globe.

## WOMEN URGE TREE PLANTING

FT. WORTH, Tex.—The North Ft. Worth Civic Club, whose membership is made up of progressive women of the north side, are urging the park board and citizens to enter a tree planting campaign, says the Record.

## SUB-TREASURY COUNT BEGUN

NEW YORK—Martin Vogel having just been installed as assistant treasurer of the United States in this city, clerks are now counting the \$170,000,000 in the vaults of the sub-treasury.

## SHIPPING NEWS.

Although Capt. Ernest Ray of the dismantled schooner Henry P. Havens, looked her over Monday afternoon, no action has yet been taken by the owners to recover the vessel. She was dismantled and abandoned off Highland Light Sunday, the crew landing at Hull, and proceeding to Boston, from where they went to Bangor, Me., by rail. The steamer James S. Whitney picked her up off Minot's Light and towed her to Union wharf. A steam pump was put in operation today to lower the amount of water in her forward hold. It is reported in shipping circles that the Havens will be libeled for salvage and will be ordered sold at U. S. marshal sale for the benefit of all concerned.

After a 13-day passage from Hull, Eng., the British steamer Toronto, Captain Wing, reached Boston this afternoon. The steamer brought a large general cargo part of which will be discharged at Mystic docks, Charlestown, while the remainder is consigned to New York city.

To determine the full extent of damage sustained by the burned steamer Templemore, towed here from sea by the revenue cutter Androscooggin, a survey is being held today on the bulk which is anchored off Deer Island.

Steamship movements and other shipping was delayed today by a dense fog in the harbor this morning. The steamer Nacoochee from Savannah with a full cargo of cotton came up, headed for India wharf, but the navigation officer got his bearings and the steamer skirted the Atlantic avenue wharves until she reached Lewis wharf. Ferryboats had difficulty in making their slips this morning. At 10 a. m., however, the fog cleared and vessels again began moving.

Another big day for fish dealers was reported at T wharf today. Again there were large receipts and many vessels in. All the craft that arrived Monday, 24 vessels, remain in port and the 18 odd arrivals today test the capacity of the T wharf slips, Eastern packet pier and Commercial wharf. Prices are low, excepting steak cod quoted at 9 1/2 cents per pound. Arrivals: Schooners Alice 31,500 pounds, Alice M. Guthrie 52,500, Buena 28,500, Ellen & Mary 72,000, Elmer E. Gray 55,000, Etta Mildred 12,000, Mary De Costa 64,500, Lavonia 35,700, Ontario 42,500, Sadie M. Nunan 30,600, Natalie Nelson 28,000, Annie Perry 27,500, Louise R. Sylvia 22,500, Manassett 17,500, Star Foam 54,000, and Str Spray 10,500. The Mary came in too late to be reported. Other fish was brought in as follows: Spry 4000 sole, 4000 scrod; Foam 5000 scrod, 700 sole, 300 butterfish; Mary De Costa one swordfish, Elmer E. Gray 5000 cusk and Sadie M. Nunan 2000 cusk. Dealers' prices per hundredweight were: Steak cod \$9.75, market cod \$3.75, haddock \$3.25, pollock \$6.25, large hake \$2.25, medium hake \$2.25, and cusk \$3.25.

Mackerel, pollock and herring were landed at Gloucester today. The arrivals being: Schooner Pinta 120 barrels salt mackerel, Helen G. Wells 3000 fresh pollock, Patriot 4000 fresh pollock, and the toppers with 100 barrels small and medium herring.

## PORT OF BOSTON

## Arrived

Str Nacoochee, Dixie, Savannah. Str Camden, Brown, Bangor, Me. Str Ransom B. Fuller, Linscott, Portland, Me. Str City of Gloucester, Linneken, Gloucester, Mass. Str Germantown, Camp, Philadelphia, twg bgs Skipack and Langhorne. Str Nottingham, Quinn, Port Johnson, twg bgs L. & W. B. C. Co's, 4, 7 and 9. Str Lakawanna, Brophy, Hoboken, twg bgs Delaware. Str Honey Brook, Tingle, Port Johnson, twg bgs L. & W. B. C. Co's, 5, 11 and 12. Str Orion, Doane, Rockport, Mass. Str A W Perry (Br), Hawes, Charlestown, P. E. I., Hawkesbury, C B and Halifax, N. S. Str Elm Eureka, Benner, Newburyport, Mass. Str Elm Hercules, Clarson, Newburyport, Mass. Str Elm Reliance, Merriam, Newburyport, Mass. U. S. torpedo boat Cassin, Lansing, New York. Str Samuel S. Thorp, Pierce, New York. Str James B. Drake, Wiley, Philadelphia. Str Western, Lennan, Guttenberg, twg bgs Metacomb, Sidney and Cadonia. Str Daniel Willard, Nelson, Undercliff, twg bgs Hackensack, Stroudsburg, and Seranton. Str Onondaga, Packer, Philadelphia. Str Lyman M. Law, Chatfield, Philadelphia via New Bedford. Str Ruth Robinson, Bishop, New York. Str Elm Jones H. French, Ricker, Newburyport. Str Gettysburg, Ninford, Philadelphia, twg bgs Glendower, Moslem and Merriam.

## PORT OF BOSTON

## Departed

Str Nacoochee, Dixie, Savannah. Str Camden, Brown, Bangor, Me. Str Ransom B. Fuller, Linscott, Portland, Me. Str City of Gloucester, Linneken, Gloucester, Mass. Str Germantown, Camp, Philadelphia, twg bgs Skipack and Langhorne. Str Nottingham, Quinn, Port Johnson, twg bgs L. & W. B. C. Co's, 4, 7 and 9. Str Lakawanna, Brophy, Hoboken, twg bgs Delaware. Str Honey Brook, Tingle, Port Johnson, twg bgs L. & W. B. C. Co's, 5, 11 and 12. Str Orion, Doane, Rockport, Mass. Str A W Perry (Br), Hawes, Charlestown, P. E. I., Hawkesbury, C B and Halifax, N. S. Str Elm Eureka, Benner, Newburyport, Mass. Str Elm Hercules, Clarson, Newburyport, Mass. Str Elm Reliance, Merriam, Newburyport, Mass. U. S. torpedo boat Cassin, Lansing, New York. Str Samuel S. Thorp, Pierce, New York. Str James B. Drake, Wiley, Philadelphia. Str Western, Lennan, Guttenberg, twg bgs Metacomb, Sidney and Cadonia. Str Daniel Willard, Nelson, Undercliff, twg bgs Hackensack, Stroudsburg, and Seranton. Str Onondaga, Packer, Philadelphia. Str Lyman M. Law, Chatfield, Philadelphia via New Bedford. Str Ruth Robinson, Bishop, New York. Str Elm Jones H. French, Ricker, Newburyport. Str Gettysburg, Ninford, Philadelphia, twg bgs Glendower, Moslem and Merriam.

## WESTERN MADE

## MAYOR 14 TIMES

SPOKANE, Wash.—Ralph T. Buckley of Hillyard holds the unique record of having been elected 14 successive times as mayor, says the Chronicle.

## MR. GOMPERS ASKS HEARING

WASHINGTON—Attorneys for Samuel Gompers and the other labor leaders, under sentence for contempt of court, asked the United States supreme court on Monday to advance the case for early hearing.

## PEORIA PLANS NEW "AD"

PEORIA, Ill.—At a meeting of the publicity committee of the Association of Commerce the proposition of placing an electric searchlight on a high building in the city which would be attractive for 40 miles around was discussed, says the Star.

## TORONTO HEAT PLANT PROPOSED

TORONTO—A central heating plant is proposed to serve the downtown business district of the city. The intention is to cooperate with the Toronto hydro-electric system, providing the latter with a steam reserve, says the Globe.

## WOMEN URGE TREE PLANTING

FT. WORTH, Tex.—The North Ft. Worth Civic Club, whose membership is made up of progressive women of the north side, are urging the park board and citizens to enter a tree planting campaign, says the Record.

## SUB-TREASURY COUNT BEGUN

NEW YORK—Martin Vogel having just been installed as assistant treasurer of the United States in this city, clerks are now counting the \$170,000,000 in the vaults of the sub-treasury.

## SHIPPING NEWS.

Although Capt. Ernest Ray of the dismantled schooner Henry P. Havens, looked her over Monday afternoon, no action has yet been taken by the owners to recover the vessel. She was dismantled and abandoned off Highland Light Sunday, the crew landing at Hull, and proceeding to Boston, from where they went to Bangor, Me., by rail. The steamer James S. Whitney picked her up off Minot's Light and towed her to Union wharf. A steam pump was put in operation today to lower the amount of water in her forward hold. It is reported in shipping circles that the Havens will be libeled for salvage and will be ordered sold at U. S. marshal sale for the benefit of all concerned.

## NEW YORK ARRIVALS

Strs City of Columbus, Savannah; Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen; Chatman, Tuxpan; Carl Schurz, Port Ligon and Santa Marta; Star of India, Barry; Sabine, Brunswick; Minneapolis, London; Zealand, Antwerp and Dover.

## COASTWISE TRAFFIC

BRUNSWICK, Oct. 27.—Arrd by Girald, Progress.

Cld, str Craigard, Havre.

Sld, str Iroquois, New York.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 27.—Arrd str Lenape, Jacksonville and left for New York; A. A. Raven, New Orleans and left for Philadelphia; schr C. J. Cherry, San Domingo.

Sld, schr Thomas Winsmore, Philadelphia.

FERNANDINA, Oct. 24.—Sld str Zaandijk, Savannah.

GALVESTON, Oct. 27.—Cld strs Viennese, Genoa; Torr Head, Belfast; Tiana, Hamburg.

Sld, str Ariadne Christina, Bremen.

GEORGETOWN, S. C., Oct. 27.—Arrd, str Matilda Weems, Baltimore and left for Charleston, S. C.

JACKSONVILLE, Oct. 27.—Arrd, str Mohawk, New York; Eberhard, Shields via St. Michaels and Bermuda; schrs Blanche C. Pendleton, Turks Island.

Sld, str Comanche, New York; Carib, Boston; Somerset, Baltimore, schr D. H. Rivers, Perth Amboy.

KEY WEST, Oct. 27.—Arrd, str Olive, Port Tampa and left for Havana; Macosette, Havana.

MOBILE, Oct. 27.—Arrd, str Harald, Ceiba; Mercedito, Havana.

Sld, str Viator, Porto Cortez; 27th, ship Domingo Joaquin de Silva, Rio Janeiro; bark Stranger, Matanzas.

PORTLAND, Oct. 27.—Sld, str Edw. H. Cole, coal port; Alaska, and Mattie J. Allen, New York.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 27.—Arrd, schr Dorothy Palmer, Norfolk.

Sld, str Chas. H. Klinek, Saco; Longfellow, New York.

## WORLD PEACE AIM

## IS TO BE STUDIED

## BY TORONTO CLUB

## University's International Policy

## Considers Means of Settling

## Disputes Without War

TORONTO, Ont.—The International Policy Club of the University of Toronto has been formed to encourage the study of international relations and problems relating to the economic utility of armed aggression, and to consider means of settling disputes without war. The membership is open to the faculty, graduates and undergraduates of the university, says the Globe. The following officers were appointed: Honorary president, Norman Angell and President Falconer; president, Main Johnson; vice-presidents, Professor G. Jackson and Craig McKay; secretary and treasurer, P. Goforth; joint secretary and treasurer, H. J. Duncan.

President Falconer declares himself such a strong believer in democracy that he always believed a nation could trust the people with anything that was reasonable. He held that the more thinking people there were all over the world the larger would be the consensus of opinion which would render impossible certain things that once were. President Falconer pointed out that the club was non-partisan, and all shades of political opinion might belong to it.

## SEVEN GALLANTRY

## MEDALS AWARDED

WASHINGTON—Silver treasury medals for gallantry in life-saving have been awarded to John J. Farr and Joseph P. McDonald, fireman, and James J. Skehan, police sergeant, and Henry Taylor, patrolman, of New York; Thomas J. Galvin and Erle H. Smith, United States navy, and Albert Deravin, a Galveston life-guard.

## LONG ISLAND MEN

## MAY RAISE CATTLE

NEW YORK—Farmers in Suffolk county, L. I., are considering seriously engaging extensively in raising cattle and sheep for the New York market. The movement follows a recommendation made recently by the Queens Borough Butchers Association.

## TEXAS VIADUCT NEARLY DONE

FT. WORTH, Tex.—Work on the West Seventh street viaduct is progressing so well that the contractors believe the completion can be announced as about Dec. 1, says the Record.

## CANDIDATES MEETING TONIGHT

The October meeting of the West Roxbury Citizens' Association will be held tonight in Highland Club hall. Candidates for the governorship are invited to speak.

## STEAMSHIP SAILINGS

These sailings are compiled from advance lists that are subject to change without notice.

## Transatlantic Sailings

## EASTBOUND

Sailings from New York

\*Cincinnati, for Naples-Genoa... Oct. 28

\*Kronprinz Wilhelm for Bremen... Oct. 28

\*Spitz Anna, for Naples... Oct. 28

\*Holland, for Rotterdam... Oct. 28

\*Finland, for Antwerp... Oct. 29

\*Kaiser Wilhelm, for Bremen... Oct. 29

\*France, for Havre... Oct. 29

\*Friedrich der Grosse, for Bremen... Oct. 30

\*Batavia, for Liverpool... Oct. 30

\*Philadelphia, for Southampton... Oct. 31

\*Hamburg, for Hamburg... Oct. 28

\*Sassano, for Liverpool... Oct. 28

\*Havre, for Liverpool... Oct. 28

\*Cretic, for Mediterranean ports... Oct. 28

\*Hindoo di Piemonte, for Mediterranean ports... Oct. 28

\*Napoli, for Mediterranean ports... Oct. 28

\*Tirana, for Liverpool... Oct. 28

\*Michigan, for Liverpool... Oct. 28

\*Parisian, for Liverpool... Oct. 28

\*Arabic, for Liverpool... Oct. 28

\*Canadian, for Liverpool... Oct. 28

\*Moltke, for Hamburg... Oct. 28

\*Canonic, for Mediterranean ports... Oct. 28

\*Palermo, for Mediterranean ports... Oct. 28

\*Sachsen, for Liverpool



# Stock Market Is Heavy at the Close

## SEEMS TO BE A TWO-SIDED STOCK MARKET

Tendency No Longer All One Way and Tone Is Alternately Strong and Weak—Rock Island Preferred Conspicuous

### TELEPHONE SELLS OFF

Trading on the New York stock exchange is more of a two-sided affair than it has been in a long time. At times it displays elements of strength and at others it looks as if it was utterly lacking in support.

In the early transactions today fluctuations were small for the most part and the tendency was downward. There was no pronounced weakness, however. Rock Island preferred again was conspicuously strong and rather active. Reading was ex-dividend of \$2, opening at 101 1/2, compared with last night's closing price of 103 1/2.

Butte Balklava was again a strong feature of the local market. New Haven rights were active and fractionally lower. Pronounced weakness was shown in American Telephone, which early declined to a new low price.

Following the early tendency to weakness prices picked up, and before noon had advanced nearly a point above the low. Reading advanced to 102 1/2, before midday. Steel was up 1/4 at the opening at 58 1/2, receded to 58 1/4 and then rose well above 59.

Union Pacific was off 1/4 at the opening at 102 1/2, and after a slight recession moved above 103. New Haven was off 1/4 at 82 at the opening and advanced more than a point.

American Telephone opened off 1/4 at 121 1/2, declined to 120 and recovered about a point before midday. Its low in the local exchange was 120 1/2. Butte Balklava opened up 1/4 at 5 1/2 and improved to 6, the highest it has been in a long time. Superior & Boston was off 1/4 at the opening at 2 1/2 and advanced nearly a point.

The trend of prices turned downward in the early afternoon and before the beginning of the last hour the forenoon gains had been mostly wiped out. In some instances the leaders were well under the opening prices.

## DAIRY PRODUCTS

**Boston Receipts**  
Today 980 lbs 51.018 lbs butter, 413 lbs cheese, 2351 cs eggs; 1912 2313 lbs 830 lbs 146.185 lbs butter, 522 lbs cheese, 2345 cs eggs.

**New York Receipts**  
Today 10,391 pkgs butter, 2,956 lbs cheese, 15,960 cs eggs; 1912 7330 pkgs butter, 2,558 lbs cheese, 13,428 cs eggs.

**Other Markets**  
ST. LOUIS, Oct. 27—Egg mkt strong at 29 1/2.  
CHICAGO, Oct. 27—Butt firm, ex 30 1/2, ex late 29 1/2 to 30 3/8, receipts 6733. Eggs firm, late 28 to 29, ordinary lots 24 to 26, receipts 4235.

## PHILADELPHIA ELECTRIC CO.

PHILADELPHIA—The directors of the Philadelphia Electric Company decided to issue a call of \$5 per share, payable Dec. 1 by stock of record Nov. 20.

The board at the same time declared an extra dividend of \$1.50 per share, payable Dec. 1 to stock of record Nov. 20. Books close Nov. 20, reopen Dec. 3.

### FOREIGN METALS

LONDON—Best selected copper \$80, down 10s. Pig tin ended easy; spot, \$182 1/2, down 5s, and futures \$183 1/2, down 10s, both from opening. Spanish pig lead, \$20 8s. 9d., up 1s. 3d. Spelter, \$20 12s. 6d., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 51s. 10 1/2d., up 3d.

## WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Unsettled, generally fair and somewhat colder tonight; Wednesday probably fair and colder; brisk south to west winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather as follows for New England: Showers this afternoon; probably fair tonight and Wednesday; cool tonight; brisk south shifting to west winds.

Weather is unsettled in the eastern part of the country with scattered rains in the lake regions and the Ohio valley, and clear to partly cloudy in the western part.

The low pressure area is central in the west and Canada and forms a trough south of the Great Lakes. There is an area of high pressure over the northwestern district, attended by unseasonable low temperatures, ranging from zero to four below in parts of the western provinces.

**TEMPERATURE TODAY**  
8 a. m. 58.12 noon 68  
Average in Boston yesterday, 57 1/2.

**IN OTHER CITIES**  
(8 a. m. today)  
Albany 60 New York 62  
Buffalo 50 Philadelphia 62  
Chicago 60 Pittsburgh 62  
Cleveland 60 Portland, Me. 46  
Des Moines 50 St. Paul 62  
Jacksonville 62 St. Louis 62  
Kansas City 60 Washington 60  
San Francisco 60

**ALMANAC FOR TODAY**  
Sun rises 6:13 High water, 9:48 a. m.  
Sun sets 4:41 Low water, 10:20 p. m.  
Length of day, 10:31

**FIGHT AUTO LAMPS AT 5:14 P. M.**

## NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—Following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales today:

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
Alaska Gold	23	23	22 1/2	22 1/2
Amalgamated	75 1/2	75 1/2	73 1/4	74 1/4
Am Beet Sugar	24	24	24	24
Am Can	32	32 1/2	31 1/4	31 1/4
Am Can pf.	91 1/2	92 1/4	91 1/4	91 1/4
Am Car Fy	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/4	44 1/4
Am Cotton Oil	38 1/2	38 1/2	37 3/4	37 3/4
Am H & L pf.	21	21	21	21
Am Loco	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/4	31 1/4
Am Smelting	64 1/2	64 1/2	64	64
Am Smelting pf.	100	100	100	100
Am Steel Fy.	27	27	27	27
Am T & T	121 1/2	121 1/2	120	120 1/2
Anaconda	36	36 1/2	36	36
Atchafalaya	33 1/2	34 1/4	33 1/4	33 1/4
Atchafalaya pf.	98 1/2	98 1/2	97 3/4	97 3/4
Balt & Ohio	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/4	94 1/4
Beth Steel	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/4	71 1/4
Beth Steel pf.	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/4	71 1/4
Brooklyn R T	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/4	17 1/4
Cal Petrol	49	49	49	49
Can Pac	228 1/2	228 1/2	228 1/4	228 1/4
Can Pac 1st pf.	225 1/2	225 1/2	225 1/4	225 1/4
Can Pac 2d pf.	225 1/2	225 1/2	225 1/4	225 1/4
Cent Coal & Coke	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/4	85 1/4
Cent Coal & Coke pf.	22	22 1/2	21 1/4	21 1/4
Ches & Ohio	57 1/2	57 1/2	57	57
Chl M & St Paul	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/4	102 1/4
Chl M & St Paul pf.	132 1/2	132 1/2	132	132
Chl & G W pf.	29	29	29	29
Chino	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/4	40 1/4
Col Fuel	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/4	28 1/4
Col Fuel pf.	130 1/2	130 1/2	129 1/4	129 1/4
Com Gas	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/4	9 1/4
Con Prod	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/4
Denver	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/4
Erle	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/4	27 1/4
Erle 2d pf.	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/4	43 1/4
Gen Electric	141 1/2	141 1/2	141 1/4	141 1/4
Gen Motor	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/4	38 1/4
Gen Motor pf.	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/4	77 1/4
Goodrich	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/4
Grain Elev	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/4	32 1/4
Grain Elev pf.	123 1/2	123 1/2	123 1/4	123 1/4
Harvester Corp.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/4	103 1/4
Harvester Corp pf.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/4	103 1/4
Illinois Cent	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/4	106 1/4
Illinois Cent pf.	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/4
Inter-Met	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/4	13 1/4
Inter-Met pf.	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/4	57 1/4
Int Ag Corp	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/4	30 1/4
Int Paper	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/4	36 1/4
Kan City Ss	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/4	24 1/4
Kan & Texas	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/4
Lack Steel	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/4	37 1/4
Lehigh Valley	152 1/2	152 1/2	152 1/4	152 1/4
Lehigh Valley pf.	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/4	30 1/4
M & E S S	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/4	130 1/4
M & E S S pf.	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/4
N R of M 2d pf.	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/4
Nevada Con	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/4
N Y Central	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/4	97 1/4
N Y N H & H	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/4	82 1/4
Norfolk & West	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/4	103 1/4
Norfolk & West pf.	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/4	108 1/4
Pac Mail	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/4	19 1/4
Pac T & S	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/4	26 1/4
Pennsylvania	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/4	109 1/4
People's Gas	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/4	124 1/4
Pitts Coal	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/4
Pitts Coal pf.	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/4	90 1/4
Pressed St Car	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/4	25 1/4
Ray Con	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/4	19 1/4
Reading	161 1/2	161 1/2	161 1/4	161 1/4
Rep 1 & S	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/4
Rep 1 & S pf.	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/4	82 1/4
Rock Island	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/4	45 1/4
Rock Island pf.	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/4	26 1/4
Seaboard A L pf.	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/4	47 1/4
Sears Roebuck	180 1/2	180 1/2	177 1/4	177 1/4
Southern Pac	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/4	88 1/4
Southern Pac pf.	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/4	52 1/4
Southern Ry	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/4	22 1/4
St L & S F	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/4	5 1/4
Studebaker	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/4	70 1/4
Tenn Copper	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/4	29 1/4
Texas Con	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/4	114 1/4
Texas Pac	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/4
Union Ave	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/4	38 1/4
Union Ave pf.	152 1/2	152 1/2	152 1/4	152 1/4
Union Pac	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/4	81 1/4
U S Rubber	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/4	59 1/4
U S Steel	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/4	58 1/4
U S Steel pf.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/4	107 1/4
Utah Copper	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/4	53 1/4
Va Car Chem	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/4	28 1/4
Westinghouse	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4
W & L E	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/4	45 1/4
Wis Cent	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/4	45 1/4
Woolworth	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/4	91 1/4

## AMERICANS ARE SLOW

LONDON—Following buoyancy the markets showed a disposition to react at the close.

There was a spurt in consols, but they closed a shade below the rest. Firmness prevailed in home railways, dealings in which were professional.

Good advices from your side were responsible for a stronger tone in Americans. Rock Island issues were in favor.

Cheerfulness marked the trading in Canadian-Pacific. In spite of an increase of \$30,700 in earnings of the Mexican railway for September, the shares of that road were flat.

There was little business in foreigners. Chinese issues were inclined to sag. Mining, oil and rubber securities were firm. Rio Tinto at 77 1/2 ended up 1/4 and De Beers were up 1/4 at 10 3/16.

PARIS—Bourse closed irregular. BERLIN—Bourse showed an irregular tone at the end.

## LONDON MARKET—CLOSE

Consolidated	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
Amalgamated	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
Atchafalaya	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Balt & Ohio	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
Beth Steel	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/2
Brooklyn R T	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Cal Petrol	49	49	49
Can Pac	228 1/2	228 1/2	228 1/2
Can Pac 1st pf.	225 1/2	225 1/2	225 1/2
Can Pac 2d pf.	225 1/2	225 1/2	225 1/2
Cent Coal & Coke	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2
Cent Coal & Coke pf.	22	22	22
Ches & Ohio	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
Chl M & St Paul	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Chl M & St Paul pf.	132 1/2	132 1/2	132 1/2
Chl & G W pf.	29	29	29
Chino	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Col Fuel	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Col Fuel pf.	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
Com Gas	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Con Prod	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Denver	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Erle	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Erle 2d pf.	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Gen Electric	141 1/2	141 1/2	141 1/2
Gen Motor	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Gen Motor pf.	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Goodrich	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Grain Elev	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Grain Elev pf.	123 1/2	123 1/2	123 1/2
Harvester Corp.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Harvester Corp pf.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Illinois Cent	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2
Illinois Cent pf.	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Inter-Met	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
Inter-Met pf.	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
Int Ag Corp	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Int Paper	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Kan City Ss	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Kan & Texas	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Lack Steel	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Lehigh Valley	152 1/2	152 1/2	152 1/2
Lehigh Valley pf.	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
M & E S S	130 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
M & E S S pf.	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
N R of M 2d pf.	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Nevada Con	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
N Y Central	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
N Y N H & H	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
Norfolk & West	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Norfolk & West pf.	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
Pac Mail	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Pac T & S	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Pennsylvania	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
People's Gas	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Pitts Coal	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Pitts Coal pf.	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Pressed St Car	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Ray Con	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Reading	161 1/2	161 1/2	161 1/2
Rep 1 & S	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Rep 1 & S pf.	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
Rock Island	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Rock Island pf.	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Seaboard A L pf.	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Sears Roebuck	180 1/2	180 1/2	180 1/2
Southern Pac	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2
Southern Pac pf.	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Southern Ry	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Southern Ry pf.	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
Union Pac	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2
Union Pac pf.	29	29	29
Wabash	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2
Wabash pf.	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
W. & A. Va.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
W. & A. Va. pf.	152 1/2	152 1/2	152 1/2
W. & A. Va. 2d pf.	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2
W. & A. Va. 3d pf.	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
W. & A. Va. 4th pf.	58 1/2	58 1/2	57 1/2
Steel	107	107	107
Copper	53 1/2	53 1/2	53
Chem	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Gen Chem	67	68 1/2	67 1/2
Le Chem	4	4	4
L. E.	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Northward	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2



# Finance and Industry Shoe Trade

## MODERATE ACTIVITY IN THE FOOTWEAR INDUSTRY REPORTED

Prices of Various Grades of Shoes Continue Strong With No Indications of Easing—Little Likelihood of a Decline in Leather Values

The general tone of the shoe market met with no apparent change the past week. Transactions amounted to about the same as were booked during the last few preceding weeks; furthermore the offerings still lack any attempt to place large orders, which is somewhat attributable to the fact that shoe manufacturers are not solicitors for such business with its implied deliveries and strong attitude of the leather dealers.

The percentage of busy factories increased during the month, and many of them report a growing surplus of orders which already assures a steady run for some time. In fact, inquiries along this line revealed a condition which a casual summary might not contain, as an individual canvass showed an activity among the popular grades satisfactory in volume, although margins are close.

Preparations for the fall jobbing trade of 1914 are practically completed and the salesmen are gradually leaving for their respective territories. The sample lines are well supplied with some of the new styles which have been referred to heretofore, the advantage of being up to date having become such an essential feature that to be out of fashion is almost equivalent to being out of business.

Prices are strong. The attempt to dodge an advance by cheapening the quality is not resorted to as freely as was the custom in the past, neither do buyers now consider price absolutely fundamental to conserving their business interests.

Conditions point to a firm market with an upward trend, which has no limit in sight at present, nor does it appear such as to safely allow much if any credit to be placed on prophecies. Recent visiting buyers stated that they found the situation so strong that they would operate in a small way rather than venture upon a future so permeated with demands and restrictions as it is at present.

Manufacturers of men's fine shoes state that the orders now being received are to some extent void of the many styles which made their fulfillment so slow last season, black and tan calf with a fair quantity of patent calf constituting a large part of the orders. High toes for the country and receding toes for the cities seem to rule in the sales. Reports concerning the medium grade show that trade conditions are excellent, the factories running up to productive limits. This grade keeps close to the fine shoes in styles, and it is often difficult to discriminate between them when buying samples.

Men's strong side leather shoes are again in good demand. Liberal sized orders are daily received and the future looks good. Elk shoes are fairly well ordered up, chrome shoes, either black or colors, are having an excellent trade this month, while the output of kangaroo and split goods is restricted only by the scarcity of stock.

There is an extremely good call for boys' and youths' shoes. Factories are running full. Still there is some uneasiness on account of the steady increase of values which causes manufacturers to demand an additional price for goods which call for January or later delivery.

The demand for ladies' footwear has steadily improved during the month. The orders for leather goods comprise chiefly black and tan calf and patent calf. Those for the lower grades are the same except cheaper stock is substituted. The rubber sole is coming into common use and is both comfortable and durable. The fancy styles are many and are not now seriously considered except by specialists.

Misses' and children's shoes are selling well, several of the factories being forced to the full limit of their production. Most of the orders call for early delivery.

## LOWER QUOTATIONS FOR PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

PHILADELPHIA—Quotations for Pennsylvania railroad stock have suffered this year from two adverse factors, in addition to general trend of the market. The first was the 10 per cent stock allotment announced last April, which pulled the price down from a high of 123½ in January to a low for the year, thus far, of 106½ on June 4. The recovery was not vigorous, amounting at best to about 7½ points, and practically all was lost last week when the first exaggerated rumors of the general mortgage plans appeared. On Friday, just before the official announcement, the price was within a fraction of the June low. There was a two-point jump after the announcement quieted fears of those who seemed to believe that the company was really going to attempt borrowing something like a billion off-hand.

Pennsylvania is now on a 5½ per cent basis. At the June low the yield was 0.1 per cent higher. The yields last June and now are higher than ever before obtainable on Pennsylvania in any of the periods of depression and low prices in 20 years, except the worst days of the 1907 panic. At the low in November, 1907, Pennsylvania at 103½ yielded 6.8 per cent on the 7 per cent rate then in effect. It was plainly apparent at that

## NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE'S FISCAL YEAR

Indications Are That Company Will Have Small Surplus After Payment of Fixed Charges and Seven Per Cent Dividend

### GROWTH OF STATIONS

If nine months' results are an accurate criterion, the income results of New England Telephone for its fiscal year to Dec. 31 next will not be especially flattering. The company will carry its fixed charges and the 7 per cent dividend on its \$43,085,000 stock with a very small surplus, perhaps not over \$100,000, or less than one third the surplus for 1912 and only about 10 per cent of the surplus of the 1910 year.

Examination of figures of station growth seems favorable enough. For the nine months there has been an increase of 27,600 in the number of stations, against 26,200 in the same period of the 1912 year, indicating that at least development has held its own with last year.

But the unpleasant fact is that the growth in stations has been larger in the unprofitable classes of service than it was a year ago. In a normal year the company gets enough of a gain in the profitable classes of service to offset the inevitable addition of lower grade stations, returning no net and often a positive loss.

This statement may perhaps be better illustrated by figures. In the nine months to Sept. 30, 1912, the gross income of New England Telephone averaged \$43.20 per station. In the same period this year income has averaged \$42.60 per station, a decline of 60 cents per station, proving that this year's growth has been in the lower priced, unprofitable service. A loss of 60 cents per station is not particularly impressive, but applied to the entire system it means a difference of \$225,000 per annum, or ½ per cent on the stock.

Another operating factor this year mitigating against normal net has been the increases in wages granted. At present the wage and salary list is running at a rate which means an addition of \$400,000 per annum to operating costs without any return whatever in the way of additional gross income.

The public is constantly demanding better service and better facilities and generally this means heavy expense without any immediate additional return. Furthermore, these improvements have had to be financed on a rising market for money, labor and raw materials.

One difficulty with 1913 net earnings in fact is that New England Telephone has been obliged to spend so much money. This year the construction costs will come uncomfortably close to \$5,000,000. They will probably be cut next year, and deservedly so.

The figures of gross income are fairly attractive. For the nine months there has been an increase of about 6½ per cent in exchange revenue and of 10½ per cent in toll revenue. If held for the full year the gain in gross will be between 7½ per cent and 8 per cent, or say an addition of \$1,300,000, making total revenues \$17,600,000.

## STANDING OF THE CLEARING HOUSE BANKS OF BOSTON

The individual reserve standing of local national banks, members of the Boston clearing house, at present and a week ago, is presented in the table below. In addition to the legal reserve carried here and in New York (one half may stand in the form of deposits with the New York correspondent banks), we compute what may be called actual reserve at present, as indicated by the excess of deposits with New York reserve agents over the amount which may be counted as half of legal reserve is here counted part of reserve instead of simply an offset to deposit liabilities, as is done in figuring legal reserve.

The excess or actual reserve over 25 per cent denotes the amount which might be deducted from the total reserve in both cities, Boston and New York, and still leave the legal reserve intact.

No reserve is computed against government deposits. The table follows:

	Legal	Legal	Actual
	Oct. 25	Oct. 18	Oct. 25
Union	27.6	26.9	28.9
Old Boston	25.7	26.3	29.5
New England	26.1	26.5	29.5
Fourth-Atlantic	25.7	26.0	26.8
Merchants	24.4	25.1	26.9
Second	26.0	26.9	28.4
Shawmut	25.1	25.0	27.5
Commerce	25.2	27.7	32.4
Webster & Atlas	25.6	25.2	25.6
Bay State	26.2	25.9	26.8
First	26.0	25.6	26.8
Security	26.4	26.7	26.7
Winthrop	27.2	30.5	28.5
Commercial	26.5	26.0	27.7
Average	26.5	25.7	28.4

Average legal reserve is .6 per cent higher and average actual reserve is .2 per cent lower than a week ago. Eight of the 14 banks are stronger than last week in legal reserve and three in actual reserve. One bank is below the 25 per cent legal reserve, against none below last week.

**STEEL CAR ORDERS**  
NEW YORK—Cumberland Valley railroad, a subsidiary of Pennsylvania, has awarded order for 16 all-steel cars to American Car & Foundry Company.

## MUNICIPAL BOND MARKET SHOWING MUCH ACTIVITY

The amount of non-taxable municipal bonds sold over the counter by Boston bond houses since Oct. 1 is placed by a competent authority at rising \$10,000,000. Trading has not been so active in many a day. Credit for the decided fillip in demand for this class of investment securities is given chiefly to the new federal income tax, although the situation has also fundamentally improved.

The most serious problem of the bond houses now is to unearth new issue. The state has been carefully combed and practically all of the many issues of 4s which were offered without success early in the summer have been purchased privately, and quickly turned over to investors. It is the opinion of the "street" that Springfield showed commendable judgment in refusing a private offer of par for \$1,000,000 4s, and bankers will be surprised if the bonds do not bring a 3.95 per cent basis or better at the coming public sale.

Of the \$10,000,000 municipals sold so far this month, the principal issue was, of course, the \$4,148,000 city of Boston 4½s, offered on a 4.05 per cent basis. They have since advanced to a 4 per cent basis, which in the case of the longest maturity—the 45-year rapid transit bonds—means more than a point. It is also understood that the bankers who were carrying an unsold balance of about \$1,000,000 of the most recent date of Massachusetts issue came in on the rising tide and cleaned up this block in two days. In view of the price placed on the Boston bonds, the state bonds were reduced to a 3.90 per cent basis, at which they were in extremely strong demand. These were largely the short maturities. The longer bonds were sold some time ago, so that as a whole the transaction shows a substantial profit to the syndicate.

## SHOE BUYERS

(Compiled by The Christian Science Monitor, Oct. 28)

Among the boot and shoe dealers and leather buyers in Boston today are the following:

Baltimore—A. Seibenthal of H. Pretzfelder & Co.; Adams.  
Baltimore—Wm. McDonough of Baltimore Bargin House, 82 Lincoln st.  
Chicago—J. W. Bittner of Weibold & Co.; Essex.  
Chicago—Phil Karl and H. Masselter of Montgomery, Ward & Co.; Essex.  
Chicago—S. Solomon; U. S.  
Chicago—S. W. Stevens of Sears, Roebuck & Co.; Lenox.  
Cincinnati—Nathan Plant of N. Plant & Co.; Copley Plaza.  
Cleveland—G. W. Greber of Adams & Ford; Essex.  
Los Angeles, Cal.—Emil Olcovich; Essex.  
New Orleans—L. Kohlman; 174 Lincoln st.  
New York—R. Koch of Standard Mail Order House; Essex.  
New York—J. Lapinski; U. S.  
Omaha, Neb.—W. J. Cully of F. P. Kirkendall Shoe Co.; Tour.  
Pittsburgh—T. W. Hamilton; U. S.  
Richmond, Va.—E. M. Turpin of U. S. Putney Shoe Co.; Tour.  
Richmond, Va.—C. B. Snow of W. H. Miles Shoe Co.; Tour.  
St. Louis—H. H. Hayes Coleman of Wingo, Elliott & Crump; Parker.  
St. Louis—G. R. Raymond; Essex.  
St. Louis—J. H. H. Shinn of Curtis, Jones & Co.; U. S.  
St. Louis—R. E. Tiffes of The Grand Ledger; Copley Plaza.  
St. Louis—Wm. Sailer of Sailer Shoe Co.; U. S.  
St. Louis—Wm. Sailer of Sailer Shoe Co.; U. S.

## LEATHER BUYERS

Havana, Cuba—Jose Bulnes; U. S.  
Liverpool, Eng.—Harry Boston of Henry Boston & Sons; Tour.  
London—Oscar S. Lee; U. S.  
Reading, Pa.—J. H. Shinn of Curtis, Jones & Co.; U. S.  
Rio Janeiro, Brazil—Adso G. Carvalho; U. S.  
Schneewind, Switzerland—C. F. Ball; Tour.  
Sydney, Australia—A. Brandon; U. S.

## GEORGIA TRADE BEST IN DECADE

NEW YORK—Vice-President Maddox of American National Bank of Atlanta, Ga., who is in New York, gives a highly encouraging report of business conditions throughout that state. Mr. Maddox says: "The outlook for our state today is brighter during the past 10 years—business is thriving all over the state—real estate is advancing in price in the country, towns and cities—building operations are increasing—railway earnings are improving and taking it all together business men of Georgia look forward with a full measure of confidence into the coming year."

"This year the cotton crop is excellent, promising a yield of more than 2,500,000 bales which has been selling at about 13 cents and is now selling at 14 cents a pound."

## BROOKLINE BONDS ARE PURCHASED

Blodget & Co. purchased of the town of Brookline \$212,000 tax exempt serial coupon 4s, which they are offering on a 3.90 per cent and 3.95 per cent basis. Brookline, the richest town in the world, with a net debt of only about 1 per cent, has, in the past, sold taxable bonds bearing a rate of interest as low as 3.10 per cent, and the issue just sold comprises the only 4 per cent tax-exempt Brookline bonds outstanding.

## ANCESTRY OF THE DOLLAR

The latest issue in the First National Bank's series of financial booklets is entitled "The Ancestry of the American Dollar." This booklet which is being distributed today contains many facts of interest to the student of our money system.

## MAY CONTINUE SEABOARD AIR LINE DIVIDEND

Believed That Initial Payment Would Not Have Been Made Had There Been Doubt as to Permanent Distribution

### OUTLOOK IS BRIGHT

NEW YORK—It is reasonable to assume that if Seaboard Air Line directors had harbored any doubts as to its ability to continue payment of preferred dividends, an initial disbursement would not have been declared at this time. As action of the board was said to be unanimous, the evidence is made the more emphatic. If there were insoluble clouds on the political and financial horizon certainly some of the directors would see them.

Frank A. Vanderbilt is a director, and has his own idea about the currency bill which he is trying to have amended. It may be that he has hopes that these differences will be corrected, or at least that the bill in any form will not ruin the country. Albert H. Wiggin is another New York bank president on the board and either approved of, or did not disapprove of, declaration of dividend. Among other bankers on the directorate are Charles H. Sabin, Benjamin Strong, Jr., Franklin G. Brown, James A. Blair, James C. Colgate, Samuel L. Fuller, Wilson S. Kinnear, N. S. Meldrum, Norman B. Ream, Walter T. Rosen, all of New York, and S. Davies Warfield, president of Continental Trust Company of Baltimore, and bank presidents and bankers from many important cities along Seaboard's line.

"In seven years," Chairman Warfield told directors Thursday, "Seaboard has spent \$45,000,000 in improving the property, of which \$9,000,000 came direct from earnings."

In the same seven years gross income has increased from \$16,000,000 annually to \$24,000,000, or 50 per cent. Comparison is between 1913 and 1907. The year 1907 was a bumper year for all railroads. In 1908 the company earned only \$13,000,000, and in 1905 only \$12,000,000. In 1907 the deficit after charges was \$458,000. In 1913 the surplus was \$2,085,000.

Chairman Warfield says the outlook for the current year indicates earnings in excess of the 12 months ended June 30.

## MASSACHUSETTS STATE BONDS

The \$5,497,500 commonwealth of Massachusetts 4 per cent bonds, purchased last January by the syndicate comprising Lee, Higginson & Co., Adams & Co., Blake Bros. & Co., Perry, Coffin & Burr and A. B. Leach & Co., have all been sold and the market is in a position to absorb another large state issue.

The issue of state bonds during the next year will probably be the largest in over a decade, as it is expected by State Treasurer Stevens that the directors of the port of Boston will shortly ask for the issue of \$8,000,000 bonds for the development of the port which, added to the usual quota of bonds, would make the total state bond issue around \$10,000,000.

The exact date when the new state bonds will be offered has not yet been determined but it is possible an offering of \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 may be made next month, to be followed by another issue early next year. If the issue of state bonds is divided in this manner it will be a departure from the custom of the state since 1903 which has been to make but one offering of bonds annually and that early in the calendar year.

## NAVAL STORES

NEW YORK—The naval stores market continues active and firm. Spirits of turpentine are still very firmly held at 44½/45½ cents and the tendency is still upward. No further shading of prices was reported yesterday, values holding generally firm in sympathy with the uplift at southern points where stocks continue very light for this season of the year.

Rosin—Common to good strained varieties of the gum were again available at from \$3.80 to \$4.30, with other grades holding generally firm. The orange grades appear to be in better request, but the increase in demand is not very marked as yet. The New York Commercial quotes: Graded B \$3.95@4.25, D \$4@4.25, E \$4@4.25, F \$4.05@4.25, G \$4.05@4.25, H \$4.05@4.25, I \$4.10@4.25, K \$4.70@4.80, M \$5@5.15, N \$5.75@5.85, W \$6.75@6.85, W \$6.90@7.

Tar and Pitch—The market is a little firmer in some quarters, but a number of dealers are still offering both the rector and the kiln-burned descriptions at \$7@7.50. Stocks are light, which tends to keep prices firm. A fair jobbing demand is coming forward on pitch, which continues to move into consuming channels at \$4.25@4.50.

## DIAMOND MATCH

CHICAGO—President Stettinius of the Diamond Match Company has stated that the earnings for the first nine months of the current fiscal year ran more than \$300,000 behind those for the same period of the previous year but he declares that even this drop should not impair the present dividend rate.

### A 6.60% Income

can be had by investing in a sound bond which provides, in addition to attractive interest returns, opportunities for even a better income at a later date due to convertible privileges.

Those who are in a position to take immediate advantage of this offer may have full information by asking for Special Circular 349.

**E. W. Clark & Co.**  
BANKERS  
Established 1837

Members New York, Philadelphia and Chicago Stock Exchanges  
19 Congress Street, Boston  
Philadelphia Pittsburgh Chicago Wilkes-Barre Reading

## IRREGULARITY IN WESTERN BUSINESS NOT SURPRISING

Keener Competition Among Railroad Officials for Traffic—Various World-Wide Influences Said to Have Direct Bearing Upon Conditions

CHICAGO—Traffic on western railroads continues to show considerable irregularity. In the Northwest, however, some of the roads showed a better movement, while others held their own as compared with the same period a year ago. There is not, however, the same optimism prevalent among railroad people as heretofore regarding the outlook and there is a tendency to "watch the other fellow" more closely than usual. This would tend to indicate that there is a gradual slowing down and that every traffic man is on the alert to get every bit of tonnage in sight and hold up his comparison with a year ago as long as possible.

The tariff law is said to be causing more or less hesitation in some sections, particularly in the Northwest, where mercantile and industrial activity shows a tendency to pause until the effect of the law is better known. Up to the present time foreign commerce does not show any effect of the new tariff, but it does show the influence of slackening industry. On the other hand, bank clearings are running about even with those of a year ago outside of the city of New York.

The western business situation cannot be said to reflect the pessimism of Wall street, but at the same time it does not show such things as the Mexican situation, the tariff, currency legislation, the income tax law, and even the foreign situation, as it refers to money, the big bank failures in far-off India, where the currency system is extremely faulty. These are only reflections which have nothing more than sentimental value, but, nevertheless, as the West becomes more densely populated and stronger financially it casts to the uttermost corners of civilization for its information with which to make comparison with our own conditions, as the industries of the West, now more than ever, figure in the commerce of the world and the products of the mills and factories reach practically every country.

The time has arrived when we find bankers and other authorities in the West referring to the disturbing reports from Brazil, advice to the effect that English promoters are carrying on new enterprises which are not backed by adequate capital, and that a collapse is looked for. Coming near home, that Canada is getting less capital from England than it thinks it needs, which indicates that the situation in London is not better than heretofore. All of these things are heard of on top of reports that legislation adverse to our big corporations is not beyond the possibilities of the near future.

With all these influences having to do with the world's business affairs and with the feeling of uncertainty in this country, there is nothing surprising in the fact that there is a growing disposition to hesitate on the part of general business interests. But there must be an end some time; and it would seem that before long the aggravating period of regulation of corporations: the agitation and discussion of subjects which weaken enterprise, will subside, if they are not entirely eliminated.

Cheering reports come from the dry goods trade to the effect that large concerns at leading distributing points are looking about as many orders for immediate and future shipment as at this time last year. Buyers, however, show more conservatism and the number of visiting buyers in attendance was lighter than of late, but aggregated the same as last year's. Retail sales were liberal, but no larger than last year's. Large quantities of foreign goods continue to be taken out of bond, but holders are not forcing them on the market. In other lines of trade the seasonal volume was on. Collections were fair.

The western iron and steel trade was shocked by a vague report that the big mills of the leading interest at Gary would be closed. On the best of authority the story was denied and the highest officials of the company evinced the greatest surprise and ignorance concerning the origin of such a report. Buyers are disposed to hold off, and while the tonnage booked of late is larger than for the same time last month it is insufficient to keep the mills busy, and many of them are reducing their output. There is a necessary readjustment of values as a result of the changed conditions under which they have to work, and large consumers who need supplies are holding off to see how far the mills will lower prices in the near future. Railroads are playing a waiting game although it was expected earlier in the season that they would be in the market as free buyers by this time.

Coal business is slow, owing to the recent mild weather, but a fair tonnage is being moved. Shipments from the mines, however, are lighter than last year.

Railroads operating eastward from Chicago and St. Louis last week handled a

**PHILADELPHIA STOCKS**

PHILADELPHIA—American Ry. 39, Cambria Steel 40½, Electric Stor. Bat. 47, Gen. Asphalt pfd tr. 75, Lehigh Nav. tr. 84½, Lehigh Valley 76, Pennsylvania pfd 63½, Philadelphia Co. 40½, Philadelphia Co. pfd 40, Philadelphia Elec. 22½, Philadelphia Rap. Tr. 20½, Philadelphia Tract 80½, Union Tract 46, United Gas Imp. 83½.

**BEACON TRUST COMPANY**

Alfred S. Nelson has been elected assistant treasurer of Beacon Trust Company.

**BACK BAY BRANCH**

**State Street Trust Co.**

130 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE

**ACCOUNTS SOLICITED**

**HINKLEY & WOODS**

**INSURANCE**

32 KILBY ST.

**BOSTON**

FIRE MARINE  
AUTOMOBILE AND  
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF  
INSURANCE AT LOWEST RATES

Tele. 1465, 1466, 1467, 1468, 1469, 1485 & 4123 Main



# Leading Events in Athletic World

## FUMBLING MARKS PRINCETON WORK ON THE GRIDIRON

Coaches Start in Today in Earnest to Prepare Orange and Black for Games With the Yale and Harvard Elevens

### GILE PLAYS AT GUARD

PRINCETON, N. J.—Princeton has settled down to real work now as the Yale and Harvard games approach and today's practise will be a hard one after the regular Monday's getting into shape. The Dartmouth game, while it failed to point out the weaknesses, showed that Princeton can not play on a wet field and that the men need still more drills in the business of handling the ball without so many costly fumbles.

Although Saturday was an unusual day and the slimy ball was most difficult to handle, fumbles occurred on half the plays and Princeton was much more faulty in this department than the Hanoverians. The defeat at the hands of Dartmouth was valuable as the team can now see where it stands and probably the most consistent development of the season will occur from now on. Many times in the past championship teams have been developed after a mid-season defeat and in this the Princetonians place their hope.

The work of late has not been very good. Scrimmages have occurred only on alternate days and in these scrimmages the varsity does not show to advantage. The scrubs outplay them every time which has been somewhat accounted for by the absence of several of the regulars from the line-up. However the first team has not gained consistently against the scrubs and the defense has not been up to standard. On the other days the practise has been secret and signals run through and new plays tried behind closed gates. Princeton had no chance to try new plays against Dartmouth aside from a few forward passes as the condition of the field prohibited any but straight football. The forward pass makes itself most conspicuous by its lack of development. Throughout practise pass after pass has been tried and failed either through poor judgment in passing the ball to the right place or through the receiver's repeated failure to be on the watch for the ball and receive it at the right time. Many passes have dropped to the ground while the man to whom it was passed had his back turned on the play. The forward pass must be worked up as Princeton can not put all her dependence on Streit's line plunging and Baker's open field running.

There is general surprise here at Gile being placed at right guard in Swart's place. His appearance may mean the solving of two problems—the guard problem and the need of a punter. His punting has been the best of the squad during the whole season, and after the coaches failed to make a back out of him they have tried him in the line and he strengthens the center trio considerably. His punting in the Dartmouth game showed up well and he was conspicuous in recovering fumbles and breaking up plays. In all probability he will hold this position. Ballin is just now the Tigers' shining light. He is in every play and does not allow a single gain on his side of the line. Most of the times he is the one who downs the back receiving punts, and he frequently beats the ends down the field. His playing has developed wonderfully.

Aside from him it is almost impossible to point out the development in any other individual. Semmens has appeared in Phillips' place as the latter is temporarily out of the lineup. Semmens is still far behind the veteran, although his playing has improved of late.

E. Trenkman has been practising his passing daily and is improving it. The coaches have rigged up a dummy with a hole in its chest and a contrivance which rings a bell every time the center hits the hole. E. J. Hart, captain of the 1911 championship team, is now back coaching the team and is pleased with the condition in which the men are now. The team has still to learn control for while they were not penalized for off-side plays Saturday as often as a week ago overagerness was still evident and the penalties costly.

## BIG DEMAND FOR ARMY-NAVY GAME

WEST POINT, N. Y.—Lieut. Phillip Mathews, treasurer of the Army athletic council, which has charge of the distribution of tickets for the West Point-Annapolis football game among subscribers in the Army athletic council, gave out the following statement Monday:

"Owing to the largely increased demand made upon the Army athletic council this year for seats for the Army and Navy football game in New York, the council is obliged to announce that applications for tickets for this event must be in the hands of the athletic committee before Nov. 1.

"Every effort will be made to supply seats to subscribers whose applications reach the committee subsequent to that date, but no assurance can be given that such applications can be filled."

## STAR CENTER OF TIGER ELEVEN



E. TRENKMAN '15  
Princeton varsity football team

## PICKUPS

That should be a great banquet given the Athletics by Philadelphia baseball fans tonight.

George Davis has been reengaged to coach the Amherst baseball team. He has been very successful.

By winning the championship of the Pacific Coast league this year, the Portland club won its fourth championship since 1905.

Major league scouts have their eyes on Walter Doane, outfielder of the Portland club of the Pacific Coast league. He was originally a pitcher and was given a trial by the Cleveland Americans in 1910.

Walter Johnson, the star pitcher of the Washington Americans, refused to take any pay for pitching in the exhibition game against the Giants at Joplin, Mo., yesterday, and was presented with a watch by the local fans.

President F. W. Baker of the Philadelphia Nationals has stated that he is not against T. J. Lynch for the National league presidency another year, and that unless a better man is named for the place he will vote for the present incumbent.

President J. E. Gaffney of the Boston Nationals states that he has not committed himself as to who he will vote for as president of the National league at the next annual meeting. He does state that the opposition will have to show him a better man than President Lynch if he is to vote for some one else.

Joseph McGinnity, the former New York pitcher who was known as the "Iron Man," has made a remarkable record in the Northwestern league during the 1913 season. He is owner of the Tacoma team and started in 68 games, pitching 436 innings. He won 22 games and lost 19. He struck out 154 batters, gave 66 bases on balls, hit 17 batters, made four wild throws and had 418 hits made off his delivery.

## PRACTISE TO BE IN SECRET FOR CORNELL SQUAD

ITHACA, N. Y.—Secret practise from now on will be the rule at Cornell. Practise has also been transferred from Percy field to the new alumni field grounds, where if the ground is in poor condition the men will work in the baseball cage.

There was no work Monday, although signal drill had been called on alumni field. Coach Sharpe changed his mind and had the men go to Goodwin Smith hall, where they were lectured on a defense for the Harvard game. They do not hope to make much impression on the offensive and will devote most of the time this week to tightening up the defense.

Left Halfback Shuler will be used at quarter this week, to relieve Barrett. Taber is playing a good game in Shuler's place at left, and may remain if Shuler is chosen to alternate with Barrett. All the men will be ready by Saturday except Williamson, the tackle, and McHaffey, left end.

ADAMS, JR., TO AID EMMONS, JR.  
BRISTOL, R. I.—C. F. Adams, Jr., of Boston will assist Robert W. Emons, Jr., of Boston in the management of the cup defender to be built at the Herricks yards by the Vanderbilt syndicate.

TO TRAIN AT CHARLOTTESVILLE  
WASHINGTON—Manager Griffith goes tomorrow to Charlottesville, Va., to close a contract for 1914 spring training quarters for the local American league team.

## HARVARD TAKES UP SCRIMMAGING THIS AFTERNOON

Crimson Football Candidates to Be Put Through Strenuous Practise After Work Monday

Head Coach Haughton plans to have the candidates for the Harvard varsity football team take up scrimmage work again this afternoon. It will be the first of this kind of work for the men that started in the Penn State game, since Saturday. The squad is now in splendid condition for a hard week's work and as the coaches are looking for an easy contest against Cornell Saturday, they plan to drive the players to the limit with the Princeton game as their chief concern.

Having come through Saturday's struggle with all the first string men in splendid condition, the varsity eleven began another week of drilling on Soldiers field. There was the usual long Monday indoor session during which the coaches reviewed Saturday's game and laid plans for future work. Promptly at 4 o'clock the squad took to the field and for half an hour the men drilled in sections. In this work the linesmen had practise in "breaking through," particular attention being paid to the fault of illegal holding, for which Harvard was given five penalties against Penn State. The ends under-went a drill in defensive tactics against a set of heavy second-team backs and the varsity backfield experimented on some new formations. The last half hour of the afternoon was spent in dummy scrimmage, one varsity eleven pitted against the other. All in all, however, the work was not strenuous.

Besides the squad work, special care was given to Hardwick, Mahan and Willets in kicking. Other backs and ends did the catching and "running down" under kicks. In this drill Henry Sprague '11 aided the less experienced punters.

It has now become evident that the quarterback question, which has long been considered by the coaching staff, will still find no new solution, and that Freedley and Logan will henceforth have to bear the brunt of the quarterback work. Bradley, although he once gave promise of being quarterback timber, shifted to the backfield of the substitutes Monday. Apparently the attempt to make him into a quarterback has been given up. Bradley, however useful a man he may be for the substitutes, was one of the few quarterbacks hopes; Logan and Freedley both are reliable and steady, but neither measure up to the brilliant standard set by the other three backs.

## SEVEN HORSES FROM BRITISH ARMY REACH N. Y.

Thoroughbreds Will Compete in International Jumping Contests at Madison Square Garden

NEW YORK—Seven horses, thoroughbreds, the best in the British army, arrived in this country on board the steamship Minneapolis Monday afternoon to be exhibited in the horse show, which will open at Madison Square Garden on Saturday, Nov. 23. These blooded horses will compete against the best of the United States army, and the armies of France, Russia, Norway, Sweden, Canada and several other nations, in the international jumping contests.

Colonel P. A. Kenna, V. C., D. S. O., has sent Harmony, Cherie and Deliberation. Both Harmony and Cherie have been shown in this country before, and Colonel Kenna believes that both will be among the winners. Ozone and Surprise, the best in Major M. F. McTaggart's stable, have also been sent in quest of ribbons and victory, while Captain R. M. Stuart-Richardson, of the eleventh hussars, has entered Dan Leno and Clonsilla. These horses are well known in Great Britain and on the continent.

Two chargers arrived from the land of the Czar aboard the steamship Russia. MacGillivuddy Reeks and Genga, the consignment of Captain Rodziance, of the royal Russian guards, landed Monday morning.

## U. OF P. SQUAD IS PREPARING FOR PENN. STATE GAME

PHILADELPHIA—With every man in the best of condition after the hard game with the Carlisle Indians on Saturday, Head Coach Brooke of the University of Pennsylvania eleven lost no time in getting his squad down to hard work Monday, in preparation for the contest with Pennsylvania State here this week.

The varsity, made up almost entirely of second string men, was sent through a 35-minute scrimmage against the seconds. Avery, the star halfback, and Kelly, end, returned to the game for the first time in three weeks. The varsity had little trouble in scoring two touchdowns, and also kept the seconds from crossing its goal line.

Three former Red and Blue gridiron stars were on the field and helped the coaches. They were Robert Folwell, at present coach of Washington and Jefferson; Daniel Hutchinson, coach of Wesleyan, and Robert Torrey, the all-American center of the 1904 eleven.

## RATIONAL GOLF

By STEVEN ARMSTRONG

There are those (says Mr. Darwin in the Sunday Times) who can hit a half-topped scuffle from the tee, run through or bounce over bunker in front of the green with their second, get down in two putts and then exclaim in triumph, "I say, I did the sixth in four and it's a bogey five." If one can do that well and good, but if when that simple pleasure begins to pall I cannot help thinking that one's clubs are better in one's locker.

This, on the same subject of the "Bogey Men," is from the Birmingham Daily Mail: I have always fancied that the introduction of a fictitious or bogey score for each hole has been a great incentive to the garrulosity of the golf bore. He delights in equalling bogey at any one hole, and he simply revels in beating him. But the play of bogey at any particular hole must always be a matter of wind and weather rather than of anything else. This mythical golfer, who is supposed not to play brilliant golf, but only sound golf, and who is never allowed the luxury of three putts on a green, or the delight of holing out in one putt, must often be hard put to do his mythical score.

Suppose he is on the tee at a 380 yards hole, with the ground hard and the wind behind him. He must not get into a bunker or he might not get out in one stroke, so he must perforce balloon his tee shot, top his second, then chip on to the green and take two putts, and this would be bad golf. Now put him in winter time on the same tee with a stiff wind blowing in his face. Then he will want two wooden club shots, and they must both be good ones, and he will not be up, and a five will represent good golf, yet he had got the same hole in five under different conditions playing bad golf. So the virtue of being up or down to bogey is more fanciful than real as a test of golf; for at times bogey, as representing a good player, must play badly to do his scores, and at other times superlatively well to do them.

What a thing it would be to have a bogey man in every club to whom the "score enthusiast" might recount his doings! He might then spend the day in playing bogey and the night in boring bogey!

Poor Colonel Bogey, I think we are not as kindly disposed towards him as we might be. He beats us so often we give him no mercy if the chance comes to us. As for conceding a putt at a short hole when his tee shot might have been dead to the hole like our own and given him a 2, why we'd never dream of being so generous. As for the prevailing habit of doing holes in one stroke, as seen by the daily papers, we never give him less than a 3, poor old chap. I know one seaside house where you may take a brassie, a spoon, cleek or mid-iron from the top according to the wind. Poor Colonel Bogey has to get a 3 every time, wind or no wind!

## ILLINOIS MAY HAVE RIFLE TEAM IN COMPETITION

URBANA, Ill.—Plans are on foot for the establishment of a rifle club at the University of Illinois this winter, and it is hoped that a team may be selected to compete in the western section of the National Intercollegiate Rifle Association. Major Webster is taking an active part in the plan and hopes to carry it through successfully.

Last year 38 of the leading colleges and universities of America had rifle clubs. Among this number were Yale, Harvard, Princeton, Cornell, Minnesota, Iowa, Purdue and Wisconsin. The clubs have formed a national association known as the National Rifle Association to govern and take direct charge of all the competition. Several times within the last few years the officers of the association have extended an invitation to Illinois to join.

Valuable prizes are given to the winners by the National Association. Besides these the department here may offer additional prizes. As soon as Major Webster receives more information in regard to the details of the proposition definite steps will be taken toward organizing the club.

## WESLEYAN LOOKS FOR HARD GAME

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—No practise was held by the Wesleyan football squad Monday afternoon, the men instead being taken on a five-mile hike by Trainer Hunter. All are in good condition following the Amherst game, and today practise will be resumed in preparation for Saturday's game with Rutgers, which is expected to be one of the hardest on the schedule. Besides Coaches Hutchinson and Wallace, a number of alumni are expected this week to help get the men in trim.

Much satisfaction is being expressed over the work of Hallock and Eustis, the Wesleyan ends, in Saturday's game, while the shifting of Kenan from offensive back to defensive tackle, as the possession of the ball shifted, also worked well.

## GIANTS WIN AGAIN

JOPLIN, Mo.—The New York Giants again defeated the Chicago Americans in their world's baseball tour game here Monday by a score of 13 to 12. Walter Johnson, the Washington American star, pitched three innings for Chicago. Hearne and Fromme pitched for New York.

## COACH JONES HAS HARD DAY'S WORK PLANNED AT YALE

Coaches Feel Much Must Be Accomplished in Next Four Days if Team Is to Be Successful

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—With the Colgate game only four days off, Head Coach Howard Jones has mapped out a strenuous afternoon for the candidates for the Yale varsity football team. Colgate is represented by a strong eleven this fall and it is felt that unless the Blue team takes a decided brace during the next few days, victory may go to the visiting college.

The team was given a complete rest Monday, the men spending the entire day at the New Haven Country Club, playing golf or strolling over the grounds. At Yale field the second and third teams lined up for practise.

Although the lineup used at the afternoon drill included only second-string players, with the possible exception of Cornell and Avery, the policy of the coaches to experiment with several changes was launched. Joseph Stillman, who has been substitute tackle all the fall, was moved out to end. He is tall and stout, but is very fast and will be kept at end all the week.

Madden, the former halfback, who was kept at guard last week and who played the position last Saturday, was given a new place Monday when he tried tackle and showed promise. He is clearly too light for guard. Caldwell, who has been substitute center, went to guard for the first time, exciting the rumor that, after all, Captain Ketcham may be sent back to center. The varsity was unable to score, while the scrubs plowed over for a touchdown.

The drill in the fundamentals was unusually long and severe, the forward pass being worked fully an hour, although Yale did not use the play last Saturday. The signal drill was equally long, but the scrimmaging lasted only 30 minutes. Arthur Howe was the only new coach. The lineup:

Avery l.e., Loughbridge l.t., Way l.g., Miller c., Caldwell r.g., Madden r.t., Stillman r.e., Hammer q.b., Cornell l.h.b., Beckert r.h.b., Pumpelly f.b.

## SIDELINE NOTES

Phillips-Exeter appears to be much stronger than Phillips-Andover this fall and is a decided favorite to win their annual game.

The three Gile boys have shown much diversity in choosing their college. One is at Yale another at Princeton and a third at Dartmouth.

Harvard has lost the services of another promising end, by the withdrawal from practise of John Milholland. He was also a fine drop kicker.

Princeton's modification of the Minnesota shift failed to gain against Dartmouth. This is along the lines of Yale's experience with the play in her early games.

The Carlisle Indians have a light team this fall. Their heaviest man weighs 182 and the lightest 135 with the average at 165. Some difference from the days of Bemis Pierce.

Such tickets to the West Point-Annapolis game in New York as are put up for public sale will be handled by Everard Thompson of Yale and G. R. Murray of Princeton.

Princeton is trying hard to develop a punter this fall, but the material does not appear very promising. Captain Baker and Gile are the best to date, but neither can cover much more than 35 or 40 yards.

Yale coaches are going to try to teach the varsity candidates a whole lot of football during the next two weeks. Night work for the backs and centers and blackboard drills for the entire squad are on the program.

The next week will see whether Captain Storer will continue at end for Harvard. Should he go back to tackle, Hardwick will probably go to end as he played that position brilliantly last year when Felton went back of the line to punt.

## RUNNERS PICKED FOR CORNELL TEAM

ITHACA, N. Y.—The Cornell cross-country team, which is to meet the Harvard runners over the Belmont course at Cambridge next Saturday, was selected Monday by Coach Moakley. Although Cadiz is the only one of last year's point winners on this year's team, the general average of the Ithacans is up to the standard.

Potter led the Ithacans in the trials followed by Hoffmire and McGolrick. Potter and Hoffmire, the star runners of last year's freshman team, are coming fast now and are expected to show well. Spiden, the varsity two-miler, who was a month late in coming out for practise, finished eighth, and is rapidly developing speed. Captain Kinsley also came through in good style. The other men to run are Kent, Frederickson, Ward, Cadiz, and Tinkham. The men will leave for Cambridge on Thursday.

## DARTMOUTH WILL RESUME PRACTISE THIS AFTERNOON

Conquerors of Princeton to Have First Scrimmage Since Return From New Jersey Gridiron

HANOVER, N. H.—Candidates for the Dartmouth varsity football team will have their first hard scrimmage work since their return from their victorious visit to Princeton this afternoon, and Coach Cavanaugh will drive the men hard in preparation for Amherst Saturday. Amherst has done little this fall, and the Green is looking for a very easy game.

The football squad arrived back in Hanover Sunday night, most of the men being in good shape after their hard battle with the Tigers. Loudon was the only man not in shape to play but Dr. Bowler thinks he may have the star forward pass receiver in condition again in time for the University of Pennsylvania game. Dunbar, too, the man to whom Dartmouth is giving a great deal of credit on account of his accurate passing is not in the best of condition at present, but, like the rest, will be ready for scrimmage again before the Pennsylvania battle.

The men were given a rest Monday afternoon, the first one of the year. Coach Cavanaugh returned today and practise begins in earnest for the remaining three games, Amherst, Pennsylvania and Carlisle.

## SENIORS WIN IN HARVARD TENNIS

In the final round of the interclass tennis tournament at Harvard Monday, the seniors defeated the sophomores, 5 matches to 1, two matches not played. The match between Holmes and Faulkner in the singles included a record set of 34 games. The results:

### SINGLES

O. Williams '14 defeated A. F. Doty '16, 6-2, 6-4.  
E. R. Hastings '14 defeated J. Woodbridge '16, 6-2, 6-3.  
J. C. Devereux '14 defeated A. S. Peabody '16, 6-3, 6-2.  
H. D. Holmes '16 defeated W. Faulkner '14, 6-0, 18-18.

### DOUBLES

E. H. Whitney '14 and J. J. Armstrong, '14, defeated R. N. Williams '16 and J. S. Prudden '16, 6-2, 4-6, 7-5.  
O. Williams '14 and R. H. Kettell '14 defeated A. S. Peabody '16 and W. P. Hunt '16, 6-4, 6-2.

## HARVARD MEETS YALE AT CHESS

Harvard and Yale will meet in their first dual chess match of the year at Cambridge Friday evening, Nov. 21. This is the night before the annual varsity football game between these universities.

These two colleges have had some remarkably close chess matches in years past. One year they played three different times in an effort to settle the championship, but finally gave it up as each time they met it resulted in a draw. Ten boards will be played in the coming dual match. Both colleges have had their best men practising and it looks as if this year's representatives would be fully up to the standard set in previous years.

### BOSTON PRESIDENT ON TOUR

J. R. McAleer, president of the Boston Americans, and Mrs. McAleer are to make the world's tour with the Chicago and New York baseball clubs. The McAleers leave Boston tomorrow for Youngstown, O., going from there to Chicago and after the American league meeting joining the tourists.

### BALTIMORE IN FEDERAL LEAGUE

BALTIMORE—A company was incorporated here Monday to organize a baseball club to represent this city in the Federal league. A franchise has been acquired and an option secured on grounds near those of the International league club.

## AMERICA WANTS START OF BERLIN GAMES DELAYED

United States Olympic Commissioner James E. Sullivan to Ask Germans to Open the Track and Field Events on July 6

## FAVORS COLLEGE MEN

NEW YORK—American athletic interests are today wondering what action will be taken by the German Olympic committee on the request of James E. Sullivan, American Olympic commissioner, that the Berlin games in 1916 be postponed until July 6. According to the cables received from Berlin Monday, the opening events in the track and field program are set for July 1. This date would prove a handicap to the American team, according to Mr. Sullivan, since it would require the United States representatives to sail before the closing of the American colleges and universities from which many members of the 1916 team are expected to be recruited. In discussing the conditions, Mr. Sullivan said:

"It was the original intention of the German Olympic committee to open the track meet about the middle of June. When I was abroad last summer I explained the situation from an American standpoint and requested a later date. The German committee evidently made a concession to us, but even to open the games on July 1 will work a hardship on our team in 1916.

"The Stockholm games began July 6, and a similar date at Berlin would be far more acceptable. Close to 50 per cent of the team will be college students, some of whom will be graduated in the spring of that year. In many cases it would be impossible for them to leave college before June 15 or later. To sail on that or a later date would put the team into Berlin with little or no time for final training.

"From present indications, the United States team will consist of about 150 athletes, drawn from the colleges and amateur athletic clubs, as the result of a series of trial games held in various parts of the country, as in 1912.

"In view of the new rule adopted at the recent meeting of the International Federation of Athletic Associations, which permits but six starters in an Olympic event, instead of 12, as formerly, it will be necessary to use greater discretion in selecting the team.

"According to the present plans of the American Olympic committee, the team which will consist of about 150 athletes, will be quartered in some suburban hotel near Berlin during the games, and the American consul at Berlin has already been requested to secure a list of suitable quarters in order that they may be inspected and a selection made during the summer of 1914, when members of the American committees will be in Berlin attending the Olympic conference for the final arrangements for the games. Incidentally, it can be stated that the team will not be taken to Europe in a specially chartered steamer, as was the case in 1912."

## WILLIAMS SQUAD IN EASY WORKOUT

WILLIAMSTOWN—Though Weston field was in poor condition Monday as a result of Saturday's game, the Williams football squad got in a light afternoon's work. Practise simply consisted of a signal drill, and Driscoll, right guard; Clarke, right end, and Tomkins, center, were not out.

Furness moved to center from left tackle. Turner advanced to left tackle, and MacNamee went in at fullback. Shubnell at right end and Guthrie at right guard completed the lineup. Newton, who has been out of the game for some time, is getting back into shape.



Today is always yesterday—tomorrow. The man who waits to buy a Ford until tomorrow robs himself of just another day's opportunity to enjoy life—the Ford way. The light, strong Ford is the car of today. Why delay? Buy now!

Five hundred dollars is the new price of the Ford runabout; the touring car is five fifty; the town car seven fifty—all f. o. b. Detroit, complete with equipment. Get catalog and particulars from Ford Motor Company, 650 Beacon Street, Boston.



# THE HOME FORUM

## POWER OF A RIGHT THOUGHT

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

THE world is today awakening to the power for good resident in a right thought. For centuries mortals have seemed to believe that if they only speak rightly and act rightly they have performed their whole duty toward God and man. "Our thoughts are our own," they argue. "So long as we do what is right it is nobody's business what we think."

To this, however, Christ Jesus, the Wayshower, took issue, as he did with every other mode of incorrect human reasoning. The great metaphysician pointed out that the sin is in the thought; the unrighteous act is simply the outcome of the unrighteous thought. To this pure and upright thinker whose philosophy was so transcendent that it shamed into self-accused fury the carnal

minds with which it came in contact, the sin had been committed when one but looked upon a forbidden object with longing. He taught that "you must control evil thoughts in the first instance, or they will control you in the second" (Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, by Mary Baker Eddy, p. 234). It matters very much what a man thinks. In fact, "as he thinketh in his heart so is he," the wise man of old tells us. However exemplary a man's conduct in its outward seeming, he cannot deceive God, nor can he indefinitely deceive his fellows. Unfortunate indeed is he who permits his mental home to be the abode of unworthy thoughts.

Men need to learn that there is no power in wrong thinking. It is only nothing, with no title to reality; only

darkness masquerading as light. The light has activity, power and impulsion, because it comes from the sun and reflects the sun, the source and origin of its being; but the darkness, coming from nowhere and reflecting nothing, has no power to do anything, because it lacks a basis, a cause and a law to uphold it. So it is that if a man is not thinking right he is accomplishing nothing.

There is sublime peace abiding in the consciousness of right thinking. He who thinks rightly is forever untroubled by conjectures about that which never was anything at any time. A wrong thought inevitably falls from sheer lack of anything to support it. What then is there to fear when one goes forth "clad in the panoply of Love?" (Science and Health, p. 371). Our own right thinking not only protects us from the belief that there is any wrong thinking, but it clothes us with peace as with a garment, the peace which comes from God, the source of all high and holy thoughts.

"The work of righteousness [rightness, or right thinking] shall be peace," writes Isaiah, "and the effect of righteousness, quietness and assurance for ever." As a man thinketh, "so is he." Then why not begin this day, this hour, this moment, to think those thoughts which have real activity and power? We can control our thoughts as imperatively as we can control our actions, and our speech, though the world seems loath to acknowledge this fact. Since the kingdom of heaven is within us—and this is what Jesus said—it must be a state of thought, and not a locality; consequently it can be entered only by a mental process of right thinking conjoined to its natural concomitant, right living. Does it seem "too good to be true" that we can find ourselves in the kingdom of heaven here and now?

Christian Science teaches that there is nothing "too good to be true," for goodness and truth are synonymous. There is nothing too beautiful or too wonderful for God to give His children, for He has already prepared for them more than eye hath seen or ear heard. He would never have us anything less than perfectly happy, perfectly well, perfectly expressing the harmonious allness of His being. If we ever seem to fall short of this, if sickness, sin, poverty or limitation of any sort seems to separate us from God we have only to readjust our thinking.

"Beloved, now are we the sons of God," writes John. Then surely we have a right to our share in the Father's limitless abundance. Let us stop harboring in our consciousness those thoughts which tend toward discouragement, disappointment, fear and failure. Let us lift our eyes joyously and gratefully to the One from whom all beauty and bounty proceeds, expecting only those good things which are already included in the Father's plan for us, and which we have only to reach out and take to make consciously our own.

A MODERN yacht modeled on the lines of the caravels with which Columbus discovered America in 1492 was the novel idea evolved by H. A. Moras, one of Boston's prominent yachting men. His idea passed the preliminary stage, as is evidenced by the picture, taken near Marblehead, Mass., showing the caravel Halcyon under sail. This up-to-date vessel has an advantage not possessed by the earlier caravels in its powerful motor, which gives it a speed of about eight nautical miles an hour. The yacht is especially comfortable because of its large rooms, and it is said to have succeeded all critics by its stability in a rough sea. Many visitors to the harbor of Marblehead have noticed this odd-looking yacht, asked questions about it, and if possible taken a picture of it.

Wild Oyster Is Now Seldom Harvested

The popular idea of the source of oysters is that they grow wild in creeks, estuaries, etc., and that men go out in little boats and take them, a bushel or two at a time, somewhat as clams are obtained. The general impression is that they grow naturally without cultivation, like blackberries or blueberries; but, like many other popular impressions, says a writer in *Leslie's Weekly*, this is erroneous, except to a very limited extent.

Not one bushel in 1000 of mature oysters ready for market is found growing naturally. This applies to the product of the waters of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey and to a less degree to Delaware, Maryland and Virginia. Instead of growing naturally in the majority of these states, the artificial propagation, cultivation and planting of oysters on a large scale now produces more than 1000 bushels of mature oysters, against one bushel of mature oysters growing wild.

Oyster farming is now a productive industry, as completely as is grain farming on the enormous grain fields of the West, where tens of thousands of acres are sown and harvested under one management. Oyster farming is well compared to grain farming, except that the growing of oysters is a far more complicated, expensive and hazardous enterprise than is the growing of grain.

A large oyster farm comprises many thousands of acres of land under from 15 to 75 feet of water in the great bodies of salt water, such as Narragansett, Peconic, Gardiners, Great South Delaware and Chesapeake bays. Often these farms are situated several miles from the shore, so that a strong field glass is required in order to identify the church spires, lighthouses, hilltops and other objects on the distant land, which are used for ranges in locating the boundaries of the oyster farms.

### Best Things

A man's best things are nearest him, lie close about his feet.

—Richard Monckton Miles.

### Moonrise

Dumb is that tower which spake so loud  
And high in heaven the streaming cloud,  
And on the downs a rising fire;

And rise, O moon, from yonder down,  
Till over down and over dale  
All night the shining vapor sail  
And pass the silent-lighted town.

The white-faced halls, the glancing rills,  
And catch at every mountain head,  
And o'er the firs that branch and spread  
Their sleeping silver through the hills.

—Tennyson (from *In Memoriam*).

### Flower Reform at Smith

Some one who has lately visited at Smith College writes to the *New York Post* that even a modest cinnamon rose-bud in a buttonhole was frowned on at a Smith gathering. It seems that in the past the favorite student winning to some eagerly contested place of honor, always found herself deluged with flowers. The sending of flowers grew to be a test of one's friendship and loyalty, until the flower bills of students became a mountain in the march of the best intentions to be solvent at the end of every quarter. Therefore flowers have been made taboo at Smith and the dealers of Northampton, so this chronicle of their doings avers, are resorting to a display of noble bulbs in their windows as the one means of catching the stern eye of schoolgirl remembrance.

### United States Canals

The Erie canal from Albany to Buffalo, N. Y., which is 387 miles in length, has cost over \$50,000,000. The Chesapeake & Ohio canal from Cumberland, Md., to Washington, D. C., is 184 miles in length and cost over \$11,000,000. The canal of the Schuylkill Navigation Company, from Mill Creek, Pa., to Philadelphia, Pa., is 108 miles in length and cost \$12,000,000. The Welland ship canal, which connects Lake Ontario and Lake Erie, is 27 miles in length and cost \$26,000,000.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

### "AMERIND" IS AMERICAN INDIAN

AMERIND is a strange new word which means nothing to the uninitiated and yet is really a dictionary word and a very simple one, too. It is a term invented for "American Indian," to avoid that long expression and was first used by Maj. J. W. Powell founder of the bureau of American ethnology. The newer dictionaries give this word and it is said to be coming into use in spite of the objections of purists. The term covers all the aborigines of the new world, though there is some attempt to divide between the redskins of North America and the Aztecs, Peruvians, and so forth, and some authorities try to group the Eskimos by themselves.

Thomas Jefferson, student of many things, was quite a naturalist, and he remarked that for one radical language in Asia there were probably 20 among the American Indians. This strange diversity of speech of course makes work for the ethnologist, as it is chiefly by speech differences that mankind have classified themselves in all ages. Albert Gallatin, Jefferson's secretary of the treasury, went on with Jefferson's research. (The latter's collection of 50 Indian dialects and languages was afterward lost). Gallatin found 20 separate divisions of the better known Indians. Bancroft finds eight distinct families east of the Mississippi. Major Powell's monograph on "Indian Linguistic Families of Indians North of Mexico," published in 1891, was to its date the most learned contribution to the large literature on this subject. Powell enumerates 38 separate linguistic stocks.

It was once supposed that primitive languages changed very rapidly and that this might account for the striking diversity here. But it is stated by Dr. Franz Boas that the changes in any Indian language since the time of the discovery

by the white man are not "at all comparable to the change of language in England between the tenth and thirteenth centuries." The languages moreover are not so limited as has been supposed, but many thousand words are found in each. While in general the Indian languages are better qualified for lively description than for abstract reasonings, there are words that indicate the power of generalization and of forming abstract ideas.

The languages are found to have many distinctive tendencies, one of which is incorporation of the noun and adjective in the verb and of the pronoun in the verb. For example "matnaktletine" means he opens his eyes, and "hontenustik," I paint my face, literally I make it red. Composite nouns are made by mingling parts after a complex plan. The aurora, for example, is called "Kanyiquate," and means "fire-like-out-of-loos-color."

### Novel College Anniversary

Brown University is already laying plans for the celebration of its one hundred and fiftieth anniversary. The celebration takes an interesting form. The university has invited certain famous scholars from Europe and America to give a series of lectures at Brown during the winter of 1914 and 1915. The actual commemorative exercises belong in October, 1914. Among these lecturers will be Prof. Paul Shorey of the University of Chicago, Prof. Frank W. Taussig of Harvard, and Dr. J. Franklin Jameson of the Carnegie Institute at Washington. Sir Walter Raleigh of Oxford will give four lectures on Chaucer, Prof. E. A. Westermarck of the University of London will lecture on sociology.

## FRENCH PROFESSORS INVITED TO AMERICA

THE exchange of famous university professors among the various nations is today regarded as one of the most useful influences both upon the universities and upon the community at large in all the lands concerned. The Cercle Francais of Harvard University and the Alliance Francaise are organizations active in promoting this form of university extension in America. The initial impulse for the exchange of professors with France, however, came from Johns Hopkins University. There the Percy Turnbull Foundation invited Ferdinand Brunetiere in 1897 to lecture on medieval French poetry. James Hazen Hyde was then a junior at Harvard and president of Harvard's Cercle Francais. He invited M. Brunetiere to Harvard, where he gave three lectures on Molliere. Next year Mr. Hyde gave \$30,000 to se-

cure these lectures yearly to Harvard. and in 1912 former Ambassador to France Robert Bacon doubled the gift. M. Rene Doumic was the French lecturer in 1898, and through his interest in the Alliance Francaise of Paris for the spread of French language and thought the Federation of the Alliance Francaise for the United States and Canada was eventually formed. M. Doumic lectured in New York at the request of the Alliance Francaise there. The federation of these bodies made M. Jules Cambon, French ambassador at Washington, honorary president, for he was extremely interested in the movement.

The federation at first engaged the Cercle Francais lecturers of Harvard for the courses in the country at large. These lecturers at Harvard have included Edouard Rod, Henri de Regnier,

Gaston Deschamps, Hugues le Roux, Leopold Mabilleau of the Musee Social, founded by the Chamberlain family, well known in America; Leroy-Beaulieu of the Paris School of Political Science, which receives one American student free; Rene Millet, Anatole Le Braz, A. Tardieu, Abel LeFranc and Emile Boudoux. In 1912 M. Legouis lectured at Harvard, but he spoke in English on English literature.

Columbia University has secured French lecturers independently since 1910 by arrangement with the Sorbonne.

### Peanuts vs. Cotton

Cotton may be king, but peanuts threaten to usurp his throne if figures cited lately by the Manufacturers Record are to be accepted as witness. An acre of peanuts yields 40 or 50 bushels, sometimes 75 bushels. To plant and gather the crop costs comparatively little. Peanuts are worth \$15 to \$20 an acre even at a modest yield. Cotton, on the other hand, costs far more to gather and pack and 500 pounds are needed to make a third of a bale. The farmer really clears only about \$15 an acre. It is said that Texas farmers are finding the peanut crop more and more profitable. In a dry time it flourishes, and the peanut vines are capital feed on which to fatten stock. Millions are invested in the manufacture of peanut products, aside from their value as fodder.

### Christian Growth in Japan

Among the pioneer Christian missionaries in Japan must be counted the native, the Rev. Joseph Neeshima, who was graduated at Amherst, Mass., in 1870. He left Japan as a stowaway in a ship at the time when it was a capital offense to go abroad. He landed in Boston and was taken into the family of Joseph Hardy, the father of a former American minister to Spain. Neeshima was employed as an interpreter to the first Japanese embassy which came to the United States. Later he returned to Japan, founded the Doshisha school, and perhaps did more to advance the cause of Christianity in Japan than any other Japanese. Prof. M. Hino writes in the October number of the *Missionary Review* that there are 1600 Protestant churches in Japan with 84,000 members and 100,000 Sunday school students. There are 6780 ministers in Japan. Professor Hino believes that Christianity will ultimately win the hearts of the Japanese people.

### Striking Oil in Mexican Fields

The republic of Mexico promises to be in a literal sense one of the great light bearers for the world through the wonderful oil fields that are now being opened on the east coast. Beginning with 1,000,000 barrels in 1907 the output increased to probably more than 20,000,000 in 1912. Humanity's ever increasing demand for oil seems thus to find abundant supply.

The wells drilled in this region are among the most amazing on record. The drilling of an oil well is always a circle of mystery and romance. An eager circle of watchers stands listening for the far away pistol shot, deep in the earth, that tells that the torpedo has been exploded by the dropped length of iron pipe rattling 1000 feet down into the earth. There the tremendous shock barely heard above is loosening the river of oil. Soon a rushing sound is heard and up the oil comes, fountaining till perhaps it pours over the tall derrick 100 feet into the air. It is tawny and gold and shimmering amber in the sunlight, spraying into a waving graceful tree. When the first impulse has subsided and the heavy current of sullen fluid is led to captivity in the big iron tanks it is an opaque green, and is almost the consistency of vaseline.

The wells in Mexico have not disappointed the drillers. One of them flowed 5000 barrels an hour for 100 days before it could be capped. Of the estimated 12,000,000 barrels most of it ran to waste, for only a little could be caught in a hastily scooped reservoir surrounding the flooding pipe. The well is piped before it is shot, of course, but no pipes could withstand the impetus of the first outflow of oil and gas which had to be allowed to expend its first enthusiasm at being set free.

### Tribute to a Woman Educator

In a tribute to a noted woman educator—Miss Sarah Porter of the Farmington school—a writer in *Scribner's Magazine* touches on the qualities in great teachers which most help students and most make the teacher's greatness. Miss Porter had real regard for the individuality of the student, and so she discarded as far as possible the machinery of education. She used to say to inquirers that she did not have any method that she knew of, and concluded, "I am pretty arbitrary, and they all do as I say." But Miss Porter's great secret of influence is said to be that she idealized her girls: She always rated them, so this former student says, a great deal higher than they deserved; and while this may have made for slighting the drill in Latin grammar, it roused them all to the most earnest desire to be all that she thought them. She was herself ardent, faithful, of the most unyielding devotion to right and duty, one of the great intellects of her time, a woman of deep and enlightened Christianity, and most tender affections. What she taught by merely being herself was much, but what she taught by her compelling faith in her students was more. A girl always looked back to the school as to a home. Miss Porter was always ready to write letters overflowing with wisdom and tenderness. It was the relationship to characters like this that made the education of the past stand out, thinks this writer, in spite of the lack of a thousand material means and processes of work and training that modern systems afford. An ounce of inspiration was worth a pound of Latin grammar, though drilled in by never so round a pedagogical method.

## Science

And

## Health

With  
Key to  
the  
Scriptures

The Text Book of  
Christian Science by

MARY  
BAKER  
EDDY

A complete list of  
Mrs. Eddy's works  
on Christian Science  
with descriptions  
and prices  
will be sent upon  
application

ADDRESS

Allison V. Stewart

Falmouth and  
St. Paul Sts.  
BOSTON, MASS.

## The Christian Science Monitor

Published daily, except Sunday, by  
The Christian Science  
Publishing Society

Falmouth and St. Paul Streets,  
BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.

Publishers of "The Christian Science Journal," "Christian Science Sentinel," "Der Herold der Christian Science" and other publications pertaining to Christian Science.

Entered as Second Class at the Postoffice at Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

ARCHIBALD McLELLAN,  
Editor-in-Chief  
ALEXANDER DODDS,  
Managing Editor

All communications pertaining to the conduct of this paper and articles for publication must be addressed to the Managing Editor.

Telephone 4330 Back Bay  
(Private Exchange)

EUROPEAN BUREAU  
Amberley House, Norfolk St.,  
Strand, London.

TERMS  
Single copies, 2 cents. By carrier in the Greater Boston newspaper district, 12 cents the week.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY MAIL PREPAID  
United States, Canada and Mexico.  
Daily, one year.....\$5.00  
Daily, six months.....3.00  
In all other countries additional postage at the rate of \$3.00 yearly is required.

Make checks, money orders, etc., payable to The Christian Science Publishing Society, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

The Christian Science Monitor is on sale at all newsstands in New England, and in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Rates for advertising furnished upon application to the advertising department.

The publishers reserve the right to reject any advertisement.

Eastern Advertising Offices, Suites 6029-6030 Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Ave., New York city.

Western Advertising Office, Suite 750, People's Gas Building, Michigan Ave. and Adams St., Chicago.

United Kingdom Advertising Office, Amberley House, Norfolk St., Strand, London. Telephone 9723 Central.

### Truth's Call

There is no war between the old and new.  
The conflict lies between the false and true.

—Henry Van Dyke.

## CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

### Bumble and Other Bees

Somebody writing from Indiana says that there are many bumble bees this year and that the bumble bees are all very busy making honey. During the fall plowing the farmers often run on their nests. Bumble bees are different from the hive bees in certain ways. They do not live in a community during the winter as the hive bees do. They are named *Bombus terrestris*, because they make their nests in the ground. *Bombus* is a name that was given to these big hummers, probably because of the noise their song makes. The queen of the bumble bees starts her nest in the spring, and one often sees the big burly bee with the gold bands, bumping around the cracks in the ground and among stones, looking for a place to start a nest. These bees are also called bumble bees.

There are bees called carpenter bees that build nests in dry wood. They dig out several parallel galleries, all of which are entered by a cylindrical hole. In these galleries are the cells, separated from each other by partitions which are tiny chips of wood cemented together by the bee. The mason bee builds on a stone, with a cement which it makes of tiny bits of earth and stone. After the cells are made the bee builds a dome of cement over them. The leaf cutter

bee cuts a round disk out of leaves and uses them to line its underground nest. The bees called apis are the hive bees, and they are either kept on farms for their honey or are found wild in the woods where they use the hollow trunks of trees in which to store their sweets.

One interesting fact with regard to hive bees is that though there are all these hundreds of bees at work in the hive with only a tiny opening the air is always fresh. This is done by the bees that take turns at the entrance, fanning the air with their wings. It is said that this fanning is what makes the loud buzzing sounds that are always heard from the hive.

### Lincoln's Apology

One of the stories told of Abraham Lincoln is that he went into a telegraph office one day and a telegram was read to him that brought good news. He cried, "By jingo! that is good!" Secretary Seward standing near asked him rather severely where he got that odd expression. But the President turned to the operators at the telegraph desk and said, "You must excuse me for swearing in your presence. My mother taught me that anything that had 'by' before it was swearing, and I don't mean ever to use such words."

### Picture Puzzle



What United States state capital?

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE  
Linen, lien; lemon, Leon; float, flat; pecan, pen; nose, nose; beast, best; shred, shed; guest, gust.

### Native American Pines

There are about 37 pines native to the United States, of which 25 are western species and 12 eastern.



# THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

## EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Tuesday, October 28, 1913

### Fifty Millions Up or Down

REPORTS from the West convey the information that 40,000 engine drivers and firemen employed by ninety railroads operating between Chicago and the Pacific coast have notified the officials of these lines of their intention to terminate present working agreements on Nov. 10 and to demand at the same time a wage increase amounting to more than \$50,000,000 a year. At the present time the railroad companies concerned, and practically all others in the country, are demanding the privilege of increasing their freight rates to a degree that will draw from their patrons an aggregate addition to present charges greatly exceeding \$50,000,000. The engine drivers and firemen of the country lying between Lake Michigan and the Pacific ocean are part of the general public. Freight rates have been held down thus far in the hope of preventing further increase in the cost of necessary commodities. The railroads must find somewhere the \$50,000,000 per annum they will have to raise if the increase in the wage scale be granted. It must come in part from the 40,000 engine drivers and firemen. Wages will go up, that is, partly—perhaps in the end, wholly—at the cost of the wage earner. The \$50,000,000 yearly addition to the income of the engine drivers and firemen, at all events, will be counterbalanced by a compensatory draft upon the public. This is saving at the spigot and wasting at the bung. It is see-saw economics. Where is the increasing cost of living to stop if it is to be recognized as legitimate at every step, if it is to be accepted as inevitable and met with an open purse which, in turn, is replenished from the industry of the people?

Of what particular value are wage increases of any kind if they are swallowed up immediately by increased expenditure? Humanity the world over at the present time is on a false and consequently an insecure economic basis. Industry will not long bear the strain of artificial prosperity. In existing conditions, the average worker is but the temporary holder of his wage. His earnings pass like water through his fingers. The reason is plain. Consumption is greater than production everywhere. The necessities of life have an abnormal value. Wage earners and salary folk who should be saving are living from hand to mouth. This cannot go on indefinitely. Increasing wages will not correct a condition which is constantly compelling increased expenditures.

It is not \$50,000,000 additional in wages the engine drivers and firemen of the West are in need of annually, but a \$50,000,000 reduction in their cost of living. It is not increase in revenues the railways need—they are already enormous—but a decrease in expenses. Everything is running full speed ahead, at the highest tension, at a cost in motive power that it would be folly to disregard. Is it not time for the whole world to slow down, and would not this nation confer a great boon upon humanity by getting back to the simple and sane practise of going to the soil rather than to credit for its means of material supply, and then living within those means?

### Should Domestic Servants Unionize?

IN ONE Massachusetts city there is now a prospect that domestic servants will be brought into a union, and there will be wide attention to the results if the project succeeds. Conditions in Fitchburg, where the union is about to be realized, are stated as peculiarly favorable. The servants are largely of one race, the Finnish, with a strong inclination toward class action, and the households are correspondingly dependent upon them.

Beyond this, the situation doubtless includes the features of common experience, lack of any standard of wages and of any uniformity of fitness, uncertainty of the efficient servant being retained because of the high bidding by the people of ample means, and lack of a sense of mutual responsibility between the employer and the employed. While the proposal is not novel, there having been efforts to the same end in the state, the plan has not up to this time gained any strong foothold. Its desirability on general grounds is an open question.

Conceivably there might be a common gain in the reduction of the relations between domestics and the households to definite rules. More trying conditions than now prevail are not easily pictured. The servant is in demand so far beyond supply that she is in a position of such command that it could hardly be strengthened if backed by organization. Unions would have to develop a high ingenuity to construct regulations as to hours, the limits of the kind of work to be done, and the wages to be paid, more severe than have come about through individual bargaining. To this extent the formation of unions will give slight reason for alarm. Does it follow that there is possibility of mutual benefit?

If good can come from the formation of the servants' union, it will be in making the demands and the agreement somewhat uniform. Ideally, it would lessen the extremes, would classify and grade the workers, and make difficult the imposition of incompetents upon trustful housewives. The annoyances of the present unsettled conditions can surely be removed by the establishment of definite terms and rules. It would be welcomed if there were assurance that it would bring a basis of understanding in the place of the encounter that is familiar in the present order of things.

The difficulty in applying the union theory and practise to the servant problem lies in the fact that the relation between employer and worker is a necessarily personal one. It is brought to its best state when the personal recognition is clearest, when the employer displays some thought of the real interest of the servant, and when there is the return of an interest by the worker in her task and in the good of the household. It may well be questioned if a process that takes the relation out of the household and makes it a class problem will help either of the parties. The theory of collective bargaining, the foundation of the union system, has slight if indeed any application here.

Experience will be the test both of the good that may be possible in the domestic servants' union and of the disadvantages that are, at least theoretically, possible. The results of the Fitchburg exploit will be watched with eagerness in households where unionism has been only a general interest topic.

OF ALL the states of the Union, Massachusetts alone this year shares with New Jersey the distinction of holding a general election, including the choice of Governor. The distinction of having seven candidates for the highest office is all her own and is all the more marked in that for four of these there is advanced a claim of election. There is in addition to the choice of all the state offices and the Legislature, a congressional election in one of the sixteen districts, to fill a vacancy, and the passing upon two constitutional amendments, the more important being a provision for submission to the people of any questions the Legislature may choose to refer; that is, a qualified referendum. To only a limited extent the result of the election will have significance as to party standing, the limitation resting in the fact that party lines are broken and the election of Governor is a personal choice to an unprecedented degree. The congressional election will actually furnish the best basis of comparison, the district having last year reelected a Republican and having then as now candidates of all three leading parties. All the tendency is toward a personal selection.

To the extent that a selection of a Governor on his personal merits is the real business of an election, the situation offers rare attraction to the independent citizen, who may weigh the candidates and pass upon them without the usual restrictions. The Democratic party being undivided by factions has the initial advantage, but when the test becomes personal the candidate for Governor evidently fails of the necessary attractiveness to make his election at all certain. While standing in this contest for a remarkable array of reforms, his course as a legislator is shown to have been what would now be pronounced reactionary in the extreme; but the deeper concern is as to his demonstrated breadth and ability for a supreme office.

Congressman Gardner, the Republican candidate, is impressing the voters strongly in a campaign of decided vigor and his alliance with the insurgent element in Congress, as it developed in the fight against Speaker Cannon, furnishes a rallying ground for the progressive wing of the party and for the return of the followers of the new standard of last year. Charles S. Bird, the Progressive choice for the first office, has supplied the finest example of a thoroughly organized campaign, reaching every village, and has broadened his appeal to general considerations of a well-run state government, conceding thereby that the vote he asks is not that of indorsement of his party. Governor Foss is bringing to the last week a stoutly personal claim to continuance, largely on the ground that he alone is free-handed to deal with the railroad problem, which however, loses some point at a moment when there is a disposition to let the railroad managers come up to the mark they have set for themselves in reforming transportation methods.

An extraordinary number of free voters seem likely to settle the choice by turning to the one of the candidates, other than Mr. Walsh, who will be likeliest to win, or to give Mr. Walsh a clear path by dividing between the three. Could there be a satisfactory showing that either Mr. Gardner or Mr. Bird, for example, was the one to whom the added vote would mean election, other considerations, party and personal, would unquestionably be waived. The situation needs no further definition of its bounds to show it one of most unusual character and little likely to be a party inventory, although Mr. Gardner's election could not fail to be a demonstration of returning Republican power.

Beyond the governorship, the election to the lieutenant-governorship of A. H. Goetting, for several years an active member of the Governor's council, seems a reasonable assumption, and there is ample ground for satisfaction in the prospect. Several offices are likely to follow the secretaryship of state into Democratic hands only as there is a sweeping of the state as great as that when the attractiveness of Woodrow Wilson gave him the Massachusetts electors. The Legislature, in all probability, will remain Republican. Thus the selection for Governor of the man of the greatest seeming capacity, personal fitness and probable associates of the kind the state would choose to have surround him in office, becomes a single task of rare interest to the voter who will seek the honor of the state in the honorableness and good sense of his action.

THE Northern Pacific Terminal Company of Portland, Ore., has struck a severe blow to tipping by giving its employees a substantial advance in wages and putting them upon their self-respect.

### Trade Induced by Electric Lines

SPEAKING in Cincinnati recently, Mayor Shank of Indianapolis observed little reservation in referring to the benefits his city has derived from the encouragement of interurban electric railways. Indianapolis has for several years devoted itself to the cultivation of electric traction traffic with the surrounding country, with the result that sixteen different interurban lines now enter the city, bringing into the community daily, according to Mayor Shank's statement, the trade of from 15,000 to 20,000 people. Indianapolis by no means stands alone in this respect. Practically every large city in the central middle West is now a center for electric interurban traffic. Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and parts of surrounding states are gridironed with electric trackage. The systems ramify in all directions. The mileage and capitalization of the lines have doubled within the last ten years. They represent today a money interest exceeding \$5,000,000,000.

But Indianapolis is deserving of special mention and special credit for its farsightedness with reference to electric railway development. It seems to have been among the earliest of the larger cities in the middle West to have recognized the possibilities of the interurban system in the development of trade, and it has been among the most tenacious in clinging to the idea that electric transportation should be given the same measure of importance that had been for years bestowed upon the steam lines. It was seen that the lighter railways, as a matter of fact, might be made more serviceable locally than the heavier. Communities ignored by the former would be accommodated by the latter; whole sections of country avoided by the steam lines, would be tapped by the electric.

This has proved to be the case. Indianapolis has built up an immense trade through the agency of the interurban electric lines. Mayor Shank at Cincinnati was frank enough to tell the latter city that in neglecting to follow the example of Indianapolis in this particular it was missing a golden opportunity in trade expansion. He said Cincinnati unquestionably could do what Indianapolis had

### Bay State's Election Has Unusual Features

done, and the natural inference from his remarks is that there are many other cities in the United States that might make much better use than they are making at present of the trade opportunities afforded by the electric railways. Coordination of existing lines is as necessary as new construction in many places, and provision for terminals and the systematic arrangement of schedules, with continuous rides and avoidance of annoying delays, are among the other essentials to such success as Indianapolis has achieved.

THE presence of a former President of the United States in South America just at the present hour is opportune, providing he will speak the truth in love. Mexican complications are such that, both for the benefit of Europe and of South America, it is important that the position of the United States toward Latin-American countries be defined in a way that is wise and tactful as well as candid. Whether the former President agrees with President Wilson or not in such declarations as he may make, he at least has an advantage over his own position taken when he was resident at Washington. For he is now where he can find out for himself precisely how far any antipathy of Americans of the southern continent toward those of the northern is based on reason and facts, and how far on misstatements of professional agitators of whom there are several traversing the southern continent and working against the United States. It is reasonable to suppose that when he hears criticism that has no basis in fact he will refute it at once.

In the fraternal compliments which Mr. Roosevelt has been extending to Brazilians during the past week, he has grouped them, we note, with Chileans and Argentines, as constituting a class for whom people of the United States have special regard and with whom the American republic may reasonably hope to cooperate in defense of high ideals of republicanism on the two continents. He has not hesitated to intimate that it would be well for other southern nations to show a similar stability and fitness for recognition. Sentiment favorable to some such Pan-American cooperation as this understanding implies seems to be growing. If there is to be a redefinition of the Monroe doctrine, there are many persons who urge that it should proceed from the Americas and not solely from the United States.

CONSUMING popular interest in the political, military and international aspects of the Mexican problem should not make it possible for the statement just made by the deposed United States diplomatic representative in the city of Mexico to be overlooked. For Henry Lane Wilson has very frankly disclosed what some people have known and more have suspected for some time, namely that had not rival groups of financiers, investors in Mexican lands and natural resources, been conspiring with Mexican political leaders for a long term of years, the condition of the Mexican republic today might have been vastly different and vastly better.

Economic exploitation of the country by a native oligarchy and foreign capitalists has stood athwart any concentration of such governing genius as the republic may have had on national problems of education, uplift of the masses, division of the landed estates on an equitable basis, and training of the people for a genuine democracy. American and European investors, hostile when it came to matters prejudicial to their pecuniary interests, have been comrades when it came to support of a President and a government which cared more for industrial and commercial development of the land than for any higher values in civilization.

Because an American administration is now in power that is more concerned with moral ideals of republicanism on the American continents than it is with extension of the grip of financial interests in the United States on Mexican properties, there happens to be considerable confusion now in Mexico city and also in quarters where large amounts of Mexican securities are owned.

To critics who call the position of President Wilson "romantic" and "doctrinaire," it is well to recommend a careful reading of the unchallengeable testimony that, through all the mutations of Mexican politics during recent years, alien forces have been working against stability of republican institutions, if thereby they might become further entrenched in commercial rights and special privileges.

IT MUST have occurred to many thinking people recently that a good purpose would be subserved by bringing the American home closer to the American school. There are indisputable evidences of a tendency in the other direction—of a disposition on the part of those directly and indirectly responsible for the administration of the schools to separate these institutions as widely as possible from home influences and to place them under the control and domination of doctrinaires and experimentalists. But this is abnormal, freakish, offensive to parents, dangerous to society and cannot long be tolerated. The innocence of childhood being at stake, motherhood must be allowed and encouraged to assert itself.

Women are needed on the school boards. The woman's sense, the motherly sense, of children's needs is worth more to the community and the race than all the theories put forward by all the doctrinaires and experimentalists through all the ages. Men on school boards who should know better are permitting themselves to be influenced by persons who insist upon filling the child consciousness with impressions, beliefs, superstitions and fears against which it should rather be jealously guarded, against which it is jealously guarded by good and sensible mothers. In exhibiting this weakness, men have displayed their unfitness in many instances for so sacred a trust. The school boards, at all events, need at this time, in a peculiar and an extraordinary degree, the balance that women are capable of giving them.

Neither state nor locality is a matter of consideration here. The need for a change in the attitude of school boards toward a certain class of advisers, and especially toward the children committed to their care, is not merely local; it is national, and it is urgent. Public decency as well as public morality calls for it. Women—mothers—see this need clearly, appreciate it keenly. They should be encouraged to take an active part in meeting it.

### Mr. Roosevelt in South America

### High Finance as a Factor in Mexico

### Need of Women on School Boards